# Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報告附註

#### 1. ACTIVITIES

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited ("The Bank") is a licensed bank incorporated and domiciled in Hong Kong and has its registered office at 38 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Bank, through its branches and subsidiaries, provides a range of banking, financial and related services.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008 comprise those of the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group") and the Group's interests in associates.

### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the "Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited" and the disclosure requirements of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules made by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA") under section 60A of the Banking Ordinance. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

### (b) New and revised HKFRSs

In 2008, the Group adopted the new/revised standards and interpretations of HKFRSs as set out below, which are relevant to its operations:

- HKAS 39 (Amendment) Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement – Reclassification of Financial Assets ("HKAS 39 (Amendment)")
- HKFRS 7 (Amendment) Financial Instruments: Disclosures
   Reclassification of Financial Assets ("HKFRS 7 (Amendment)")

The adoption of the above standards and interpretation did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies, which are consistent with those used in the previous financial year except for the following changes:

#### 1. 業務

富邦銀行(香港)有限公司(「本行」)為一間於香港 註冊成立並以香港為本籍的持牌銀行,其註冊辦 事處位於香港中環德輔道中三十八號。

本行透過其分行及附屬公司提供一系列銀行、金 融及相關服務。

### 2. 主要會計政策

截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報告,包括本行及其附屬公司(合稱為「本集團」)及本集團於聯營公司之權益之財務報告。

### (a) 遵守聲明

此等財務報告乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的一切適用香港財務報告準則」,該統稱包括一切適用的個別香港財務報告準則」,該統稱包括一切適用的個別香港財務報告準則、及詮譯)、及詮譯則,以及詮譯)、及營養之司條例》的規定而編製。此等財務報告亦遵守「香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則」的香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則」的香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則」的香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則」。首時報報。 後銀行業條例》第60A節頒佈的《銀行業(披露)規則》之披露規定而編製。本集團所採納的主要會計政策概要載於下文。

### (b) 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

於二零零八年,本集團採納下文所載與其經營有關之香港財務報告準則新訂/經修訂準則及詮釋:

- 香港會計準則第39號(修訂)金融工具:確認及計量一金融資產之重新分類(「香港會計準則第39號(修訂)」)
- 香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)金融工具:披露一金融資產之重新分類(「香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)」)

採納上述準則及詮釋並無導致本集團之會計 政策發生重大變動,而本集團之會計政策與 以往財政年度所使用者一致,惟下列變動除 外:

#### (b) New and revised HKFRSs (continued)

In accordance with the HKAS 39 (Amendment), the Group may choose to reclassify a non-derivative trading financial asset out of the held for trading category if the financial asset is no longer held for the purpose of selling it in the near term. Financial assets other than loans and receivables are permitted to be reclassified out of the held for trading category only in rare circumstances arising from a single event that is unusual and highly unlikely to recur in the near term. In addition, the Group may choose to reclassify financial assets that would meet the definition of loans and receivables at the time of reclassification out of the held-for-trading or available-for-sale categories if the Group has the intention and ability to hold these financial assets for the foreseeable future or until maturity at the date of reclassification.

Reclassifications are made at fair value as of the reclassification date. The fair value as of the reclassification dates becomes the new cost or amortised cost as applicable, and no reversals of fair value gains or losses recorded before reclassification date are subsequently made. The effective interest rates for financial assets reclassified to loans and receivables are determined at the reclassification date and any further increases in estimates of cash flows adjust effective interest rates prospectively.

With the adoption of HKAS 39 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 (Amendment), the Group has reviewed those available-for-sale assets that meet the definition of loans and receivables. Where the Group has the intention and ability to hold such assets for the foreseeable future and there is no longer an active market in them, it has reclassified these to the loans and receivables category. In accordance with the transitional provisions of HKAS 39 (Amendment) and HKFRS 7 (Amendment), the reclassifications have been applied from the date at which the available-for-sale asset met the definition of loans and receivables, within the period from 1st July 2008 to 1st November 2008. Additional disclosures required are set out in note 24.

The Group has not applied any new/revised standards or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. (See note 53)

### (c) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below:

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (b) 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

根據香港會計準則第39號(修訂),倘金融資產不再持作於近期內出售,本集團可選擇將非衍生持作交易用途金融資產自持作交易類別中重新分類出來。僅當非尋常且極不可能於近期內重複出現的單一事件出現的學見情況下,金融資產(貸款及應收款項除外)才獲允許自持作交易類別中重新分類出來。這至重新分類日期屆滿時持有該等金融資產,本集團可選擇將符合貸款及應收款項定義之金融資產自持作交易用途或可供出售類別中重新分類出來。

重新分類乃按重新分類日期之公平價值作出。公平價值成為新成本或攤銷成本(倘適合),且不會於其後記錄於重新分類日期前之公平價值收益或虧損之撥回。重新分類為貸款及應收款項類別之金融資產之實際利率於重新分類日期釐定,而估計現金流量之進一步增加將預早對實際利率進行調整。

隨著採納香港會計準則第39號(修訂)及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)後,本集團已檢討符合貸款及應收款項定義之該等可供出售資產。倘本集團有意及能夠於可預見未來持有該等資產且該等資產不再存在交投活躍市場,則該等資產重新分類至貸款及應收款項類別。根據香港會計準則第39號(修訂)及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂)之過渡性條文,重新分類由二零零八年七月一日至二零零八年十一月一日期間內,自可供出售資產符合貸款及應收款項定義之日期起予以應用。規定的額外披露載於附註24。

本集團並無應用任何於本會計期間尚未生效 的新增/經修訂準則或詮釋(見附註53)。

### (c) 財務報告的編製基準

編製財務報告所採用的計算基準為歷史成本 法,但下列以公平價值列賬的資產及負債(如 下文的會計政策所闡釋)除外:

#### (c) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

- financial instruments classified as trading, designated at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale (see note 2(g)(ii));
- derivative financial instruments (see note 2(g)); and
- certain of the Group's owned properties (see note 2(j))

In addition, the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are designated as hedged items in a fair value hedge are adjusted for fair value changes attributable to the hedged risks.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgments made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have a significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in Note 52.

### (d) Investment in subsidiaries and minority interest

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity, so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (c) 財務報告的編製基準(續)

- 分類為交易用途、指定通過損益以反映公平價值及可供出售之金融工具(見附註 2(g)(ii)):
- 一 衍生金融工具(見附註2(g));及
- 若干本集團擁有之物業(見附註2(j))

另外,在公平價值對沖中指定為對沖項目的 資產與負債的賬面價值,乃就與對沖風險有 關的公平價值變動作出調整。

編製此等符合香港財務報告準則之財務報告需要管理層作出判斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、估計及假設會影響政策之應用及所申報之資產及負債、收入及開支等數額。該等估計及有關假設乃根據過往經驗及管理層相信於該等情況下乃屬合理之各項其他因素為基準而作出,所得結果構成對目前未能從其他來源得出的資產及負債賬面值所作估計之基準。實際數字或會有別於此等估計數字。

本集團持續就所作估計及相關假設作出評估。會計估計之變動如只影響當期,則有關影響於估計變動之當期確認。如該項會計估計之變動影響當期及以後期間,則有關影響於當期及以後期間確認。

管理層應用對財務報告及估計構成重大影響的香港財務報告準則所作出之判斷,對來年的財務報告及估計構成重大調整之風險於附註52中詳述。

### (d) 附屬公司投資及少數股東權益

附屬公司為本集團控制之實體。於集團有能力監管實體之財務及營運政策以從其活動獲益時,即存在控制權。於評估控制權時,會計入現時可予行使之潛在投票權。

自控制開始日期直至控制結束日期,於受控 制附屬公司之投資會併入綜合財務報告內。

集團公司內部間的結餘及交易,以及集團公司內部間交易所產生的任何未變現溢利,均 於編製綜合財務報告時悉數抵銷。集團公司 內部間交易所產生的未變現虧損與未變現溢 利以相同方式抵銷,惟僅限於無證據顯示已 出現減值的情況。

#### (d) Investment in subsidiaries and minority interest (continued)

Minority interests represent the portion of the net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests that are not owned by the Bank, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meet the definition of a financial liability. Minority interests are presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Bank. Minority interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement as an allocation of the total profit or loss for the year between minority interests and the equity shareholders of the Bank.

Where losses applicable to the minority interest exceed their interest in the equity of a subsidiary, the excess, and any further losses applicable to the minority interest, are charged against the Group's interest except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation to, and is able to, make additional investment to cover the losses. If the subsidiary subsequently reports profits, the Group's interest is allocated all such profits until the minority's share of losses previously absorbed by the Group has been recovered.

In the Bank's balance sheet, its investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(m)).

### (e) Interests in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Bank has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

The investment in an associate in the Philippines is not equity accounted for in the consolidated financial statements as it is considered by the Directors to be immaterial to the Group. It is stated at cost less impairment losses in the Group's and the Bank's balance sheet. The result of this associated company is included in the Group's and the Bank's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司投資及少數股東權益(續)

少數股東權益指非由本行擁有的權益(不論是直接或透過附屬公司間接地)應佔附屬公司的淨資產部分,而本集團未與該權益持有者達成任何附加協議,以使本集團整體上對該等權益產生符合金融負債定義的合約義務。少數股東權益在綜合資產負債表內的股東權益列賬,但與本行股東應佔權益分開呈列。本集團業績內呈列的少數股東權益在綜合收益表內列作少數股東權益與本行股東之間就本年度損益總額之分配。

倘少數股東應佔虧損超過少數股東權益應佔 附屬公司之權益,則超出之部分加上少數股 東應佔之任何其他進一步虧損乃於本集團之 權益中扣除,惟倘少數股東須承擔具約束力 之責任及有能力作出進一步投資以彌補虧損 則作別論。如果該附屬公司日後錄得溢利, 本集團將獲分配所有該等溢利,直至先前由 本集團承擔原應由少數股東攤佔之虧損得到 彌補為止。

於本行之資產負債表中,其於附屬公司的投 資乃按成本值減去減值虧損(如有)列賬(見附 註2(m))。

### (e) 於聯營公司之權益

聯營公司為本集團或本行可對其管理(包括參與其財政及營運政策的決定)有重大影響力(惟並非控制或聯合控制)之實體。

由於董事認為於菲律賓之聯營公司的投資對本集團的影響並不重大,故並無以權益法計入綜合財務報告,而於本集團及本行之資產負債表中按成本值扣除減值虧損列賬。該聯營公司之業績以已收及應收的股息於本集團及本行的收益表中列賬。

#### (e) Interests in associates (continued)

An investment in an associate in the PRC was acquired during the year and is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method. It is initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of the associate's net assets. The consolidated income statement includes the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of the associate for the year, including any impairment loss on goodwill relating to the investment in associates recognised for the year (see notes 2(f) and (m)). The Group's share of the associate results are stated net of tax in the income statement.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. For these purposes, the Group's interest in the associate is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity accounting method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in the income statement.

In the Bank's balance sheet, its investments in both associates are stated at cost less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(m)).

### (f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of a business combination or an investment in an associate over the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities.

Goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(m)). In respect of associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the interest in associates.

Any excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of a business combination or an investment in an associate is recognised immediately in the income statement.

On disposal of a cash generating unit, business or associate, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (e) 於聯營公司之權益(續)

於本年度於中國收購之聯營公司的投資是按權益法記入綜合財務報告,初步以成本入賬,其後就本集團應佔該聯營公司資產淨值在收購後的變動作出調整。綜合收益表包括年內本集團應佔聯營公司的收購後業績,包括年內有關已確認於聯營公司的投資的任何商譽減值虧損(見附註2(f)及(m))。本集團分佔聯營公司業績乃經除稅後於收益表列賬。

倘本集團應佔的虧損超過其於該聯營公司的權益,則本集團的權益會撇減至零,而除非本集團已產生法定或推定責任或代該聯營公司作出付款,否則不會繼續確認進一步虧損。就此等而言,本集團於聯營公司的權益,是以按照權益法計算投資的賬面值,以及實質上構成本集團於聯營公司投資淨額一部分的長期權益。

本集團與其聯營公司之間交易所產生的未變 現損益,以本集團於聯營公司應佔的權益為 限予以抵銷:但假如未變現虧損顯示已轉讓 資產出現減值,則這些未變現虧損會即時在 損益表內確認。

本行資產負債表所示於兩家聯營公司的投資,是按成本減去減值虧損(倘有)後入賬(見附註2(m))。

### (f) 商譽

商譽是指企業合併或於聯營公司之投資的成本超過本集團在被收購方的可辨別資產、負債和或有負債的公平價值淨值中所佔份額的部分。

商譽是按成本減去任何累計減值虧損後列 賬。商譽會分配至現金產生單位,並且每年 接受減值測試(見附註2(m))。就聯營公司而 言,商譽之賬面值乃計入聯營公司權益之賬 面值。

本集團於被收購方的可識別資產、負債及或 然負債之公平淨值之權益超逾業務合併或於 聯營公司之投資之成本即時於損益確認。

出售現金產生單位、業務或聯營公司時,所 購入商譽應佔的任何金額均列入出售盈虧的 計算中。

#### (g) Financial instruments

### (i) Initial recognition

The Group classifies its financial instruments into different categories at inception, depending on the purpose for which the assets were acquired or the liabilities were incurred. The categories are: fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale financial assets and other financial liabilities.

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value, which normally will be equal to the transaction price, plus, in case of a financial asset or financial liability not held at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset or issue of financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately.

The Group recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets is recognised using trade date accounting. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised using settlement date accounting. From these dates, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recorded.

### (ii) Categorisation

Fair value through profit or loss

This category comprises financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading, and those designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition.

Trading financial instruments are financial assets or financial liabilities which are acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of trading, or are part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of shortterm profit-taking. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for as trading instruments.

Financial instruments are designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition when:

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (a) 金融工具

### (i) 初始確認

本集團視乎購入資產或產生負債之目 的,最初將金融工具分為以下類別:通 過損益以反映公平價值、貸款和應收款 項、持至到期投資、可供出售金融資產 和其他金融負債。

金融工具最初按公平價值計量,而公平 價值一般將與交易價相同。此外,如金 融資產或金融負債不屬於指定為通過損 益以反映公平價值訂值納入損益賬時, 更需加上購入金融資產或發行金融負債 所直接涉及之交易成本。指定為通過損 益以反映公平價值的金融資產及金融負 債的交易成本,會即時支銷。

本集團在成為金融工具合約條文其中一 方當日會確認金融資產和金融負債。以 定期方式購買或出售之指定為通過損益 以反映公平價值、貸款和應收款項、持 至到期投資及可供出售之金融資產及金 融負債使用交易日會計法予以確認。其 他金融資產和金融負債按結算日會計法 確認。因該等金融資產或金融負債的公 平價值變動所產生的任何盈利和虧損由 該日起計算。

### (ii) 分類

诵猧捐益以反映公平價值

此類別包括持作交易用途和初始確認時 被指定為通過損益以反映公平價值的金 融資產及金融負債。

持作交易用途之金融工具是收購或產生 之主要目的為用作交易用途,或屬於一 個整體管理的可識別金融工具組合的一 部分,並且有證據顯示短期內出售以賺 取利潤的交易模式。不符合對沖會計法 之衍生工具,亦分類為持作交易用途之 工具入賬。

於下列情況下,金融工具於初始確認時 被指定為通過損益以反映公平價值:

### (g) Financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Categorisation (continued)

Fair value through profit or loss (continued)

- the assets or liabilities are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis;
- the designation eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise;
- the asset or liability contains an embedded derivative that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required under the contract; or
- the asset or liability contains an embedded derivative the separation of which from the financial instrument is clearly not prohibited.

Financial assets and liabilities under this category are carried at fair value and are not allowed to be reclassified into or out of this category while held or issued other than as discussed in note 2(b). Changes in the fair value are included in the income statement in the period in which they arise. Upon disposal or repurchase, the difference between the net sale proceeds or the net payment and the carrying value is included in the income statement.

## Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than (a) those that the Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term, which will be classified as held for trading; (b) those that the Group, upon initial recognition, designates as at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale; or (c) those where the Group may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which will be classified as available-for-sale. Loans and receivables mainly comprise advances to customers, placements with banks and other financial institutions, and certain debt securities.

Debt securities classified as loans and receivables are not quoted in an active market. Investment decisions for such debt securities are subject to the same credit approval processes as loans, and the Group bears the same customer risk as it does for loans extended to those customers. These debt securities include subordinated debt instruments and senior debt instruments issued by customers.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (g) 金融工具(續)

### (ii) 分類(續)

通過損益以反映公平價值(續)

- 資產或負債以公平價值基準作內部管理、評估及滙報;
- 有關的指定可消除或大幅減少會計 錯配的發生;
- 資產或負債包含一項嵌入衍生工 具,該衍生工具可大幅改變合同規 定的現金流量:或
- 資產或負債包含一項嵌入衍生工 具,嵌入衍生工具可以從金融工具 分離。

屬於此類別的金融資產和負債按公平價值入賬,且除附註2(b)所討論者外,於所持或發行時並不可重新分類入此類別或自此類別中重新分類。公平價值變動計入在發生期內的收益表。於出售或購回時,出售所得淨款項或償付淨額與賬面值的差額計入收益表。

### 貸款和應收款項

貸款和應收款項為具固定或可確定付款金額及沒有活躍市場報價的非衍生金融資產,但不包括(a)本集團有計劃即時或於短期內出售而被區分為持作交易用途:(b)於初始確認時已被本集團指定為通過(c)本集團可能無法收回大部分初始投資而將分類為可供出售資產,但不包括因信用惡化的原因而納入此項類別之資產。貸款和應收款項主要包括向客戶所提供的貸款及存放於銀行及其他金融機構之放款,以及若干債務證券。

分類為貸款和應收款項的債務證券並無 於活躍市場報價。作出與該等債務證券 有關的投資決定與貸款的信貸審批程序 相同,本集團須承擔等同向該等客戶授 出貸款的相同客戶風險。此類債務證券 包括由客戶發行的後償債務工具及優先 債務工具。

#### (g) Financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Categorisation (continued)

Loans and receivables (continued)

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(m)). Cash rebates granted in relation to residential mortgage loans are capitalised and amortised to the income statement over their expected life.

### Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity, other than (a) those that the Group, upon initial recognition, designates as at fair value through profit or loss or as available-for-sale; and (b) those that meet the definition of loans and receivables.

Held-to-maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(m)).

### Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either designated as available-for-sale or do not meet the requirements of any of the other three categories above. They include financial assets intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, but which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in the market environment.

Available-for-sale financial assets are carried at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised directly in the investment revaluation reserve, except for impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary items such as debt securities which are recognised in the income statement.

Investments in equity instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such equity instruments are carried at cost less impairment losses, if any (see note 2(m)).

When the available-for-sale financial assets are sold, gains or losses on disposal include the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying value, and the accumulated fair value adjustments in equity which are released from the investment revaluation reserve

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (a) 金融工具(續)

### (ii) 分類(續)

#### 貸款和應收款項(續)

貸款和應收款項採用實際利率方法減去 減值虧損(如有)後按攤銷成本列賬(見附 註2(m))。現金回贈予住宅按揭貸款予已 資本化, 並以其預計期限在收益表內作 出攤銷。

#### 持至到期投資

持至到期投資包括有固定或可確定付款 金額及有固定到期日,且本集團有明確 意向和能力持至到期的非衍生金融資 產,但不包括(a)本集團於初始確認時指 定為通過損益以反映公平價值或可供出 售,及(b)符合貸款和應收款項定義之項 日。

持至到期投資採用實際利率方法減去減 值虧損(如有)後按攤銷成本列賬(見附註 2(m)) °

### 可供出售金融資產

可供出售金融資產為指定為可供出售, 或是上述任何其他三個類別以外之非衍 生金融資產。彼等包括無固定持有限期 之金融資產,但亦可因應流動資金之需 要或市場環境變化而出售。

可供出售金融資產以公平價值列賬。因 公平價值變動引致之未變現盈利和虧損 直接在投資重估儲備內確認,惟債務證 券等貨幣項目之減值虧損及外滙盈利和 虧損須於收益表內確認。

公平價值不能可靠計算的股本投資工 具,及與該等股本工具掛鈎以及必須透 過交付該等工具進行交收之衍生工具, 均按成本減去減值虧損(如有)列賬(見附 註2(m))。

當出售可供出售金融資產時,出售盈利 或虧損包括出售所得淨款項與賬面值的 差額,及股本中來自投資重估儲備之累 計公平價值調整。

#### (g) Financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Categorisation (continued)

Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, other than trading liabilities and those designated at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### (iii) Fair value measurement principles

The fair value of financial instruments is based on their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at current bid prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current asking prices.

If there is no publicly available latest traded price nor a quoted market price on a recognised stock exchange, a price from a broker/dealer for non-exchange-traded financial instruments is used. If the market for it is not active, the fair value of the instrument is estimated using a valuation technique that provide a reliable estimate of the price which could be obtained in an actual market transaction.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the balance sheet date applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions. Where other pricing models are used, inputs are based on market data at the balance sheet date.

### (iv) Derecognition

A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or where the financial asset together with substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership, have been transferred.

The Group uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses to be recognised in the income statement on derecognition.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### (v) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (a) 金融工具(續)

### (ii) 分類(續)

### 其他金融負債

除交易賬項下負債及該等被指定為通過 損益以反映公平價值之負債外,其他金 融負債採用實際利率方法計算攤銷成本 入賬。

### (iii) 計量公平價值之原則

金融工具的公平價值是於結算日根據其 市場報價但未減除將來的估計出售成 本。金融資產按買入現價作價,而金融 負債則按賣出現價作價。

如並沒有認可交易所的最新公開成交價 或市場報價,經紀/交易商亦無作出非 交易所買賣金融工具的報價,或若其市 場並不流通,此工具的公平價值按估值 模式計算,而該估值模式可根據市場實 際交易而提供可靠的估計價格。

當採用現金流折算計價模式,需依據管理層對日後現金流量之估計,並採用在結算日具相近條款及條件的工具所適用之市場利率作為折算率。當採用其他計價模式時,輸入資料是在結算日的市場數據。

### (iv) 終止確認

當收取金融資產現金流量之合約權利到期時或者該金融資產連同擁有權之所有風險或回報已被轉移時,金融資產將被終止確認。

本集團採用加權平均法來釐定在終止確 認時將於溢利或虧損內確認之已實現盈 利和虧損。

當合約的義務已被履行、取消或期滿,本集團終止確認該金融負債。

## (v) 對銷

若存在一項可依法強制執行的權利可對 銷列賬金額,且亦有意以淨額結算或同 時變現資產及償付債務,則金融資產及 金融負債均予對銷,並把淨金額列入資 產負債表內。

#### (g) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (vi) Embedded derivatives

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that includes both the derivative and a host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a standalone derivative. The embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative when (i) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract; and (ii) the hybrid instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement.

When the embedded derivative is separated, the host contract is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policies for financial instruments. The embedded derivative is classified as a derivative financial instrument in the financial statements.

### (h) Repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions

Securities sold subject to an agreement to repurchase these securities at a certain later date at a fixed price (repurchase agreement) are retained in the financial statements and measured in accordance with their original measurement principles. The proceeds from the sale are reported as liabilities and are carried at amortised cost.

Securities purchased under agreement to resell (reverse repurchase agreements) are reported as receivables and are carried in the balance sheet at amortised cost.

Interest earned on reverse repurchase agreements and interest incurred on repurchase agreements is recognised as interest income and interest expense respectively over the life of each agreement using the effective interest rate method.

### (i) Hedging

Hedge accounting recognises the offsetting effects on profit or loss of changes in the fair values of the hedging instruments and the hedged items. The Group assesses and documents whether the financial instruments that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values of hedged items attributable to the hedged risks both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis. Under HKAS 39 hedge accounting is classified into three categories: (a) fair value hedges; (b) cash flow hedges and (c) net investment hedges. The Group only applies hedge accounting for fair value hedges of its subordinated notes programme (note 38) and certain fixed rate bond investments.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (g) 金融工具(續)

### (vi) 嵌入式衍生工具

嵌入式衍生工具是組成混合工具之一部分,而該工具同時包括衍生工具及主治約,其影響是組合工具之部分現金流動與獨立之衍生工具以相近之方式變動。則獨立之衍生工具符合下列條件時上工具符合的分開,並將其作為衍生工具的經濟特徵和風險與主合約的經濟特徵和風險沒不是按公平人間,公平價值的變動亦不是在收益表內確認。

當嵌入式衍生工具被分開時,主合約根據金融工具之會計政策入賬。嵌入式衍生工具分類為衍生金融工具列入財務報生。

### (h) 回購交易和反向回購交易

在售出後某特定時間需以固定價格回購該等證券即為根據回購協議售出之證券。此等證券會保留在財務報告內並根據該等證券之原來計量原則計量。出售所得款項乃列作負債並列入報告及以攤銷成本列賬。

根據轉售協議(反向回購協議)購買之證券乃作為應收款項按攤銷成本計入資產負債表。

反向回購協議所賺取之利息與回購協議產生 之利息,分別於各個協議有效期間採用實際 利率法確認為利息收入及利息開支。

### (i) 對沖

對沖會計處理確認對沖工具及對沖項目之公平價值變動對溢利或虧損之抵銷效應。本集團於對沖交易開始時及於日後繼續評估對沖交易中採用之對沖工具是否能高度有效地抵銷對沖項目因應指定利率風險所引致之公平價值變動,並將有關評估記錄。根據香港會計準則第39號,對沖會計處理分為三類:(a)公平價值對沖。本集團僅對其後償票據計劃(附註38)及若干定息債券的公平價值對沖應用對沖會計處理。

#### (i) Hedging (continued)

The Group discontinues prospectively hedge accounting when (a) the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised; (b) the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting; or (c) the Group revokes the designation.

### (i) Fair value hedge

A fair value hedge seeks to offset risks of changes in the fair value of recognised assets and liabilities that will give rise to a gain or loss being recognised in the income statement.

The hedging instruments are measured at fair value, with fair value changes recognised in the income statement. The carrying amounts of the hedged items are adjusted by the change in fair value attributable to the risk being hedged. These adjustments are recognised in the income statement to offset the effect of gains or losses on the hedging instruments.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, or the Group revokes designation of the hedge relationship, any adjustment up to that point, to a hedged item for which the effective interest rate method is used, is amortised to the income statement as part of the recalculated effective interest rate of the item over its remaining life.

### (ii) Hedge effectiveness testing

In order to qualify for hedge accounting, the Group carries out prospective effectiveness testing to demonstrate that it expects the hedge to be highly effective at the inception of the hedge and throughout its life. Actual effectiveness (retrospective effectiveness) is also demonstrated on an ongoing basis.

The documentation of each hedging relationship sets out how the effectiveness of the hedge is assessed. The method which the Group adopts for assessing hedge effectiveness will depend on its risk management strategy.

For fair value hedge relationships, the Group utilises the cumulative dollar offset method as the effectiveness testing methodology for retrospective testing. For prospective effectiveness, the hedging instruments must be expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value attributable to the hedged risk during the period for which the hedge is designated and is typically demonstrated through matching of critical terms. For actual effectiveness, the hedging instrument should demonstrate that it is highly effective in offsetting changes in fair value attributable to the hedged risk. The Group considers that where changes in fair value offset each other in the range of 80 per cent to 125 percent the hedge is highly effective.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (i) 對沖(續)

倘(a)對沖工具到期或被出售、終止或行使; (b)對沖不再符合對沖會計處理的準則;或(c) 本集團撤回指定,本集團便會分別終止對沖會計處理。

### (i) 公平價值對沖

公平價值對沖目的是為抵銷已確認資產 及負債的公平價值變動之風險(該等變動 將導致須在收益表內確認損益)。

對沖工具按公平價值列賬,其公平價值 變動於收益表內確認。對沖項目之賬面 數額按所對沖之風險所導致公平價值變 動作出調整。此等調整在收益表內確 認,以抵銷對沖工具所產生之損益之影 響。

當對沖工具到期或被出售、終止或被行使,對沖不再符合對沖會計法的標準,或本集團撤銷了指定的對沖關係時,截至當時為止對使用實際利率法計算的被對沖項目的任何調整,會在收益表內攤銷,作為在該項目的剩餘期間重新計算其實際利率的一部分。

### (ii) 對沖有效性測試

為符合對沖會計法,本集團於初始訂立 對沖時指定對沖工具,亦於初始訂立對 沖時及於其整段年期內進行預計有效性 評估測試,以證明該項對沖交易能高度 有效地發揮預期對沖功能。本集團亦持 續地為對沖之實際有效性進行追溯有效 性測試。

每項對沖關係均備有詳細文件載列該項 對沖有效性之評估方法。本集團就評估 對沖的有效性而採用的方法取決於其風 險管理策略。

就公平價值對沖關係而言,本集團使用 累計價值抵銷法作為追溯測試的有效性 測試方法。就預計有效性而言,對沖工 具必須被預期為在指定對沖期間內之 價值變動,通常通過配對關鍵條款顯 價值變動,通常層內效性而言,對沖工高 不效性。就實際有效性而言,對沖工 必須能夠顯示能夠高度有效地抵銷所對 必須能夠顯示能夠高度有效地抵銷則認 必須能夠顯示能夠高度有效地抵針則 沖風險導致之公平價值變動。本在 內 一百分之一百二十五的範圍內才被 視為有效。

#### (i) Other property and equipment

The Group's leasehold land and buildings are held under operating leases and, in the absence of reliable information to allow separation of the land and buildings components under the leases, the land and buildings are accounted for as properties under HKAS 16, 'Property, Plant and Equipment' issued by the HKICPA.

In addition, certain of the Group's leasehold land and premises have been included at Directors' valuation made having regard to independent professional valuations carried out in November 1989. The surplus arising on revaluation was credited to the revaluation reserve. Additions to revalued premises made subsequent to the revaluation are included at cost. Premises which have not been the subject of revaluation are included at cost. The revaluation reserve arising from the November 1989 revaluation was transferred to the capital redemption reserve when the Bank redeemed its "A" and "B" preference shares in 1991 and 1992.

In preparing these financial statements, advantage has been taken of the transitional provisions in paragraph 80A of HKAS 16 with the effect that premises have not been revalued to fair value at the balance sheet date. It is not the Directors' present intention to revalue the premises in the future.

Subsequent expenditure relating to a fixed asset that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the assets when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset, will flow to the Group. All other subsequent expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of fixed assets are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in the income statement on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of items of property and equipment using the straight line method over the estimated useful lives as follows:

- Buildings situated on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the unexpired term of the lease and their estimated useful lives, being no less than 2% per annum after the date of completion.
- Furniture and equipment are generally depreciated over periods between three to ten years.

Where parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (i) 其他物業及設備

本集團之租賃土地及樓宇根據經營租約及持 有,在無可靠資料以允許根據租約分開土地 和樓宇之組成部分情況下,土地及樓宇根據 香港會計師公會頒佈之香港會計準則第16號 「物業、廠房及設備」作為物業入賬。

此外,本集團有若干租賃土地及物業已包括 在董事編製之估值(已考慮於一九八九年十一 月進行之獨立專業估值)。因重新估值而產 生之盈餘已撥入估值儲備。獲重估之物業於 重新估值後按成本包括在內。毋須重估之物 業按成本包括在內。當本行於一九九一年和 一九九二年贖回「A」類和「B」類優先股後, 因一九八九年十一月重新估值而產生之重估 儲備已轉撥至資本贖回儲備內。

在編製此等財務報告時,本集團已應用香港 會計準則第16號第80A段之過渡性條文,其 影響為物業於結算日並無被重新估值為公平 價值。董事現時無意將來對物業進行重新估 值。

倘若該筆後續費用能產生未來經濟收益(超出 現有資產之初始評定之表現標準)予本集團, 該筆後續費用會附加在相關並已被確認資產 之賬面值。所有其他後續費用於其產生期間 被確認為開支。

固定資產報廢或出售固定資產的盈虧乃根據 有關資產出售所得款項淨額與其賬面數額之 差額而釐定,並於報廢或出售當日於收益表 內確認。

物業和設備項目於預計可用期限內以直線法 撇銷成本或估值以計算折舊如下:

- 於完成日期後,座落在租賃土地之樓宇 於租約餘下期間或其預計可用期限之較 短期間,每年以不低於2%折舊。
- 傢俱和設備一般於三至十年之期間折舊。

當物業和設備項目之部件有不同使用期限 時,每個部件須分開折舊。資產之使用期限 及其殘值(如有)均須每年進行複核。

### (k) Leases and hire purchase contracts

### (i) Classification of leased assets

Leases which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as operating leases.

### (ii) Finance leases

Where the Group is a lessor under finance leases, an amount representing the net investment in the lease is included in the balance sheet as advances to customers. Hire purchase contracts having the characteristics of finance leases are accounted for in the same manner as finance leases. Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy for impairment (see note 2(m)).

### (iii) Operating leases

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to the income statement in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease terms, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be delivered from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the aggregated net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to the income statement in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

### (I) Repossessed assets

During the recovery of impaired advances to customers, the Group may take repossession of assets held as collateral through court proceedings or voluntary delivery of possession by the borrowers. Where it is intended to achieve an orderly realisation of the impaired assets and the Group is no longer seeking repayment from the borrower, repossessed assets are reported in "Accrued interest and other accounts" and the relevant loans and advances are derecognised. The Group does not hold repossessed assets for its own use.

Repossessed assets are recorded at the lower of the amount of the related loans and advances and fair value less costs to sell at the date of exchange. They are not depreciated or amortised.

Impairment losses on initial classification and subsequent remeasurement are recognised in the income statement.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (k) 租約及租購合約

#### (i) 租賃資產分類

凡將擁有權之絕大部分風險與回報轉移 至出租人之租約均列為融資租約。未將 擁有權之絕大部分風險與回報轉由承租 人承擔之租約列為經營租約。

#### (ii) 融資租約

凡本集團根據融資租約為承租人時,相當於租約中投資淨額之款項作為客戶貸款包括於資產負債表內。具有融資租約特徵之租購合約以同樣方式列賬為融資租約。減值虧損根據減值之會計政策入賬(見附註2(m))。

### (iii) 經營租約

凡本集團根據經營租約擁有所持資產之 使用權時,則根據租約作出的付款會在 租賃期所涵蓋的會計期間內,以相同的 分期款項在收益表扣除;惟倘有其他基 準能更清楚地反映租賃資產所產生的收 益模式則除外。租賃協議所涉及的鼓勵 措施均在收益表中確認為租賃淨付款總 額的組成部分。或然租金在其產生的會 計期間內在收益表扣除。

經營租約所持有土地之收購成本乃於租 賃期內以直線法攤銷。

### (I) 收回資產

於收回已減值客戶貸款期間,本集團可能透過法院訴訟或由借方自願交付財產收回持作抵押之資產。倘預期減值資產將有秩序地變現及本集團不再尋求借方還款時,收回資產在報告內呈列為「應計利息及其他賬目」,而相關借款及貸款則撤銷確認。本集團並無收回資產作自用。

收回資產按相關借款及貸款之款額及公平價值減出售成本之較低者於交易日期記錄,且 並不折舊或攤銷。

初始分類之減值虧損以及其後之重新計量於 收益表內確認。

### (m) Impairment of assets

The carrying amount of the Group's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events which has an impact on the future cash flows on the assets that can be estimated reliably:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or borrower;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- Significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the borrower.
- Disappearance of an active market for financial assets because of financial difficulties; and
- A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, the carrying amount is reduced to the estimated recoverable amount by means of a charge to the income statement.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of advances to customers, which are measured at amortised cost, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against advances to customers directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that borrower are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in the income statement.

### (i) Loans and receivables

Impairment losses on loans and receivables are measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets). Receivables with a short duration are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial.

The total allowance for credit losses consists of two components: individual impairment allowances, and collective impairment allowances.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 資產減值

本集團之資產賬面值於每個結算日進行審 閱,以釐定是否有減值之客觀證據。金融資 產減值的客觀證據包括本集團注意到以下一 項或多項對可以可靠估計資產的未來現金流 量有影響的虧損事項的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人有重大財務困難;
- 違反合約,如拖欠或無法償還利息或本
- 借款人可能破產或進行其他財務重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境出現重大 的改變而對借款人有不利影響;
- 一 金融資產的活躍市場由於財務困難而消 失;及
- 於股本工具之投資大幅下跌或長時間下 跌至低於其成本值。

倘存在任何該證據, 賬面值須透過在收益表 扣除款項之方式減至估計可收回數額。

因按攤銷成本計量的客戶貸款的可收回性被 視為難以預料而並非微乎其微,就其確認的 減值虧損不會從相應的資產中直接撤銷。在 此情況下,減值虧損以撥備賬記錄。倘本集 團確認能收回應收賬款的機會微乎其微,則 視為不可收回金額會直接從客戶貸款中撇 銷,而在撥備賬中持有有關該債務的任何金 額會被撥回。若之前計入撥備賬的款項在其 後收回,則相關的撥備會予以撥回。撥備賬 的其他變動及其後收回之前直接撇銷的款項 均計入收益表。

### (i) 貸款和應收款項

貸款和應收款項的減值虧損是資產賬面 值,與按其原本實際利率(即初始確認該 等資產所用之實際利率)折算預計未來現 金流量現值之差額。倘折現之影響屬輕 微,短期之應收款項不予折現。

信貸損失撥備總額包括兩個組成部分: 個別減值撥備,及綜合減值撥備。

### (m) Impairment of assets (continued)

### (i) Loans and receivables (continued)

The Group first assesses whether any objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together financial assets with similar risk characteristics.

The individual impairment allowance is based upon management's best estimate of the present value of cash flows which are expected to be received discounted at the original effective interest rate. In estimating these cash flows, management makes judgments about the borrower's financial situation and the net realisable value of any underlying collateral or guarantees in favour of the Group. Each impaired asset is assessed on its merits.

In assessing the need for a collective impairment allowance on individually significant loans which are not impaired, management considers factors such as credit quality, portfolio size, concentrations, and economic factors. In order to estimate the required allowance, the Group makes assumptions both to define the way the Group models inherent losses and to determine the required input parameters, based on historical experience and current economic conditions.

The accuracy of the impairment allowances the Group makes depends on how well the Group can estimate future cash flows for individually assessed impairment allowances and the model assumptions and parameters used in determining collective impairment allowances. While this necessarily involves judgment, the Group believes that the impairment allowances on advances to customers are reasonable and supportable.

Any subsequent changes to the amounts and timing of the expected future cash flows compared to the prior estimates that can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, will result in a change in the impairment allowances on loans and receivables and be charged or credited to the income statement. A reversal of impairment losses is limited to the loans and receivables' carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 資產減值(續)

### (i) 貸款和應收款項(續)

本集團會首先評估金額重大之個別金融資產有否出現客觀之減值證據, 經濟產有否出現客觀之減值證據, 經濟合地評估金額不重大之個別金 產。若本集團認定被評估之個別號 養產並沒融資產重大與內容,均需將 資產主之融資產重大與風險特徵。 與別中作出統合減值評估。 經濟之之減 在認減值或需繼續確認減值於 在認減值或需繼續確認減值。 與對個別而言並不重大的 資產進行綜合減值評估。

個別減值撥備乃根據管理層對現金流量 現值之最佳估計,即按原實際利率折現 預期將獲得之款項。在估計該等現金流 量時,管理層須判斷借款人的財政狀況 及給予本集團的抵押品或擔保之可變現 淨值。每項減值資產均按照其理據進行 評估。

於評估並未減值之金額重大之個別貸款 所需的綜合減值撥備時,管理層須考慮 的因素包括信貸素質、組合規模、信貸 集中、及經濟因素。為估計所需的撥 備,本集團根據過往經驗和現時之經濟 情況去釐定潛在風險及輸入變數。

減值撥備之準確性須視乎本集團能否在評估個別減值撥備時準確估計交易對手的未來現金流量及在釐定綜合減值撥備時所採用的標準假設及參數。雖然此須視乎判斷而定,本集團相信客戶貸款之減值撥備是合理和足夠的。

在較後期間,任何因估計未來現金流量 的金額及時間與先前估計的有所轉變, 而該轉變是可客觀地與撇銷後發生的事 件有關連,從而導致貸款和應收款項之 減值撥備亦需改變,該轉變會支銷或計 入收益表。所轉回的減值虧損以假定往 年若沒有確認減值虧損而原應已釐定的 資產賬面值為限。

#### (m) Impairment of assets (continued)

### (i) Loans and receivables (continued)

When there is no reasonable prospect of recovery, the loan and the related interest receivable are written off.

Loans and receivables with renegotiated terms are loans that have been restructured due to deterioration in the borrower's financial position and where the Group has made concessions that it would not otherwise consider.

Renegotiated loans and receivables are subject to ongoing monitoring to determine whether they remain impaired or past due.

### (ii) Held-to-maturity investments

Impairment on held-to-maturity investments is considered at both an individual and collective level. If impairment is identified, the individual impairment allowance is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate, where the effect of discounting is material.

All held-to-maturity investments found not to be individually impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement. A reversal of impairment losses shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

#### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Where there is objective evidence that an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity is removed from equity and is recognised in the income statement. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in the income statement is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in the income statement.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 資產減值(續)

### (i) 貸款和應收款項(續)

於再無合理預期可收回貸款時,貸款及 相關懸欠利息將會予以撇銷。

具有經重新磋商條件之貸款及應收款項 是指由於借款人的財務狀況惡化而獲重 新議定原來不會獲考慮的特別寬鬆償還 款條件的貸款。

重新磋商的貸款及應收款項須接受持續 監測,以釐定彼等是否仍減值或已逾期。

### (ii) 持至到期投資

本集團會從個別和綜合兩個層面考慮持 至到期投資是否出現減值。若確定減值, 個別減值準備是以資產賬面值與就資產 以其原本的實際利率(如果折現影響重 大)用折現方式計算預計未來現金流量的 現值之間的差額計量。

在個別層面沒有出現減值的所有持至到 期投資會接受綜合評估,以確定是否有 任何已出現但未確定的減值情況。

如果在較後期間,減值虧損金額減少, 而該減少是可客觀地與確認減值虧損後 發生的事件有關連,則減值虧損會透過 收益表回撥。減值虧損回撥不得導致資 產賬面值超出減值虧損從未在往年確認 而應已釐定的資產賬面值。

### (iii) 可供出售金融資產

倘有客觀證據顯示可供出售金融資產已 經出現減值,早前直接於權益內確認的 任何累計損失須從權益內轉回,並在收 益表內確認。在收益表內確認的累計損 失數額等於購入成本(已扣除任何本金還 款和攤銷)與當期公平價值之間的差額, 減去早前已在收益表內確認的該資產的 任何減值虧損。

### (m) Impairment of assets (continued)

### (iii) Available-for-sale financial assets (continued)

For unquoted available-for-sale equity securities that are carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the equity securities and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material.

Impairment losses recognised in the income statement in respect of available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed through the income statement. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised directly in equity.

Impairment losses in respect of available-for-sale debt securities are reversed if the subsequent increase in fair value can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised. Reversals of impairment losses in such circumstances are recognised in the income statement.

#### (iv) Goodwill and other assets

Goodwill is tested annually by comparing the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit with its recoverable amount.

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property and equipment;
- pre-paid interests in leasehold land classified as being held under an operating lease; and
- investments in subsidiaries and associates

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

### Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generate cash inflows independently.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 資產減值(續)

### (iii) 可供出售金融資產(續)

就沒有市價而按成本列賬之可供出售股本證券而言,如折現的影響屬重大,減 值虧損是按股本證券的賬面值與按類似 金融資產的現行市場回報率折算估計未來現金流量的現值之間的差額計算。

在收益表所確認有關可供出售股本證券 之減值虧損不會透過收益表撥回。該等 資產其後之任何公平價值增加直接在權 益內確認。

倘可供出售債務證券之公平價值在日後 增加,而有關的增加可以客觀地與確認 減值虧損後發生的事件聯繫起來,便會 將減值虧損轉回。在該等情況下,減值 虧損轉回須在收益表內確認。

### (iv) 商譽及其他資產

商譽乃透過比較有關現金產生單位的賬面值與可回收金額按年度基準進行測試。

於結算日,本公司審閱內部及外來資料 以辨認以下資產可有減值跡象或先前已 確認之減值虧損已不再存在或可能已減 少:

- 物業及設備;
- 預付租賃土地權益分類為按經營租 約持有;及
- 附屬公司及聯營公司投資

如果出現減值跡象,資產的可收回數額 便會作估計。

### 計算可收回數額

資產的可收回數額以其銷售淨價和使用價值兩者中的較高數額為準。在評估使用價值時,會使用除稅前折算率將估計未來現金流量折算至現值。該折算率瓦映市場當時所評估的金錢時間價值和該資產的獨有風險。如果資產所產生的現金流入基本上不獨立於其他資產所產生的現金流入,則以能獨立產生現金流入的最小資產類別釐定可收回數額。

#### (m) Impairment of assets (continued)

### (iv) Goodwill and other assets (continued)

### Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in the income statement whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

### Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of impairment losses is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the income statement in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

### (v) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" in respect of the first six months of the year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the year (see notes 2(m)(i) to (iii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill and available-for-sale equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the year to which the interim period relates.

### (n) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (m) 資產減值(續)

### (iv) 商譽及其他資產(續)

### 確認減值虧損

倘資產或其所屬之賺取現金業務之賬面 值超過其可收回數額,則於收益表確認 減值虧損。就賺取現金業務確認之減值 虧損首先分配作為減少分配至賺取現金 業務(或業務類別)之任何商譽之賬面數 額,繼而按比例基準作為減少業務(或業 務類別)之其他資產之賬面數額,惟資產 之賬面值將不會減少至低於其個別公平 價值減出售成本或使用價值(倘能計算)。

#### 減值虧損轉回

就除商譽以外的資產而言,倘若用以釐 定可收回數額的估計發生有利的變化, 便會將減值虧損轉回。有關商譽之減值 虧損不予轉回。

所轉回的減值虧損以假定往年若沒有確認減值虧損而原應已釐定的資產賬面值 為限。所轉回的減值虧損在確認轉回的 年度計入收益表。

### (v) 中期財務報告及減值

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則,本集團須根據香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」就年度首六個月編製中期財務報告。於中期完結時,本集團採用於年度完結時應採用之同一減值測試、確認及撥回條件(見附註2(m)(i)至(iii))。

於中期內就商譽及按成本列賬的可供出 售股本證券所確認的減值虧損不可在往 後期間撥回。假設在中期相關年度完結 時才評估該等減值,即使毋需確認虧損 或確認較少虧損,亦不可撥回減值虧損。

### (n) 等同現金項目

等同現金項目為短期和流動性極高的投資項目。這些項目可以容易地換算為已知的現金數額,而所須承受的價值變動風險甚小,並在購入後三個月內到期。

#### (o) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits include salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits and are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group's obligation in respect of its defined benefit retirement scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefits that the Group is committed to pay to the employees after their retirement using actuarial techniques. In calculating the Group's obligations, to the extent that any cumulative unrecognised gains or losses exceed 10% of the present value of the obligation or the fair value of the plan assets (whichever is higher) at the balance sheet date, that portion is amortised to the income statement over the average remaining service life of the employees in the scheme. Otherwise, the gain or loss is not recognised.

### (ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees by the ultimate holding company is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the income statement for the year of the review, unless the original employee expense qualifies for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the ultimate holding company's shares.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (o) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利包括薪酬、每年花紅、有 薪年假、界定供款退休計劃供款及非貨 幣福利成本,於本集團僱員提供有關服 務之年度內累計。倘延遲付款或清償將 會帶來嚴重影響,該等數額須按現值列 賑。

本集團定額福利退休計劃的責任以精算 方式估計本集團對員工承諾支付其未來 退休後的福利的金額計算。在計算本集 團之責任時,倘任何未確認累計損益超 過有關責任於結算日之現值或計劃資產 之公平價值(比較高者為準),該部分會 按僱員於計劃內之平均剩餘服務年期於 收益表內攤銷,否則該損益不予確認。

#### (ii) 以股份為基礎之付款

由最終控股公司授予僱員認股權的公平價值會確認為僱員成本,並相應在權益內增加資本儲備。公平價值於授予日期計量,當中考慮到授予認股權的條款及條件。倘若僱員須符合歸屬條件才無條件擁有認股權,則認股權的估計公平價值總額會於考慮到認股權歸屬的可能性後在歸屬期內分攤。

於歸屬期內會檢討預期歸屬的認股權數目。對以前年度已確認的累積公平價值所作出的調整,會在檢討年度扣自/首升入收益表,除非原有僱員開支符合本儲認為資產,則作別論屬日期,確認為資產,則作別論屬日期,確認為問數會作出調整,以反映實際歸屬的認股權數目(並在資本儲備內作出為關壓調整),惟倘若僅因未能滿足有關最終控股公司股份市場價格的歸屬條件而沒收則除外。

#### (p) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised directly in equity, in which case they are recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (p) 所得税

本年度之所得税包括即期税項以及遞延税項 資產及負債之變動。即期税項以及遞延税項 資產及負債之變動於收益表確認,惟與直接 在權益確認之項目相關者除外,在該情況 下,該等變動須在權益內確認。

即期税項乃預期於本年度就應課税收入應付 之稅項(按於結算日已頒佈或實質頒佈之稅率 計算),以及過往年度應繳稅項之任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債乃分別來自可扣稅或應 課稅暫時性差異,即因資產及負債分別就財 務報告及稅基而言之賬面值之間的差異而產 生。遞延稅項資產亦會因未動用稅項虧損及 未動用稅項抵免而產生。

除若干有限情況外,所有遞延税項負債及遞 延税項資產當其甚有可能用於抵銷未來應課 税溢利時均會予以確認。支持確認由可抵扣 暫時差異所產生遞延税項資產的未來應課税 溢利,包括因轉回目前存在的應課税暫時差 異而產生的數額;但這些轉回的差異必須與 同一税務機關及同一應課稅實體有關,並預 期在可抵扣暫時差異預計轉回的同一期間或 遞延所得税資產所產生可抵扣虧損可轉回或 結轉的期間內轉回。在決定目前存在的應課 税暫時差異是否足以支持確認由未可抵扣虧 損和未利用税款抵減所產生的遞延所得税資 產時,亦會採用同一準則,即差異是否與同 一税務機關及同一應課稅實體有關, 並是否 預期在能使用可抵扣虧損和未利用税項抵減 撥回的同一期間內轉回。

不確認遞延税項資產和負債的暫時差異產生 自以下少數例外情況:不可在税務方面獲得 扣減的商譽、不影響會計或應課税溢利的資 產或負債的初始確認(如屬業務合併的一部分 則除外);以及與投資附屬公司有關的暫時差 異(如屬應課税差異,只限於本集團可以控制 轉回的時間,而且在可預見的將來不大可能 轉回該等差異;或如屬可抵扣差異,則只限 於很可能在將來轉回的差異)。

#### (p) Income tax (continued)

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if the Bank or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Bank or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the related current tax assets and settle the related current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

# (q) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

### (i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the holder) for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee to customers, the fair value of the guarantee (being the guarantee fees received) is initially recognised as deferred income within other liabilities. Where the Bank issues a financial guarantee to its subsidiaries, the fair value of the guarantee is estimated and capitalised as the cost of investment in subsidiaries and deferred income recognised within other liabilities.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (p) 所得税(續)

遞延税項確認額乃按資產及負債之賬面值之 預期變現或支付形式,使用於結算日已頒佈 或實質頒佈之稅率計算。遞延稅項資產及負 債不予折現計算。

於各結算日,遞延稅項資產之賬面值均進行 複核,對預期不再有足夠之應課稅溢利以供 使用有關遞延稅項則予扣減。倘若有可能獲 得足夠之應課稅溢利,則任何有關扣減均會 被廢回。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及有關變動,均會個別呈列及不作抵銷。如本行或本集團可依法行使權利將即期税項資產抵銷即期稅項負債,並在符合下列其他條件之情況下,即期稅項資產方會與即期稅項負債抵銷,以及遞延稅項資產會與遞延稅項負債抵銷:

- 如屬即期稅項資產及負債,本行或本集 團擬以淨額基準清償或同時變現資產並 清償負債;或
- 如屬遞延税項資產及負債,被同一稅務 機關對以下實體徵收所得稅而產生:
  - 同一個應課税實體;或
  - 不同的應課稅實體,在未來每一個 預期將清償或收回重大數額之遞延 稅項資產及負債的期間,該等實體 擬以淨額變現即期稅項資產及清償 即期稅項負債或兩者同時進行。

## (q) 已發出財務擔保、撥備及或然負債

### (i) 已發出財務擔保

財務擔保乃要求發行人(即擔保人)因特定債務人未能根據債務文據的條款於到期時付款而蒙受的損失,而向擔保的受益人(持有人)支付特定款項以作出償付的合約。

倘本集團向客戶發出財務擔保,該擔保 的公平價值(即已收擔保費用)最初確認 為其他負債內的遞延收入。倘本行向其 附屬公司發出財務擔保,該擔保的公平 價值須予估計及轉為附屬公司之投資成 本上,遞延收入則確認為其他負債。

### (g) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

### (i) Financial guarantees issued (continued)

The deferred income is amortised in the income statement over the term of the quarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 2(q)(ii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in other liabilities in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

### (ii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### (r) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the income statement as follows:

#### (i) Interest income

Interest income from all interest-bearing financial instruments is recognised in the income statement on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

### (q) 已發出財務擔保、撥備及或然負債(續)

### (i) 已發出財務擔保(續)

遞延收入按擔保年期於收益表內攤銷為 已發出財務擔保的收入。此外,倘(i)擔 保的持有人可能根據擔保向本集團催收 款項;及(ii)預期向本集團提出的申索款 額高於現時就該擔保列於其他負債項下 的數額(即最初確認的金額),扣除累計 攤銷後的撥備,即須按照附註2(q)(ii)確 認。

### (ii) 其他撥備及或然負債

撥備乃本集團或本行因過往事件引致之 法律或推定義務而可能需要付出經濟利 益以履行有關義務及能作出可靠估計 時,就未能確定之時間或數額之其他負 債確認。倘金錢時間價值乃屬重大,撥 備則以預計用以履行有關義務之開支現 值列賬。

倘可能無須付出經濟效益,或未能可靠 估計付出之金額,有關義務則披露為或 然負債,除非付出經濟利益之可能性極 微。需就未來事件發生與否方能確認之 可能義務亦只披露為或然負債,除非付 出經濟利益之可能性是極微。

### (r) 收益確認

當經濟利益很可能流入本集團,而收入及成 本(倘適用)能可靠地計算時,收益會按下列 方式在收益表確認:

### (i) 利息收入

所有計息金融工具之利息收入均採用實 際利率法按應計基準於收益表內確認。

#### (r) Revenue recognition (continued)

### (i) Interest income (continued)

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, call and similar option) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, together with transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts. Cash rebates granted in relation to residential mortgage loans are capitalised and amortised to the income statement over their expected life.

Net income from financial instruments designated as fair value through profit or loss and net trading income comprises all gains and losses from changes in fair value (net of accrued coupon) of such financial assets and financial liabilities, foreign exchange differences and dividend income attributable to those financial instruments.

### (ii) Fee and commission income

Fee and commission income arises on financial services provided by the Group including cash management services, brokerage services, investment banking services, investment management services, project and structured finance transactions services. Fee and commission income is recognised when the corresponding service is provided, except where the fee is charged to cover the costs of a continuing service to, or risk borne for, the customer, or is interest in nature. In these cases, the fee is recognised as income in the accounting period in which the costs or risk is incurred or is accounted for as interest income.

Origination or commitment fees received by the Group which result in the creation or acquisition of a financial asset are deferred and recognised as an adjustment to the effective interest rate. If the commitment expires without the Group making a loan, the fee is recognised as revenue on expiry.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 收益確認(續)

### (i) 利息收入(續)

實際利率法乃計算金融資產之攤銷成本 及按有關期間攤分利息收入之方法。 院利率乃按金融工具預計年期折讓估 日後現金付款或收入(或適當時按較 期間折讓金融資產之賬集團估計現金 期間實際利率融工具之一切合約條款( 時,考慮到金融工具之一切合約條款( 對力,一切一數 計及未來信貸虧損。計算範圍包括實際 利率為主體部分訂約各方所付或所他所無 計及未來信貸虧損。計算範圍包括實際 利率為主體部分訂約各方所付或所收有 過價或折讓。住宅按揭貸款之現金回始 益價或折讓。住宅按揭貸計期限在收益 表內攤銷。

指定為通過損益以反映公平價值之金融 工具淨收益以及交易淨收益,包括來自 該等金融資產及金融負債之公平價值變 動(扣除應計票息)之所有盈利及虧損、 外匯差額及該等金融工具應佔之股息收 入。

### (ii) 費用及佣金收入

本集團已收因增設或購入金融資產而產 生之辦理或承擔費用,將作為實際利率 之調整遞延及確認。如承擔期滿而本集 團毋須作出貸款,該費用於期滿時確認 為收入。

#### (r) Revenue recognition (continued)

### (iii) Finance income from finance lease and hire purchase contract

Finance income implicit in finance lease and hire purchase payments is recognised as interest income over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in the leases for each accounting period. Contingent rentals receivable are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

#### (iv) Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes exdividend.

#### (s) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are dealt with in the income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into Hong Kong dollar using the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated into Hong Kong dollars at exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences relating to investments at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments are included in gains and losses on investments and net gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments, respectively. All other exchange differences relating to monetary items are presented as gains less losses from dealing in foreign currencies in the income statement and are reported within "Other operating income". Differences arising on translation of available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in reserves.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet. All resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (r) 收益確認(續)

### (iii) 來自融資租約及租購合約之財務收入

融資租約之隱含財務收入及租購付款於 租約年期確認為利息收入,以令每個會 計期間租約尚餘淨投資額的定期回報率 大致相同。應收或然租金於賺取之會計 期間確認為收入。

#### (iv) 股息收入

非上市投資之股息收入於股東收取款項 之權利確立時予以確認。上市投資之股 息收入於投資項目之股價為除息時確認。

#### (s) 外幣換算

本年度內外幣交易以交易日之滙率換算為港 元。以外幣結算的貨幣性資產及負債以結算 日之滙率換算為港元。所有外幣換算之損益 均撥入收益表內處理。

以歷史成本列賬並以外幣定值之非貨幣資產 與負債按交易日的滙率換算為港元。以外幣 結算及以公平價值列賬的非貨幣資產與負債 於釐定公平價值當日按當時滙率換算為港元。

通過損益以反映公平價值計入損益賬之投資 及衍生金融工具的滙兑差額分別包括於投資 損益及衍生工具凈溢利/(虧損)。其他有關 貨幣性項目的滙兑差額則於收益表內呈列為 外幣買賣淨盈虧,並於「其他營運收入」內呈 報。換算可供出售股本工具之差額確認為儲 備。

海外業務的業績按與交易日的滙率相若的滙 率換算為港幣。資產及負債則按結算日的收 市率換算。產生的滙兑差額確認為單獨權益 部分。

#### (s) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognised in equity which relate to that foreign operations is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

### (t) Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the Group and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the Group;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in(i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

### (u) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting system, the Group has chosen business segment information as the primary reporting format and geographical segment information as the secondary reporting format for the purposes of these financial statements.

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (s) 外幣換算(續)

出售海外業務時,在權益內確認與該等海外 業務有關之滙兑差額之累計金額,乃計入出 售之盈虧。

### (t) 關連各方

就此等財務報告而言,被視為與本集團有關 連的一方是指:

- (i) 該方有能力直接或間接透過一個或多個中介人控制,或可發揮重大影響本集團的財務及經營決策,或共同控制本集團;
- (ii) 本集團及該方均互相控制;
- (iii) 該方屬本集團的聯營公司;
- (iv) 該方屬本集團或本集團母公司主要管理 人員的成員,或屬該人士的近親家庭成 員,或受該等人士控制,或共同控制或 重大影響的實體;
- (v) 該方屬(i)所指一方的近親家庭成員,或 受該等人士控制,或共同控制或重大影響的實體;或
- (vi) 該方屬提供福利予本集團僱員的離職後 福利計劃或與屬本集團關連方的任何實 體。

個人的近親家庭成員指預料可影響(或受該個 人影響)他們與該實體交易的家庭成員。

### (u) 分項報告

分項乃指本集團可區分之部分,包括從事提供產品或服務(業務分項)或在特定經濟環境 (區域分項)內提供產品或服務,而且其風險 及回報均有別於其他分項。

根據本集團之內部財務報告系統,本集團就 此等財務報告選擇業務分項資料為主要報告 形式,而區域分項資料為次選報告形式。

#### (u) Segment reporting (continued)

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment. Segment revenue, expenses, assets, and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intra-group balances and transactions are between Group entities within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets (both tangible and intangible) that are expected to be used for more than one period.

Unallocated items mainly comprise financial and corporate assets, interest-bearing loans, borrowings, tax balances, corporate and financing expenses to the extent that they have not been allocated to specific business segments.

#### 3. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements cover the consolidated positions of the Bank and all its subsidiaries unless otherwise stated (together referred to as the Group) and the Group's interest in associates. For information required to be reported in accordance with the Banking (Disclosures) Rules, the basis of consolidation is set out in notes (A) and (B) in the Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information.

## 4. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

unlisted investments

Interest income on financial

assets designated at fair

value through profit or loss

### (a) Interest income

Listed investments Other	上市投資 其他
Interest income on financial assets that are not at fair value through profit or loss	非指定為通過損益以反映 公平價值之金融資產之 利息收入
Interest income on trading assets  – listed investments	持作交易用途之資產之利息收入 — 上市投資

一非上市投資

指定為通過損益以反映公平

價值之金融資產之利息收入

### 2. 主要會計政策(續)

#### (u) 分項報告(續)

分項收益、開支、業績、資產及負債包括直 接劃分入該分項之項目及可合理劃分為該分 項之項目。分項收益、開支、資產及負債乃 於集團內公司間結算前釐定,集團內公司間 交易則予以抵銷作為綜合處理程序之部分, 惟集團實體間之集團內公司間結餘及交易為 單一分項者除外。分項間定價按給予外間人 士之類似條款釐定。

分項資本開支指期內因收購預計可使用超過 一個期間之分項資產(包括有形及無形資產) 所產生之總成本。

未分配項目主要包括金融和企業資產、計息 貸款、借款、税項結餘、企業及融資開支(倘 彼等未被分配至特定業務分部)。

### 3. 綜合基準

除另有指明外,該等綜合財務報告包括本行及本 行所有附屬公司(統稱為本集團)的綜合狀況,以 及本集團於聯營公司之權益。根據《銀行業(披露) 規則》所需呈報的資料,其綜合基準載列於未經審 核補充財務資料附註(A)及(B)內。

2008

2007

### 4. 利息收入及支出

### (a) 利息收入

二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
295,237 1,916,338	175,531 2,573,271
2,211,575	2,748,802
125	394
3,149	36,664
30,921	40,195
2,245,770	2,826,055

### 4. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE (continued)

### (b) Interest expense

## 4. 利息收入及支出(續)

### (b) 利息支出

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits from customers, banks and other financial institutions and certificates of deposit issued Debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities wholly	客戶、銀行同業及 其他金融機構之 存款及已發行存款證 須於五年內悉數償還之 已發行債務證券及後償負債	1,192,630	1,773,097
repayable within 5 years Other borrowings	其他借款	27,075 12,078	27,212 129,973
Interest expense on financial	非指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之金融		
value through profit or loss	負債之利息支出	1,231,783	1,930,282
Interest expense on trading liabilities Interest expense on financial liabilities designated at fair	交易賬項下負債之利息支出 指定為通過損益以反映公平 價值之金融負債之利息支出	12,163	35,909
value through profit or loss		12,984	6,191
		1,256,930	1,972,382

### 5. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSE

### (a) Fee and commission income

### 5. 費用及佣金收入及支出

## (a) 費用及佣金收入

2008

2007

		二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Credit related fees and commissions Trade finance Credit card Securities brokerage and investment services Insurance Unit trust commission Other fees	信貸相關費用及佣金 貿易融資 信用卡 證券經紀及投資服務 保險 單位信託佣金 其他費用	15,998 23,033 49,372 55,801 34,183 59,837 21,457	14,201 23,472 42,153 107,172 33,367 122,059 20,353
		259,681	362,777
of which:  Fee and commission income arising from:  - Financial assets or financial liabilities  which are not measured at fair  value through profit or loss  - Trust or other fiduciary activities	其中: 費用及佣金收入來自: 一非指定為通過損益以反映 公平價值之金融資產 或金融負債 一信託及其他受託業務	80,700 4,653	72,921 1,496

Fee and commission income arising from trust and other fiduciary activities relate to fees from asset management activities where the Group will hold assets or invest on behalf of customers.

費用及佣金收入來自信託及其他受託業務,與本 集團就資產管理業務中代表其客戶持有資產或進 行資產投資所收取的費用相關。

## 5. FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME AND EXPENSE (continued)

## 5. 費用及佣金收入及支出(續)

## (b) Fee and commission expense

## (b) 費用及佣金支出

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Handling fees and commission Other fees paid	手續費及佣金 其他已付費用	40,564 19,923	57,298 19,711
		60,487	77,009
of which: Fee and commission expense arising from: - Financial assets or financial liabilities which are not measured at fair	其中: 費用及佣金支出來自: 一非指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之金融資產		
value through profit or loss	或金融負債	39,272	32,632

## 6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

## 6. 其他營運收入

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gains less losses from dealing  - Foreign exchange  - Trading securities  - Other dealing activities*  - Short selling activities	交易收益減虧損 一外滙 一持作交易用途之證券 一其他買賣交易* 一賣空交易	64,823 9,791 173,331 (2,191)	26,928 2,900 249,429 (1,952)
Net hedging income from fair value hedges Net loss on hedged items attributable to the hedged risk Net gain on hedging instruments	公平價值對沖之淨對沖收入 與對沖風險相關之被 對沖項目之淨虧損 對沖工具之淨收益	(27,301) 27,301	277,305 (41,698) 41,698
Net gain on other financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss  Net gain on sale of other financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之其他金融 工具之淨收益 出售指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之其他金融 工具之淨收益	5,412	
Revaluation gain on other financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	指定為通過損益以反映公平 價值之其他金融工具 之重估收益	34,910 40,322	42,751 42,751

### 6. OTHER OPERATING INCOME (continued)

### 6. 其他營運收入(續)

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Losses less gains from other financial	按攤銷成本計量之其他金		
liabilities measured at amortised cost	融負債之虧損減收益	(2,545)	(13,221)
Revaluation gain/(loss) on derivative	衍生金融工具之		
financial instruments	重估收益/(虧損)	19,114	(27,360)
Dividend income from listed	可供出售上市證券		
available-for-sale securities	之股息收入	6,192	6,137
Dividend income from unlisted	可供出售非上市證券		
available-for-sale securities	之股息收入	5,691	19,977
Rental income	租金收入	1,277	281
Others	其他	79,289	66,567
		395,094	372,437

<sup>\*</sup> Other dealing activities refers to customer-driven dealing in derivative financial instruments including equity linked notes, options and structured deposit products.

## 7. OPERATING EXPENSES

## **7**. 營運支出

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Staff costs	僱員成本		
Contributions to defined contribution scheme	定額供款計劃供款	6,962	2,951
Defined benefit scheme expenses (Note 44(c))	定額福利計劃支出(附註44(c))	29,242	22,163
Retirement scheme costs	退休計劃成本	36,204	25,114
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses	以權益結算股份為基礎之付款支出	12,969	-
Salaries and other staff costs	薪金及其他僱員成本	472,557	451,322
		521,730	476,436
Premises and other fixed assets	房地產及其他固定資產		
Rental of premises	房地產租金	46,561	45,556
Depreciation (Note 28)	折舊(附註28)	64,918	59,114
Others	其他	22,377	20,032
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	2,522	2,254
Other operating expenses	其他營運支出		
Business promotion	業務推廣	61,299	55,056
Legal and professional fees	法律顧問費用	24,802	15,096
Communication	通訊	22,156	17,763
Electronic data processing	電子資料處理		
and computer systems	及電腦系統	87,985	75,203
Others	其他	110,926	68,263
		965,276	834,773

<sup>\*</sup> 其他買賣交易指客戶引致之衍生金融工具買賣,包 括股票掛鈎票據、期權及結構性存款產品。

### 7. OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

During 2007, certain employees of the Group were granted unlisted physically settled options under the share option scheme of the Bank's ultimate holding company, Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. ("Fubon Financial") for the services rendered to the Group. HKFRS2 requires the fair value of the options issued to be shown as an expense in the Group financial statements, apportioned over the period from the grant date to the vesting date, with a corresponding credit to reserves (Note 41). There will be no cash expense to Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited as it is not required to make payment to any party in respect of either the issue of the options or their exercise. Shareholders of the Bank will suffer no dilution from the issue of shares by the ultimate holding company in the event that the options are exercised.

At the balance sheet date, the terms and conditions of unexpired and unexercised share options are as follows:

### 7. 營運支出(續)

於二零零七年內,根據本行最終控股公司富邦金融控股股份有限公司(「富邦金控」)的認股權計劃,本集團若干僱員因向本集團提供服務獲授非上市而實股結算之認股權。香港財務報告準則第2號規定已發行認股權的公平價值,由授出日期至歸屬日期之期間按比例於本集團財務報告內列為一項支出,並計處相應的儲備內(附註41)。富邦銀行(香港)有限公司毋須就發行認股權或行使認股權而向任何人士作出付款,因此其將不會發生現金支出。倘該等認股權獲行使,本行股東將不會因最終控股公司發行股份而遭受攤薄。

於結算日,尚未屆滿及尚未行使認股權的條款及 條件如下:

		As 於	
Date of options granted 授出認股權日期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價 NT\$ 新台幣	31 December 2008 Number of options 二零零八年 十二月三十一日 認股權數目	31 December 2007 Number of options 二零零七年 十二月三十一日 認股權數目
31 July 2007	30.50	6,570,000	6,570,000
二零零七年七月三十一日 7 December 2007 二零零七年十二月七日	28.20	9,552,000	9,552,000
		16,122,000	16,122,000

50% of the options will be exercisable between the second and the third anniversaries of the date grant, 75% between the third and fourth anniversaries and 100% between the fourth and fifth anniversaries, provided that the employee remains with the Fubon Group.

The options outstanding at 31 December 2008 have a weighted average remaining contractual life of 3.79 years (2007: 4.79 years).

Share price of Fubon Financial at 31 December 2008 was NT\$23.90 (2007: NT\$28.80).

認股權的50%可於授出日期滿兩週年之日至滿三週年之日期間行使,75%可於滿三週年之日至滿四週年之日期間行使,100%可於滿四週年之日至滿五週年之日期期間行使,條件是僱員仍受聘於富邦集團。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日尚未行使認股權的 加權平均餘下合約年期為3.79年(二零零七年: 4.79年)。

富邦金控於二零零八年十二月三十一日的股價為 23.90元新台幣(二零零七年:28.80元新台幣)。

### 7. OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

#### Fair values of share options

The Group has applied HKFRS2 "Share-based Payments" to account for share options granted on 31 July 2007 and 7 December 2007.

The fair values of share options granted by the Company were determined by using Black-Scholes option pricing model (the "Model"). The Model is one of the commonly used models to estimate the fair value of an option. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the management's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. Any change in the variables so adopted may materially affect the estimation of the fair value of an option. The inputs into the Model were as follows:

### 7. 營運支出(續)

#### 認股權的公平價值

Option granted

on 31 July 2007

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為 基礎的付款」,列賬於二零零七年七月三十一日及 二零零七年十二月七日授出的認股權。

本公司採用Black-Scholes認股權定價模型(「該模型」) 釐定所授出認股權的公平價值。該模型為普遍採用的模型之一,用於估計認股權的公平價值。於計算認股權公平價值時所採用的變量及假設是以管理層的最佳估計為基準。認股權的價值會隨若干主觀假設的不同變量而變化。就此採納的任何變量變化可能會對估計認股權的公平價值帶來重大影響。輸入該模型的數據如下:

Option granted

on 7 December 2007

		於二零零七年 七月三十一日 授出的認股權	於二零零七年 十二月七日 授出的認股權
Closing share price at grant date (NT\$)	於授出日期的股份 收市價(新台幣)	30.50	28.20
Exercise price (NT\$)	行使價(新台幣)	30.50	28.20
Risk-free interest rate (%) (Note a)	無風險利率(%)(附註a)	2.41	2.41
Expected life of option (Note b)	預計認股權		
	有效期(附註b)	5 years	5 years
Expected volatility (%) (Note c)	預計波幅(%)(附註c)	33.37	33.41
Expected dividend yield (%) (Note d)	預計股息		
	收益率(%)(附註d)	3.50	3.50
Estimated fair value per share option (NT\$)	每份認股權的估計		
	公平價值(新台幣)	6.82	7.37

#### Notes:

- (a) Risk free rate: being the approximate yields of 5-year TWD swap rate traded on the date of grant, matching the expected life of each option.
- (b) Expected life of option: being the period of 5 years commencing on the date of grant, based on the date of grant, based on management's best estimate for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restriction and behavioural consideration.
- (c) Expected volatility: being the implied volatility derived from traded options over Fubon Financial shares at the date of grant
- (d) Expected dividend per annum: being the annual cash dividend for past financial year.

### 附註:

- (a) 無風險利率:即於授出日期交易的五年期台幣掉期 利率的概約收益率,與每份認股權的預計有效期相 匹配。
- (b) 預計認股權有效期:即於授出日期開始五年期限, 基於授出日期,根據管理層對非轉讓性、行使限制 及行為考慮因素影響的最佳估計為基準。
- (c) 預計波幅:即於授出日期富邦金控股份已交易認股權的隱含波幅。
- (d) 預計每年股息:即上個財政年度的全年現金股息。

## 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows:

### 8. 董事酬金

根據香港《公司條例》第161條規定披露之董事酬 金如下:

### The Group 本集團

		Directors' Fee 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 Total 二零零八年 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Jin-Yi Lee	李晉頣	392	5,302	400	265	6,359
Michael Chang Ming-Yuen	張明遠	392	3,360	250	168	4,170
James Yip	葉強華	329	2,345	300	216	3,190
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ming-Hsing (Richard) Tsai	蔡明興	507	_	_	_	507
Ming-Chung (Daniel) Tsai	蔡明忠	456	_	_	_	456
Victor Kung	龔天行	444	_	_	_	444
David Chang Kuo-Chun	張果軍	275	-	-	-	275
Independent Non-Executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Robert James Kenrick	甘禮傑	590	-	-	-	590
Moses Tsang	曾國泰	331	-	-	-	331
Hung Shih	石 宏	532	-	-	-	532
		4,248	11,007	950	649	16,854

### 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

### 8. 董事酬金(續)

The Group 本集團

		Directors' Fee 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 Total 二零零七年 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Jin-Yi Lee	李晉頣	455	5,302	3,200	265	9,222
Michael Chang Ming-Yuen	張明遠	455	3,134	2,000	157	5,746
James Yip	葉強華	380	2,276	2,200	210	5,066
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Ming-Hsing (Richard) Tsai	蔡明興	596	-	-	-	596
Ming-Chung (Daniel) Tsai	蔡明忠	531	-	_	-	531
Victor Kung	龔天行	530	-	-	-	530
Jesse Ding	丁予康	333	-	-	-	333
Independent Non-Executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Robert James Kenrick	甘禮傑	666	_	_	_	666
Moses Tsang	曾國泰	426	_	_	_	426
Hung Shih	石 宏	596	-	-	-	596
		4,968	10,712	7,400	632	23,712

During 2007, Jin-Yi Lee, Michael Chang Ming-Yuen and James Yip were granted unlisted physically settled options under the share option scheme of the Bank's ultimate holding company, Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. for the services rendered to the Group. The share-based payment expense for the current year calculated in accordance with HKFRS2 is included in Staff Costs (Note 7) and amounts to HK\$3.3 million for Jin-Yi Lee, HK\$2.0 million for Michael Chang Ming-Yuen and HK\$2.0 million for James Yip.

於二零零七年,根據本行最終控股公司富邦金融 控股股份有限公司的認股權計劃,李晉頤、張明 遠及葉強華因向本集團提供服務而被授予非上 市而實股結算之認股權。本年度根據香港財務 報告準則第2號所計算之以股份為基礎之付款支 出已列入員工成本(附註7)。而李晉頤之金額為 3,300,000港元,張明達為2,000,000港元,葉強 華為2,000,000港元。

### 9. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (2007: three) are Directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 8 above. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other two (2007: two) individuals are as follows:

Basic salaries and other allowances Contributions to pension scheme Bonuses

HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000

HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000

HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000

底薪及其他津貼 退休計劃供款 花紅

2,500,001港元 - 3,000,000港元

3,000,001港元 - 3,500,000港元

3,500,001港元 - 4,000,000港元

The emoluments of the two (2007: two) individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

### 9. 薪酬最高人士

本集團薪酬最高之5位人士中,3位(二零零七年: 3位)為董事,其薪酬已於上文附註8披露。其餘2 位(二零零七年:2位)人士之酬金總額如下:

The	Group
本	集團

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
5,363	3,838
354	353
300	2,900
6,017	7,091

2位(二零零七年:2位)薪酬最高人士之酬金介乎 以下範圍:

### The Group 本集團

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
<b>HK\$′000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1	-
1	1
-	1

During 2007, one of the above individuals was granted unlisted physically settled options under the share option scheme of the Bank's ultimate holding company, Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. for the services rendered to the Group. The share-based payment expense for the current year calculated in accordance with HKFRS2 is included in Staff Costs (Note 7) and amounts to HK\$0.6 million. No amounts have been included in the above tables as the options have not yet vested.

於二零零七年內,根據本行最終控股公司富邦金 融控股股份有限公司的認股權計劃,上述人士之 其中一位因向本集團提供服務獲授非上市而實股 結算之認股權。本年度以股份為基礎的付款支出 根據香港財務報告準則第2號計算為600,000港 元,並計入僱員成本內(附註7)。由於該等認股 權尚未歸屬,因此有關金額並未計入上表內。

### 10. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON LOANS AND ADVANCES

### 10. 借款及貸款之減值虧損

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
(341,848)	(79,793)
32,551	42,180
(309,297)	(37,613)
(000,-01)	(0,70.0)

Impairment losses (charged)/released on advances to customers (Note 22) Additions

- Releases

已(扣除)/撥回之客戶貸款 減值虧損(附註22) 一增加

一撥回

There were no impairment losses recognised on loans and advances other than advances to customers as at 31 December 2008.

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,除客戶貸款外, 並無就其他借款及貸款確認減值虧損。

### 11. NET GAINS ON DISPOSALS OF AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE 11. 出售可供出售證券之淨收益 **SECURITIES**

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Realisation of revaluation (deficit)/surplus previously recognised in revaluation reserve Net gains arising in current year	過往於重估儲備內確認之 重估(虧絀)/盈餘 之變現 年內淨收益	(20,763) 107,020	23,951 108,525
		86,257	132,476

### 12. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

### (a) Taxation in the consolidated income statement

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2008 is calculated at 16.5% (2007: 17.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year. Taxation for overseas subsidiaries is charged at the appropriate current rates of taxation ruling in the relevant countries.

### 即期税項-香港利得税 **Current tax-Hong Kong Profits Tax** Tax for the year 年內税項 Over-provision in respect of prior years 過往年度超額準備 Current tax - Overseas Tax 即期税項-海外税項 Tax for the year 年內稅項 Under-provision in respect of prior years 過往年度準備不足 Deferred tax 遞延税項 於一月一日因稅率變動 Effect on deferred tax balances at 1 January resulting from a 產生之遞延税項結餘 change in tax rate (Note 37(b)) 之影響(附註37(b)) Origination and reversal of temporary 暫時性差異產生及 differences (Note 37(b)) 撥回(附註37(b))

### (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates

# (a) 綜合收益表內的稅項

12. 綜合收益表內的所得稅

二零零八年之香港利得税準備乃根據本年度 之評估應課税溢利之16.5%(二零零七年: 17.5%)計算。海外附屬公司之税項則按有關 國家適用之現行税率計算。

2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>25,155</b> –	54,486 (2,357)
25,155	52,129
507 - 507	- - -
(349)	-
(27,695)	4,050
(28,044)	4,050
(2,382)	56,179

### (b) 税項支出與按適用應課税率計算之會計溢 利間之對賬

		<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	97,956	517,067
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the applicable rates in Hong Kong Tax effect of non-taxable revenue Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Effect on deferred tax balances at 1 January 2008 resulting from a change in tax rate Over-provision in respect of prior years	除税前溢利之估計税項, 按香港適用之應課 税率計算 非應課稅項收入之稅項影響 非可扣減支出之稅項影響 於二零零八年一月一日因稅率變動 產生之遞延稅項結餘 之影響 過往年度超額準備	16,163 (23,127) 4,931 (349) –	90,486 (36,119) 4,169 – (2,357)
Actual tax expense	實質税項支出	(2,382)	56,179

#### 12. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

# (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates (continued)

In February 2008, the Hong Kong Government announced a decrease in the Profit Tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% applicable to the Group's operations in Hong Kong as from the year ended 31 December 2008. This decrease is taken into account in the preparation of the Group's and the Bank's 2008 financial statements. Accordingly, the provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2008 is calculated at 16.5% (2007: 17.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year and the opening balance of deferred tax has been adjusted prospectively.

#### 13. DIVIDENDS

# (a) Dividends declared and proposed attributable to the financial year

Interim dividend declared and paid of

6 cents (2007: 6 cents) per share

Final dividend of 1.5 cents

proposed after the balance sheet date

(2007: 13 cents) per share

已宣派及派發中期股息 每股6仙(二零零十年: 每股6仙)

於結算日後建議派發末期股息 每股1.5仙

(二零零七年:每股13仙)

#### 12. 綜合收益表內的所得税(續)

# (b) 税項支出與按適用應課税率計算之會計溢 利間之對賬(續)

於二零零八年二月,香港政府公佈將利得税 率由17.5%下調至16.5%,由截至二零零八 年十二月三十一日止年度起適用於本集團的 香港經營業務。於編製本集團及本行的二零 零八年財務報告時已計及此次下調。因此, 於二零零八年就香港利得税作出的準備乃按 本年度的估計應課税溢利以16.5%(二零零七 年:17.5%)計算,而遞延税項的期初結餘已 預早作出調整。

#### 13. 股息

#### (a) 已宣派及建議派發本財政年度之股息

2008

2007

二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
70,330	70,330
17,582	152,381
87,912	222,711

The final dividend proposed after the balance sheet has not been recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date as it is not yet declared.

# (b) Dividends attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

年度內通過及派付上一財政年度 之末期股息每股13仙 (二零零十年:12仙)

Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year of 13 cents (2007: 12 cents) per share

(b) 年度內已通過及派付上一財政年度之股息

於結算日後建議派發之末期股息,因尚未宣

派,因此並未於結算日確認為負債。

二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
152,381	140,659

#### 14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings per share is calculated on profit attributable to shareholders of HK\$100,896,000 (2007: HK\$460,998,000) net of preference share dividend of HK\$2,092,000 (2007: Nil) and 1,172,160,000 (2007: 1,172,160,000) ordinary shares in issue during the year. There is no convertible loan capital, options or warrants outstanding which would cause a dilution of the earnings per share.

#### 15. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The consolidated profit attributable to shareholders of the Bank includes a profit of HK\$158,998,000 (2007: HK\$383,207,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Bank.

#### **16. SEGMENT REPORTING**

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business and geographical segments. Business segment information is chosen as the primary reporting format because substantially all of the Group's business is attributable to a single geographical segment, Hong Kong.

#### (a) Business segments

The Bank and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of banking and related financial services.

Retail Banking comprises credit card merchant acquiring, provision of credit card advances, insurance and unit trust wealth management services, deposit account services, residential mortgage and other consumer lending.

Wholesale Banking comprises the Small and Medium Enterprise businesses and the Corporate Banking business. Small and Medium Enterprise businesses include both personal and corporate equipment financing, commercial lending to small and medium enterprises, automobile and other consumer leasing contracts and lending activities. Corporate Banking business covers trade financing, syndicated loans and other corporate lending.

Financial Markets mainly provides securities brokerage, foreign exchange services and centralized cash management for deposit taking and lending, management of trading and investment securities, execution of management's investment strategies in money market investment instruments and the overall funding of the Group.

Real Estate is responsible for the management and orderly realization of the Group's repossessed properties and properties acquired under lending agreements.

Unallocated items mainly comprise the central management unit, management of strategic investments, premises and property management and other activities which cannot be reasonably allocated to specific business segments.

#### 14. 每股盈利

每股盈利乃按年內股東應佔溢利100,896,000港元(二零零七年:460,998,000港元)(扣除優先股股息2,092,000港元(二零零七年:無))及於年內已發行普通股1,172,160,000股(二零零七年:1,172,160,000股)計算。本行並無任何未行使之可換股借貸資本、期權或認股證會對每股盈利構成攤薄影響。

#### 15. 股東應佔溢利

本行股東應佔綜合溢利包括已計入本行財務報告內之溢利158,998,000港元(二零零七年:383.207,000港元)。

#### 16. 分項資料

分項資料乃根據本集團的業務及區域分項編製。 由於,本集團之全部業務大體上集中在香港單一 區域內,因此業務分項資料被揀選為基本報告形 式。

#### (a) 業務分項

本行及其附屬公司之主要業務為提供銀行及 相關之金融服務。

零售銀行業務包括信用卡商戶服務、信用卡 信貸服務、保險及單位信託財富管理服務、 存款戶口服務、住宅按揭及其他消費信貸。

批發銀行業務包括中小企業務及企業銀行業務。中小企業務包括私人及企業設備融資、中小企業商業借貸、汽車及其他消費租賃合約及借貸業務。企業銀行業務涵蓋貿易融資、銀團貸款及其他企業借貸。

金融市場業務主要包括證券買賣、外滙交易 服務及存款和借貸的中央現金管理、證券交 易及投資管理,按管理層的投資策略在貨幣 市場進行投資與及本集團的整體資金管理。

房地產業務包括管理及有秩序地出售本集團收回及根據貸款協議所得的物業。

未分配項目主要包括中央管理單位、策略投資管理、樓宇及物業管理以及其他未能合理 分配到特定業務類別的活動。

# 16. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

# (a) Business segments (continued)

# 16. 分項資料(續)

# (a) 業務分項(續)

The Gro	oup
本集團	

					本集團			
2008	二零零八年	Retail Banking 零售銀行 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale Banking 批發銀行 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial Markets 金融市場 HK\$'000 千港元	Real Estate 房地產 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分類業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Inter-segment elimination 跨業務轉脹 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income from external customers	源自外界客戶利息收入	384,936	1,061,674	791,781	_	7,379		2,245,770
Interest expense to external customers	給予外界客戶利息支出	(628,370)	(280,201)	(344,118)	-	(4,241)		(1,256,930)
Inter-segment income	跨業務收入	515,277	-	-	-	-	(515,277)	-
Inter-segment expense	跨業務支出	-	(286,607)	(225,872)	(1,098)	(1,700)	515,277	-
Net interest income	淨利息收入	271,843	494,866	221,791	(1,098)	1,438		988,840
Other operating income from external customers	源自外界客戶其他營運收入	276,658	126,953	110,093	(149)	12,758		526,313
Inter-segment revenue	跨業務溢利	_	-	-	-	37,984	(37,984)	-
Fee and commission expense	費用及佣金支出	(38,318)	(4,451)	(19,174)	-	1,456	(21/221/	(60,487)
Other operating income	其他營運收入	238,340	122,502	90,919	(149)	52,198		465,826
Operating income	然课业1	E40 402	647.260	212 710	(1.247)	E2 626		1 454 666
Operating income Operating expenses	營運收入 營運支出	510,183 (424,673)	617,368 (173,229)	312,710 (156,704)	(1,247) (1,374)	53,636 (209,296)		1,454,666 (965,276)
Inter-segment expenses	宮建文山 跨業務支出	(31,528)	(6,296)	(130,704)	(160)	(203,230)	37,984	(303,270)
ппот-зедители ехрепзез	50 未切入山	(31,320)	(0,230)		(100)		37,304	
Operating profit/(loss) before gains and provisions	未計收益及撥備前經營 溢利/(虧損)	53,982	437,843	156,006	(2,781)	(155,660)		489,390
Write back/(charge) for collective impairment	綜合減值之回撥/(扣除)	859	(32,899)	(19)	_	79		(31,980)
Charge for individual impairment	個別減值之扣除	(19,972)	(277,440)	-	-	-		(297,412)
Recovery of loans previously written off	收回已被撤賬之貸款	10,830	9,083	-	182	-		20,095
Impairment loss on available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券之減值虧損	-	-	(197,482)	-	-		(197,482)
Impairment loss on interests in an associate	於聯營公司之權益之減值虧損	-	-	-	-	3,797		3,797
Impairment loss on acquired assets	所得資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	(3,832)	-		(3,832)
Gains less losses from disposal of	出售可供出售資產之							
available-for-sale assets	收益減虧損	-	-	70,783	-	15,474		86,257
Gains less losses from disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產之收益減虧損	-	-	-	-	29,123		29,123
Profit/(loss) before taxation	除税前溢利/(虧損)	45,699	136,587	29,288	(6,431)	(107,187)		97,956
Income tax	所得税	-	-	-	-	2,382		2,382
Minority interest	少數股東權益	-	-	-	-	558		558
Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	股東應佔溢利/(虧損)	45,699	136,587	29,288	(6,431)	(104,247)		100,896
Operating expenses – depreciation	營運支出—折舊	(5,973)	(2,370)	(6,639)	-	(49,936)		(64,918)
Segment assets	業務資產	13,006,973	20,498,312	30,474,836	29,880	1,338,165		65,348,166
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	-	-	-	-	293,746		293,746
Total assets	資產總額	13,006,973	20,498,312	30,474,836	29,880	1,631,911		65,641,912
Segment liabilities	業務負債	31,542,451	15,407,548	13,095,396	-	875,420		60,920,815
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	年度內資本開支	11,891	18,739	27,660	_	_		58,290
				,				

# 16. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

# (a) Business segments (continued)

# 16. 分項資料(續)

# (a) 業務分項(續)

					The Group 本集團			
2007	_零零七年 _~零零七年	Retail Banking 零售銀行 HK\$'000 千港元	Wholesale Banking 批發銀行 HK\$'000 千港元	Financial Markets 金融市場 HK\$*000 千港元	Real Estate 房地產 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分類業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Inter-segment elimination 跨業務轉賬 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 總額 HK\$*000 千港元
Interest income from external customers Interest expense to external customers Inter-segment income	源自外界客戶利息收入 給予外界客戶利息支出 跨業務收入	629,446 (1,025,126) 692,567	1,059,327 (366,945)	1,127,351 (574,621) –	- - -	9,931 (5,690) –	(692,567)	2,826,055 (1,972,382) –
Inter-segment expense	跨業務支出		(308,756)	(377,976)	(2,157)	(3,678)	692,567	-
Net interest income	淨利息收入	296,887	383,626	174,754	(2,157)	563		853,673
Other operating income from external customers Inter-segment revenue	源自外界客戶其他營運收入 跨業務溢利	395,595	111,032	130,305	(468)	8,349 43,991	(43,991)	644,813
Fee and commission expense	費用及佣金支出	(46,374)	(4,402)	(23,524)	-	(2,709)	(10,001)	(77,009)
Other operating income	其他營運收入	349,221	106,630	106,781	(468)	49,631		567,804
Operating income	營運收入	646,108	490,256	281,535	(2,625)	50,194		1,421,477
Operating expenses	營運支出	(367,173)	(136,174)	(133,278)	(1,501)	(196,647)		(834,773)
Inter-segment expenses	跨業務支出	(33,333)	(5,825)	(4,705)	(128)	-	43,991	-
Operating profit/(loss) before gains and provisions	未計收益及撥備前經營 溢利/(虧損)	245,602	348,257	143,552	(4,254)	(146,453)		586,704
Write back/(charge) for collective impairment Charge for individual impairment Recovery of loans previously written off	綜合減值之回發/(扣除) 個別減值之扣除 收回已被撤賬之貸款	3,233 (22,818) 12,443	(3,979) (35,113) 6,871	19 - -	- - 1,726	5 - -		(722) (57,931) 21,040
Impairment loss on available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券之減值虧損	-	-	(162,433)	-	-		(162,433)
Impairment loss on interests in an associate Impairment loss on acquired assets	於聯營公司之權益之減值虧損 所得資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	3,301	(8,255)		(8,255) 3,301
Gains less losses from disposal of	出售可供出售資產之	-	-	_	3,301	_		3,301
available-for-sale assets	收益減虧損	-	-	103,108	-	29,368		132,476
Gains less losses from disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產之收益減虧損		-	-	-	2,887		2,887
Profit/(loss) before taxation Income tax	除税前溢利/(虧損) 所得税	238,460	316,036	84,246	773	(122,448) (56,179)		517,067 (56,179)
Minority interest	少數股東權益	_	_	_	_	110		110
Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders	股東應佔溢利/(虧損)	238,460	316,036	84,246	773	(178,517)		460,998
Operating expenses – depreciation	營運支出-折舊	(15,300)	(1,428)	(6,534)	-	(35,852)		(59,114)
Segment assets	業務資產	12,071,255	19,802,548	27,454,458	57,378	1,237,240		60,622,879
Segment liabilities	業務負債	29,505,347	12,161,146	14,450,889	-	384,033		56,501,415
Capital expenditure incurred during the year	年度內資本開支	19,302	31,665	43,757	-	-		94,724

#### 16. SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

#### (b) Geographical segments

The geographical segmental analysis is based on the locations of the principal operations of the subsidiaries or on the location of the branches of the Bank responsible for reporting the results or booking the assets, the location of customers and the location of assets. For the years ended 31 December 2007 and 2008, all of the Group's operating income and profit before taxation were generated by assets booked by the principal operations of the branches and subsidiaries of the Bank located in Hong Kong. No single country or geographic segment other than Hong Kong contributes 10% or more of the Group's assets, liabilities, profit or loss before taxation, total operating income or contingent liabilities and commitments.

# 16. 分項資料(續)

#### (b) 區域分項

區域分項之資料分析是根據附屬公司之主要 業務所在地點,或按負責報告業績或將資產 入賬之本行分行位置、客戶位置及資產位置 予以披露。截至二零零七年及二零零八年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團之所有營運 收入及除税前溢利均是從位於香港的本行分 行及附屬公司入賬之資產所產生。本集團沒 有在香港以外的單一國家或地區佔有10%或 以上的資產、負債、除税前溢利或虧損、總 營運收入或或然負債及承擔。

The Bank

#### 17. CASH AND SHORT-TERM FUNDS

#### 17. 現金及短期資金

The Group

本集	長團	本	<del>7</del>
2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
120,784	94,286	120,780	94,276
168,543 988,896 6,736,730	208,275 344,359 6,377,681	168,543 976,842 6,736,730	208,275 343,677 6,377,681
8,014,953	7,024,601	8,002,895	7,023,909

Cash in hand 現金 Balances with the Hong Kong 香港金融管理局結餘 Monetary Authority Balances with banks 銀行同業之結餘 通知及短期存款\* Money at call and short notice\*

2008

### 18. PLACEMENTS WITH BANKS MATURING BETWEEN ONE AND TWELVE MONTHS

# 18. 一至十二個月到期之銀行同業放款

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
975,010 852,511	584,992 155,998
1,827,521	740,990

Vlaturing within
-3 months or less but over 1 month
<ul> <li>1 year or less but over 3 months</li> </ul>

以下期間內到期 - 三個月或以下惟一個月以上 --年或以下惟三個月以上

2007

Money at call and short notice represents deposits of up to a maximum of one month maturity from the balance sheet date.

通知及短期存款指由結算日起計最長一個月到期之 存款。

# 19. TRADING SECURITIES

# 19. 持作交易用途之證券

		The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trading securities at fair value	按公平價值訂值之 持作交易用途之證券				
Treasury bills (including Exchange Fund Bills), unlisted Debt securities	國庫券(包括外滙基金 票據),非上市 債務證券	142,967	14,981	142,967	14,981
<ul><li>Listed in Hong Kong</li><li>Unlisted</li></ul>	一於香港上市 一非上市	3,190 4,058	5,266 11,948	3,190 4,058	5,266 11,948
Equity securities  - Listed in Hong Kong	股本證券 一於香港上市	35	349	-	
Total	總值	150,250	32,544	150,215	32,195
Trading securities are issued by:	<i>持作交易用途之證券由以下</i> 機構發行:				
<ul> <li>Central government and central banks</li> </ul>	一中央政府及 中央銀行	142,967	17,378	142,967	17,378
<ul><li>– Public sector entities</li><li>– Banks</li></ul>		7,248 23	14,817 66	7,248	14,817
- Corporate entities	一企業實體	12	283	-	-
		150,250	32,544	150,215	32,195

# 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE 20. 指定為通過損益以反映公平價值之金融資產 **THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS**

			p and the Bank 集團及本行
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Debt securities at fair value  - Listed in Hong Kong  - Listed outside Hong Kong  Total	按公平價值訂值之債務證券 一於香港上市 一於香港以外上市 總值	469,195 231,086 700,281	486,932 392,023 878,955
Financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss are issued by:  - Public sector entities  - Other financial institutions  - Corporate entities	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值之 金融工具由以下機構發行: 一公營機構 一其他金融機構 一企業實體	474,235 148,833 77,213	481,735 315,350 81,870
		700,281	878,955

# 20. FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

Debt securities have been designated as held at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition when the Group holds related derivatives at fair value through profit or loss, and designation therefore eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

#### 21. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The sale to customers of derivatives as risk management products and the subsequent use of derivatives to manage the resulting positions is an integral part of the Group's business activities. These instruments are also used to manage the Group's own exposures to market risk as part of its asset and liability management process. The principal derivatives instruments used by the Group are interest and foreign exchange rate related contracts, which are primarily overthe-counter derivatives. The Group also purchases exchange traded derivatives. Most of the Group's derivatives positions have been entered into to meet customer demand and to hedge these and other trading positions. For accounting purposes, derivatives are classified as either held for trading, qualifying for hedge accounting, or managed in conjunction with financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (a) Notional amounts of derivatives

Derivatives refer to financial contracts whose value depends on the value of one or more underlying assets or indices. The notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the balance sheet date and do not represent amounts at risk. The following is a summary of the notional amounts of each significant type of derivatives entered into by the Group:

# 20. 指定為通過損益以反映公平價值之金融資產

當本集團持有相關通過損益以反映公平價值的衍生工具時,債務證券會於初次確認時指定為通過 損益以反映公平價值,而該指定將消除或明顯減 低否則可能產生的會計錯配。

#### 21. 衍生金融工具

向客戶出售衍生工具以作為風險管理產品及其後 使用衍生工具管理相關持倉,為本集團其中一項 業務。該等工具亦用以管理本集團所承受的市場 風險,作為其資產負債管理的程序一部分。本集 團所採用的衍生工具主要為利率及外滙相關 約,該等合約主要為場外衍生工具。本集團亦部分的衍生工具。 與交易所買賣衍生工具。本集團大部分的衍生工 具持倉均為配合客戶需求以及為對沖該等工 具持倉盤而訂立。就會計目的而言,衍生工具被 交易為持作交易用途、合資格採用對沖會計法或 與指定通過損益以反映公平價值之金融工具共同 進行管理。

#### (a) 衍生工具之名義金額

此等衍生工具指價值視乎一項或多項掛鈎資 產或指數之價值而定之金融合約。此等工具 之名義金額顯示於結算日未平倉之交易量, 而並非代表風險金額。以下為本集團訂立之 各主要類型衍生工具之名義金額之概要:

### (a) Notional amounts of derivatives (continued)

Exchange rate derivatives

- Options purchased

- Other exchange rate derivatives

- Options written

Interest rate derivatives

- Options purchased

Equity derivatives

- Options purchased

- Other equity derivatives

- Options written

– Swaps

Total

- Swaps

- Forwards

– Swaps

滙率衍生工具

一遠期

-掉期

-購入期權

一沽出期權

利率衍生工具

一掉期 -購入期權

股票衍生工具

-購入期權

一沽出期權

- 其他股票衍生工具

1,937,525

- 掉期

總額

- 其他滙率衍生工具

# 21. 衍生金融工具(續)

# (a) 衍生工具之名義金額(續)

The Group	and	the	Bank
本集	團及2	卜行	

		008	
	•	零八年	
	Managed in		
	conjunction with		
	financial instruments		
	designated at fair		
	value through		
Qualifying for	profit or loss		
hedge	與指定為通過損益		
accounting	以反映公平價值	Held for	
合資格採用	之金融工具	trading	Total
對沖會計法	共同進行管理	持作交易用途	總額
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
-	-	12,529,473	12,529,473
-	-	31,679,858	31,679,858
-	-	19,445,806	19,445,806
-	-	19,443,518	19,443,518
-	-	21,700	21,700
-	-	83,120,355	83,120,355
1,937,525	966,542	54,162,230	57,066,297
1,537,525	500,342	402,905	402,905
-		402,305	402,900
1,937,525	966,542	54,565,135	57,469,202
1,007,020	000,012	0 1,000,100	07/100/202
_	_	1,633,600	1,633,600
_	_	83,350	83,350
_	_	83,350	83,350
_	_	233,396	233,396
-	-	2,033,696	2,033,696

966,542

139,719,186

142,623,253

#### (a) Notional amounts of derivatives (continued)

Exchange rate derivatives

- Options purchased

Interest rate derivatives

- Options purchased

- Options written

- Options written

- Forwards

- Swaps

- Swaps

### 21. 衍生金融工具(續)

#### (a) 衍生工具之名義金額(續)

The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2007

二零零十年

Managed in

conjunction with financial instruments designated at fair value through Qualifying for profit or loss 與指定為通過損益 hedge 以反映公平價值 accounting Held for 合資格採用 之金融工具 trading 對沖會計法 共同進行管理 持作交易用途 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 7.641.398 56,693,546 16,242,010 16,241,669 96,818,623

857,989

857,989

Equity derivatives	股票衍生工具				
– Swaps	- 掉期	-	-	861,691	861,691
<ul> <li>Options purchased</li> </ul>	一購入期權	-	-	125,099	125,099
<ul> <li>Options written</li> </ul>	一沽出期權	-	-	125,099	125,099
- Other equity derivatives	- 其他股票衍生工具	_	-	3,179,754	3,179,754
		_	-	4,291,643	4,291,643
Other derivatives	其他衍生工具	-	-	84,492	84,492
Total	總額	1,793,977	857,989	119,020,210	121,672,176

1,793,977

1,793,977

The above amounts are shown on a gross basis without taking into account the effect of any bilateral netting arrangements, and include all embedded derivatives.

滙率衍生工具

-遠期

-掉期

-購入期權

一沽出期權

利率衍生工具

-掉期

-購入期權

- 沽出期權

Derivatives reported as qualifying for hedge accounting represent hedging instruments designated as hedges under HKAS 39.

上述金額以總額顯示,並無計及任何雙邊淨 額結算安排之影響,且已包括所有嵌入式衍 生工具。

17,323,252

302,200

200,000

17,825,452

報告為合資格採用對沖會計法之衍生工具指 根據香港會計準則第39號指定作為對沖之對 沖工具。

Total

總額

HK\$'000

7.641.398

56,693,546

16,242,010

16,241,669

96,818,623

19,975,218

302,200

200,000

20,477,418

千港元

# (b) Fair values and credit risk weighted amounts of derivatives

Credit risk-weighted amount as at 31 December 2008 refers to the amount as computed in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules of the Banking Ordinance. The amount depends on the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics. The risk weights used range from 0% to 150%.

These amounts do not take into account the effect of bilateral netting arrangements and are shown on a gross basis as below:

### 21. 衍生金融工具(續)

# (b) 衍生工具之公平價值及信貸風險加權金額

於二零零八年十二月三十一日之信貸風險加 權金額指根據《銀行業條例》下之《銀行業(資 本)規則》計算之金額。此等金額須視乎交易 對手之現況及到期期限特點而定。所採用之 信貸風險加權比率介乎0%至150%。

該等金額並無計及雙邊淨額結算安排並以總 額顯示如下:

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

			<b>2008</b> 二零零八年			2007 二零零七年	
				Credit risk			Credit risk
				weighted	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	weighted
		Fair value	Fair value Liabilities	amount 信貸風險	Fair value	Fair value Liabilities	amount 信貸風險
		Assets 公平價值資產	LIADIIITIES 公平價值負債	信貝風險 加權金額	Assets 公平價值資產	と Liabilities 公平價值負債	信貝風險 加權金額
		公十俱但貝座 HK\$'000	五十頃祖貝頃 HK\$'000	加催並領 HK\$'000	ム十県国具性 HK\$'000	ム十頃国貝頃 HK\$'000	加催並與 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		17070	17070	17070	17070	17070	17070
Exchange rate derivatives	滙率衍生工具						
– Forwards	- 遠期	544,751	117,693	299,990	212,784	53,636	68,956
- Swaps	- 掉期	938,263	1,119,277	430,405	238,281	175,839	170,514
<ul> <li>Options purchased</li> </ul>	-購入期權	99,574	-	211,047	81,767	-	221,205
<ul> <li>Options written</li> </ul>	一沽出期權	-	99,562	-	-	81,768	-
<ul> <li>Other exchange rate derivatives</li> </ul>	- 其他滙率衍生工具	256	256	181	-	-	-
		1,582,844	1,336,788	941,623	532,832	311,243	460,675
Interest rate derivatives	利率衍生工具						
- Swaps	· 一掉期	615,835	522,800	246,902	244,789	219,135	165,354
- Options purchased	- 購入期權	8,082	J22,000 _	240,302	530	210,100	30
- Options written	一沽出期權	-	_	_	_	149	_
.,							
		623,917	522,800	246,902	245,319	219,284	165,384
Faulity desirestines	股票衍生工具						
Equity derivatives  – Swaps	版示切生工共 一掉期	375,826	375,826	84,858	38,792	38,792	18,510
- Options purchased	- 購入期權	948	373,020	04,030	2,306	50,752	2,079
- Options written	一沽出期權	_	948	_		2,307	2,070
- Other equity derivatives	- 其他股票衍生工具	34,538	34,538	27,610	134,328	134,328	251,353
1 /			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	· ·
		411,312	411,312	112,468	175,426	175,427	271,942
Other derivatives	其他衍生工具	-	235,445	-	2,327	98,786	5,535
Total	總額	2,618,073	2,506,345	1,300,993	955,904	804,740	903,536

# (c) Fair values of derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges consist of interest rate swaps that are used to protect against changes in the fair value of the Bank's subordinated notes issued and certain fixed-rate bond investments due to movements in market interest rates.

The following is a summary of the fair values of derivatives held for hedging purposes entered into by the Group and the Bank:

### 21. 衍生金融工具(續)

### (c) 指定作為對沖工具之衍生工具之公平價值

公平價值對沖

本集團及本行訂立之持作對沖目的之衍生工 具之公平價值摘要如下:

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

20	008	2007			
二零	零八年	二零零	零七年		
Fair value	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value		
Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities		
公平價值資產	公平價值負債	公平價值資產	公平價值負債		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
134,366	52,736	62,672	8,343		

# (d) Remaining life of derivatives instruments

Interest rate derivatives

The following table provides an analysis of the notional amounts of derivatives of the Group and the Bank by relevant maturity grouping based on the remaining periods to settlement at the balance sheet date.

利率衍生工具

#### (d) 衍生工具之剩餘期限

下表為本集團及本行,按於結算日時直至交 收剩餘期限之相關到期組別劃分之衍生工具 名義金額的分析。

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

# Notional amounts with remaining life of

屬以下剩餘年期之名義金額

2008	二零零八年	Total 總額 HK\$′000 千港元	1 year or less 一年或以下 HK\$′000 千港元	Over 1 year to 5 years 一年以上至五年 HK\$′000 千港元	Over 5 Years 五年以上 HK\$′000 千港元
Exchange rate derivatives Interest rate derivatives Equity derivatives	滙率衍生工具 利率衍生工具 股票衍生工具	83,120,355 57,469,202 2,033,696	82,129,053 47,698,855 1,452,736	991,302 8,766,450 580,960	- 1,003,897 -
Total	總額	142,623,253	131,280,644	10,338,712	1,003,897

# (d) Remaining life of derivatives instruments (continued)

2007	二零零七年
Exchange rate derivatives	滙率衍生工具
Interest rate derivatives	利率衍生工具
Equity derivatives	股票衍生工具
Other derivatives	其他衍生工具
Total	總額

# 22. ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS LESS IMPAIRMENT

# (a) Advances to customers less impairment:

Gross advances to customers	客戶貸款總額
Less: Impairment allowances	減:減值撥備
– Individual impairment allowance	-個別減值撥備
- Collective impairment allowance	-綜合減值撥備

# 21. 衍生金融工具(續)

# (d) 衍生工具之剩餘期限(續)

The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

Notional amounts with remaining life of

★ 国外   別 以 十 別 人 口 找 立 1	屬以	餘年期之名義金額
--------------------------	----	----------

	風水 1. 利奶干	州人口我亚识	
	1 year	Over 1 year	Over 5
Total	or less	to 5 years	Years
總額	一年或以下	一年以上至五年	五年以上
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
96,818,623	92,351,568	4,467,055	-
20,477,418	7,591,850	11,454,090	1,431,478
4,291,643	3,614,351	677,292	-
84,492	84,492	-	-
121,672,176	103,642,261	16,598,437	1,431,478

# 22. 客戶貸款減減值

# (a) 客戶貸款減減值:

The G 本集	•	The Bank 本行		
2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	
33,329,796	31,633,012	29,099,339	26,933,980	
(181,872) (114,106)	(72,082) (82,126)	(91,637) (69,169)	(43,001) (55,134)	
33,033,818	31,478,804	28,938,533	26,835,845	

# 22. 客戶貸款減減值(續)

# (b) Movement in impairment allowances on advances to customers:

# (b) 客戶貸款減值撥備變動:

		The G 本集	iroup	The I	
		Individual impairment allowance 個別減值 撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Collective impairment allowance 綜合減值 撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Individual impairment allowance 個別減值 撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Collective impairment allowance 綜合減值 撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日 於收益表扣除之	72,082	82,126	43,001	55,134
Impairment losses charged to income statement (note 10) Impairment allowance released back	減值虧損(附註10) 於收益表撥回之	309,868	31,980	155,945	14,035
to income statement (note 10)	減值撥備(附註10)	(32,551)	_	(21,077)	-
Amounts written off	撇賬金額	(187,622)	-	(99,004)	-
Recoveries of advances written off in previous years	過去年度已撇賬 貸款之收回	20,095	-	12,772	-
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	181,872	114,106	91,637	69,169

		The G 本集		The E	
		Individual	Collective	Individual	Collective
		impairment	impairment	impairment	impairment
		allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
		個別減值	綜合減值	個別減值	綜合減值
		撥備	撥備	撥備	撥備
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2007 Impairment losses charged to	於二零零七年一月一日 於收益表扣除之	81,787	81,404	49,575	62,601
income statement (note 10) Impairment allowance released back	減值虧損(附註10) 於收益表撥回之	71,604	8,189	47,430	_
to income statement (note 10)	減值撥備(附註10)	(34,713)	(7,467)	(27,711)	(7,467)
Amounts written off	撇賬金額	(67,636)	_	(43,607)	_
Recoveries of advances written off	過去年度已撇賬				
in previous years	貸款之收回	21,040	-	17,314	
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	72,082	82,126	43,001	55,134

# (c) Advances to customers analysed by industry sector

The following economic sector analysis of gross advances to customers is based on the categories and definitions used by the HKMA.

# As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

# 22. 客戶貸款減減值(續)

# (c) 按行業分類的客戶貸款

以下客戶貸款總額之經濟行業分析乃根據金 管局使用的組別及定義。

As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日				
		The G	iroup	The I	Bank
		本集	画	本行	
		2008	2007	2008	2007
		二零零八年	二零零十年	二零零八年	二零零十年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	<i>十</i> 工				
Gross advances for use in Hong Kong Industrial, commercial and financial	在香港使用的貸款總額工商金融				
•	上尚立熙 一物業發展	47 500	EO 4E2	47,500	E0 4E2
- Property development		47,500	59,453	•	59,453
- Property investment	一物業投資	8,694,857	5,874,005	8,688,628	5,863,087
- Financial concerns	一金融企業	492,465	678,349	492,350	677,982
- Stockbrokers	一股票經紀	5,413	144,323	5,413	144,323
Wholesale and retail trade	一批發及零售業	96,448	221,630	88,492	210,556
- Manufacturing	-製造業	2,204,099	1,634,110	2,044,667	1,433,723
– Transport and transport equipment	-運輸及運輸設備	752,659	699,036	65,906	42,312
<ul> <li>Information technology</li> </ul>	一資訊科技	14,630	14,395	13,418	12,518
– Others	一其他	2,660,900	2,649,604	2,352,785	2,362,483
Individuals	個人				
<ul> <li>Loans for the purchase of flats</li> </ul>	- 購買 「居者有其屋				
under the Home Ownership	計劃」、「私人參建居屋				
Scheme, Private Sector	計劃」及「租者置				
Participation Scheme and	其屋計劃」或其各自				
Tenants Purchase Scheme	的後繼計劃的樓宇				
or their respective	的貸款				
successor schemes		10,953	7,300	10,953	7,300
<ul> <li>Loans for the purchase of other</li> </ul>	- 購買其他住宅				
residential properties	物業的貸款	7,312,449	7,272,919	7,294,489	7,257,397
- Credit card advances	- 信用卡貸款	554,171	533,187	554,171	533,187
- Others	一其他	1,024,661	894,852	881,917	740,311
		23,871,205	20,683,163	22,540,689	19,344,632
Trade finance	貿易融資	1,849,658	2,169,800	1,849,658	2,169,800
Gross advances for use outside	在香港以外使用的				
Hong Kong	貸款總額	7,608,933	8,780,049	4,708,992	5,419,548
Gross advances to customers	客戶貸款總額	33,329,796	31,633,012	29,099,339	26,933,980
	The state of the s	,,	2.111-12	,,	,,

### (d) Impaired advances to customers

### 22. 客戶貸款減減值(續)

### (d) 客戶減值貸款

### The Group 本集團

		<b>2008</b> 二零零八 <sup>5</sup>	<b>2008</b> 二零零八年		年
		HK\$'000 '% 千港元 '百分比		HK\$'000 千港元	i % i 百分比
Gross impaired advances Individual impairment allowances	減值貸款總額 就減值貸款作出的	407,350	1.22	172,403	0.55
made against impaired loans	個別減值撥備	(181,872)		(72,082)	
		225,478		100,321	
Amount of collateral held in respect of impaired loans <sup>ii</sup>	就減值貸款持有的 抵押品金額 <sup>  </sup>	144,905		108,530	

# The Bank 本行

<b>2008</b> 二零零八:	年	2007 二零零七年		
HK\$'000 千港元	i <b>%</b> i百分比	HK\$'000 千港元	i % i 百分比	
234,519	0.81	105,113	0.39	
(91,637)		(43,001)		
142,882		62,112		
74,771		74,519		

- Gross impaired advances 減值貸款總額 Individual impairment allowances 就減值貸款作出的 made against impaired loans 個別減值撥備
- Amount of collateral held in 就減值貸款持有的 respect of impaired loans ii 抵押品金額 🛚
- i. As a percentage of gross advances to customers.
- ii. Collateral mainly comprises mortgage interests over residential properties, debt securities and cash deposits with the Group. It includes an expected recovery of HK\$24.1 million (2007: HK\$16.4 million) from companies in liquidation.

Impaired advances are individually assessed loans with objective evidence of impairment on an individual basis.

- i. 佔客戶貸款總額之百分比。
- ii. 該等抵押品主要包括居住物業之按揭利息、債 務證券以及存放於本集團之現金存款。包括預 期可從清盤中公司回收之金額24,100,000港元 (二零零七年:16,400,000港元)。

減值貸款是按個別基準在具備客觀的減值證 據下而須作個別評估的貸款。

# (e) Net investment in finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Advances to customers include the net investment in motor vehicles and equipment leased to customers under finance leases and hire purchase contracts having the characteristics of finance leases. The contracts usually run for an initial period of 3 to 5 years, with an option for acquiring the leased asset at nominal value. The total minimum lease payments receivable under finance leases and hire purchase contracts and their present values at the year end are as follows:

#### 22. 客戶貸款減減值(續)

### (e) 融資租賃及租購合約之投資淨額

給予客戶之貸款包括根據融資租賃及具融資 租賃特性之租購合約租予客戶之汽車及設備 的投資淨額。合約一般初步為期三至五年, 附帶按賬面值購買所租用資產之選擇權。根 據融資租賃及租購合約應收之最低租賃還款 總金額及於年結日之現值如下:

		The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行	
		<b>2008</b> 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年	<b>2008</b> 二零零八年	2007 二零零七年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Total minimum lease payments due:	最低租賃還款總金額 到期期限為:				
<ul><li>within 1 year</li><li>after 1 year but within 5 years</li></ul>	年以內 年以後惟五年以內	2,827,481 1,652,424	3,095,811 2,406,166	146,490 13,868	448,426 145,633
– after 5 years	一五年以後	272,055	305,709	-	-
		4,751,960	5,807,686	160,358	594,059
Interest income relating to future periods	與未來期間有關 之利息收入	(398,164)	(588,179)	(7,088)	(36,476)
Present value of the minimum	應收最低租賃還款				
lease payment receivable Collective impairment allowance	之現值 綜合減值撥備	4,353,796 (46,538)	5,219,507 (30,273)	153,270 (1,717)	557,583 (3,234)
Individual impairment allowance	個別減值撥備	(108,084)	(48,236)	(17,849)	(19,155)
Net investment in finance leases	融資租賃及租購合約之				
and hire purchase contracts	投資淨額	4,199,174	5,140,998	133,704	535,194

The maturity profile of the present value of the minimum lease payments before impairment allowances is as follows:

減值撥備前最低租賃還款現值之期限組別如 下:

			The Group 本集團		Bank 行
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years After 5 years	一年以內 一年以後惟五年以內 五年以後	2,576,589 1,546,675 230,532	2,765,976 2,226,139 227,392	139,874 13,396 –	417,786 139,797 –
		4,353,796	5,219,507	153,270	557,583

### 23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES

# 23. 可供出售證券

The Group and the Bank
本集團及本行

		2008	2007
		二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Listed debt securities at fair value  – Listed in Hong Kong	按公平價值訂值之上市債務證券 一於香港上市	2,067,597	2,868,782
<ul> <li>Listed outside Hong Kong</li> </ul>	一於香港以外上市	2,869,603	3,626,868
Listod odtolds Florig Rollig	<b>八日/日/八十</b> 王 (1)	2,000,000	0,020,000
		4,937,200	6,495,650
Unlisted debt securities at fair value  – Treasury bills (including	按公平價值訂值之非上市債務證券 一國庫券(包括外滙基金票據)		
Exchange Fund Bills)	4-40.7%	2,151,272	4,863,805
<ul> <li>Certificates of deposit</li> </ul>	一存款證	472,897	268,901
<ul> <li>Other debt securities</li> </ul>	- 其他債務證券 	4,209,206	5,224,503
		6,833,375	10,357,209
Total debt securities	債務證券總值	11,770,575	16,852,859
Equity shares at fair value  – Listed in Hong Kong  – Unlisted	按公平價值訂值之股票 一於香港上市 一非上市	74,589 244,170	138,442 239,140
		318,759	377,582
Total available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券總值	12,089,334	17,230,441
Available-for-sale securities are issued by:  - Central governments and central banks  - Public sector entities  - Banks  - Other financial institutions  - Corporate entities	可供出售證券由以下機構發行:  一中央政府及中央銀行  一公營機構  一銀行  一其他金融機構  一企業實體	3,743,984 280,419 6,137,612 597,183 1,330,136	7,633,735 84,991 7,866,010 729,669 916,036
		12,089,334	17,230,441

Included in "Other debt securities" as at 31 December 2008 were investments in structured investment vehicles ("SIVs") with a fair value of HK\$16.6 million (2007: HK\$110.6 million). Impairment losses on these investments of HK\$79.5 million (2007: HK\$162.4 million) have been recognised in the income statement in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(m).

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,列賬於「其他債 務證券」包括公平價值為16,600,000港元(二零 零七年:110,600,000港元)之結構性投資工具 (「SIVs」)。該等投資的減值虧損79,500,000港元 (二零零七年:162,400,000元)已根據載於附註 2(m)的會計政策於收益表內確認。

#### 23. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES (continued)

In addition, the Bank had investments in collateralised debt obligations ("CDOs") with a nominal value of US\$30 million (2007: US\$30 million) which are included in "Other debt securities" as at 31 December 2008. The embedded derivatives are bifurcated and marked to market with a revaluation loss of HK\$128.5 million (2007: HK\$90.4 million) charged to the income statement. The carrying value of the investments in CDOs, inclusive of the revaluation loss on the embedded derivatives, as at 31 December 2008 was HK\$13.6 million (2007: HK\$143.6 million)

As at 31 December 2008, certain of the Group's and the Bank's available-for-sale equity securities with a fair value of HK\$74.6 million (2007: Nil) were individually determined to be impaired on the basis of a significant or prolonged decline in their fair value below cost. Impairment losses on these investments of HK\$118.0 million (2007: Nil) were recognised in the income statement in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(m).

#### 24. OTHER LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

- Corporate entities

#### 23. 可供出售證券(續)

此外,本行擁有面值為30,000,000美元(二零零七年:30,000,000美元)之債務抵押證券(「CDOs」),並已計入二零零八年十二月三十一日之「其他債務證券」。其中嵌入式衍生工具與主合約分開並按重估虧損128,500,000港元(二零零七年:90,400,000港元)(已於損益表內扣除)計至市值。債務抵押證券投資的賬面值(包括嵌入式衍生工具的重估虧損)於二零零八年十二月三十一日為13,600,000港元(二零零七年:143,600,000港元)。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,本集團及本行若 干可供出售權益證券公平價值74,600,000港元(二 零零七年:零),因公平價值長期跌至低於成本而 被個別釐定為已減值證券。這些投資的減值虧損 118,000,000港元(二零零七年:零),已根據附 註2(m)所載列的會計政策在收益表內確認。

#### 24. 其他貸款及應收款項

### The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2007

2008

二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,745,286	_
2,685,023	-
1,060,263	-
3,745,286	-
3,723,191	-
22,095	-
3,745,286	_

Debt securities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之債務證券

Of which:

- Listed outside Hong Kong

- Unlisted

Other loans and receivable securities are issued by:

- Banks

按攤銷成本計量之債務證券

- 香港以外上市

- 非上市

其他貸款及應收款項

證券由以下機構發行:

- 銀行

一企業實體

Pursuant to the amendments to HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7 described in note 2(b), the Group and the Bank reclassified certain available-for-sale investment securities which met the definition of loans and receivables (if they had not been designated as available-for-sale) and for which there was no longer an active market to loans and receivables during the year.

根據香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂(見附註2(b)),年內,本集團及本行已將若干符合貸款及應收款項定義(如其並未被指定為可供出售類別)及不存在活躍市場之可供出售投資證券重新分類至貸款及應收款項。

#### 24. OTHER LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (continued)

Under HKAS 39 as amended, the reclassifications were made with effect from the dates at which the criteria for reclassification were met at the fair value at those dates. Fair value and carrying value of these securities on the dates of reclassification, the earliest being 1 August 2008, were HK\$3,723.9 million. As at 31 December 2008, the fair value of the reclassified debt securities is HK\$3,387.9 million (2007: No such reclassification permitted).

The interest income recognised in the income statement during 2008 before the reclassification was HK\$114.3 million. The interest income recognised in the income statement after the reclassification was HK\$74.0 million.

The fair value loss recognised in the investment revaluation reserve during 2008 before the reclassification was HK\$83.6 million (2007: HK\$36.0 million). The fair value loss that would have been recognised in the investment revaluation reserve if the debt securities had not been reclassified would be HK\$342.4 million (2007: No such reclassification permitted).

At the time of reclassification, the effective interest rates ranged from 2.9% to 9.2% and the amounts of cash flows expected to be recovered were HK\$3.885.8 million.

The above reclassified debt securities are neither past due nor impaired as at 31 December 2008.

# **25. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS**

#### 24. 其他貸款及應收款項(續)

根據經修訂之香港會計準則第39號,重新分類自符合重新分類條件之日生效,而重新分類乃按生效當日之公平價值作出。該等證券於重新分類日期(最早為二零零八年八月一日)之公平價值及賬面值均為3,723,900,000港元。於二零零八年十二月三十一日,經重新分類之債務證券的公平價值為3,387,900,000港元(二零零七年:並無獲准該等重新分類)。

於二零零八年內在收益表內確認之利息收入,於重新分類前確認為114,300,000港元。於重新分類後在收益表內確認之利息收入為74,000,000港元。

於二零零八年內在投資重估儲備中確認之公平價值虧損,於重新分類前確認為83,600,000港元(二零零七年:36,000,000港元)。倘債務證券並未重新分類,於投資重估儲備中確認之公平價值虧損將為342,400,000港元(二零零七年:並無獲准該等重新分類)。

於重新分類時,實際利率介乎2.9%至9.2%,預計將收回之現金流金額為3,885,800,000港元。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,上述經重新分類 債務證券既未逾期亦無減值。

# 25. 持至到期投資

#### The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
COE 77C	
635,776	_
259,814	_
895,590	_
647,286	_
90,468	-
157,836	-
005 500	
895,590	_
659,453	_
273,429	-
932,882	-

Debt securities at amortised cost  – Listed outside Hong Kong  – Unlisted	按攤銷成本計量之債務證券 一於香港以外上市 一非上市
Held-to-maturity investments are issued by: Banks Other financial institutions Corporate entities	持有至到期之投資由以下機構發行: 銀行 其他金融機構 企業實體
Fair value of held-to-maturity investments:  – Listed securities  – Unlisted securities	持至到期投資之公平價值 一上市證券 一非上市證券

#### **26. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

#### 26. 於聯營公司之權益

		The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行	
		<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted shares, at cost Advances Share of net assets Provisional goodwill	非上市股份,按成本值 貸款 應佔資產淨值 暫時性商譽	5,761 8,492 231,983 60,064	5,761 10,590 – –	297,808 8,492 - -	5,761 10,590 –
		306,300	16,351	306,300	16,351
Less: Impairment allowance on unlisted shares Impairment allowance for	減:非上市股份之減值撥備 向一間聯營公司	(5,761)	(5,761)	(5,761)	(5,761)
advances to an associate	貸款之減值撥備	(6,793)	(10,590)	(6,793)	(10,590)
		293,746	_	293,746	

On 5 December 2008, the Bank subscribed for shares of Xiamen City Commercial Bank ("XCCB"), representing 19.99% of the enlarged issued share capital of XCCB, for a consideration of approximately RMB230 million. In addition, the Bank agreed to give up to RMB27 million of its share of future dividends from XCCB to the existing shareholders of XCCB as a deferred payment of consideration. The carrying amount of HK\$292.0 million for the Bank's interest in XCCB includes provisional goodwill of HK\$60.1 million.

The Bank is entitled to appoint three directors to the new and expanded board of XCCB which will comprise eleven directors. In view of the Bank's representation on the Board of Directors, XCCB is accounted for as an associated company as the directors believe they have significant influence.

The Group did not recognise its share of post-acquisition, post-tax results of XCCB for 2008 as the amount is immaterial.

於二零零八年十二月五日,本行認購廈門市商 業銀行(「廈商行」)之股份,相當於廈商行經擴 大已發行股本的19.99%,涉及之代價約為人民 幣230,000,000元。此外,本行同意給予廈商 行之現行股東,其分佔未來股息當中的人民幣 27,000,000 元作為代價的遞延付款。本行於廈商 行之權益的賬面額292,000,000港元包括暫時性 商譽60,100,000港元。

本行有權委任三位董事加入廈商行新設及經擴大 的董事會(將由十一位董事組成)。鑒於本行於 董事會的代表人數,董事認為彼等具有重大影響 力,因此廈商行作為一間聯營公司入賬。

本集團並無確認其分佔二零零八年廈商行的收購 後、除税後業績,因為金額微不足道。

# 26. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

# 26. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

The associates of the Bank are as follows:

本行之聯營公司如下:

		e of establishme and operati 註冊成立及營運地	on owne	Proportion of rship interest 擁有權益比例	Princi	pal activities 主要業務
IBA Finance Corporation		The Philippir 菲律		40.00%	and lea	n of financing asing services 材務及租賃服務
Xiamen City Commercial Ba 廈門市商業銀行	nnk	The Peopl Republic of Ch 中華人民共和	ina	19.99%	related fina	f banking and ance services 及相關金融服務
The Group has not equity accounted for the investments in IBA						
Summary of financial inform	nation on associate:		有關	<b>褟聯營公司的財</b> 務	8資料概要:	
		Assets 資產 HK\$′000 千港元	Liabilities 負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity 權益 HK\$'000 千港元	Revenues 收入 HK\$'000 千港元	Profit/(loss) 溢利/(虧損) HK\$'000 千港元
2008 100 per cent Group's effective interest	<b>二零零八年</b> 100% 本集團的實際利息	19,450,004 3,888,056	18,289,507 3,656,073	1,160,497 231,983	815,091 -	51,829 -

### **27. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

# 27. 附屬公司投資

% of

The Bank 本行

2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零七年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元 千港元

Unlisted shares, at cost

非上市股份,按成本值

Issued and fully

125,507 144,863

All principal subsidiaries which affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group, are directly owned by the Bank. Details of principal subsidiaries as of 31 December 2008 are as follows:

主要影響本集團業績、資產或負債之全部主要附 屬公司均由本行直接擁有。關於各主要附屬公司 於二零零八年十二月三十一日之資料詳述如下:

		paid-up ordinary share capital 已發行及繳足 之普通股股本	ownership interest held 所持 股權百分比	Net profit for the year 年度淨溢利	Principal activities 主要業務
Incorporated and operating in Hong Kong	於香港註冊成立及運作				
Fubon Credit (Hong Kong) Limited	富邦財務(香港) 有限公司	HK\$65,000,000 65,000,000港元	100% 100%	HK\$68,685,000 68,685,000港元	Deposit taking and finance 接受存款及財務
Fubon (Hong Kong) Trustee	富邦(香港)信託	HK\$5,000,000	100%	HK\$127,000	Trustee services
Limited	有限公司	5,000,000港元	100%	127,000港元	信託服務
FB Securities (Hong Kong)	富銀證券(香港)	HK\$8,000,000	100%	HK\$41,618,000	Securities broking
Limited	有限公司	8,000,000港元	100%	41,618,000港元	證券經紀
FB Investment Management	富銀投資管理	HK\$8,000,000	100%	HK\$3,312,000	Fund management
Limited	有限公司	8,000,000港元	100%	3,312,000港元	資金管理
Fubon Nominees (Hong Kong)	Fubon Nominees (Hong Kong)	HK\$200	100%	HK\$14,000	Nominee service
Limited	Limited	200港元	100%	14,000港元	代理人服務

#### 28. FIXED ASSETS 28. 固定資產

		Premises 物業 HK\$′000 千港元	The Group 本集團 Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2008 Additions Disposals	成本值或估值 於二零零八年一月一日 添置 出售	1,120,170 - (27,572)	539,638 58,290 (7,428)	1,659,808 58,290 (35,000)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	1,092,598	590,500	1,683,098
Representing: Cost Valuation – 1991	<b>代表:</b> 成本值 估值——九九一年	1,019,985 72,613	590,500	1,610,485 72,613
		1,092,598	590,500	1,683,098
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2008 Charge for the year Released on disposal	<b>累計折舊</b> 於二零零八年一月一日 年內折舊 出售之抵免	140,103 12,637 (4,696)	377,385 52,281 (6,891)	517,488 64,918 (11,587)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	148,044	422,775	570,819
Net book value At 31 December 2008	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零零八年十二月三十一日	944,554	167,725	1,112,279
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	980,067	162,253	1,142,320

# 28. 固定資產(續)

			The Group 本集團	
		Premises 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2007	<b>成本值或估值</b> 於二零零十年一月一日	1,132,743	450,964	1,583,707
Additions	が一 <del>くくでに十</del> カーロ 添置	1,132,743	94,724	94,724
Disposals	出售	(12,573)	(6,050)	(18,623)
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	1,120,170	539,638	1,659,808
Representing:	代表:			
Cost Valuation – 1991	成本值 估值-一九九一年	1,047,557 72,613	539,638 -	1,587,195 72,613
		1,120,170	539,638	1,659,808
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
At 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日	127,559	336,892	464,451
Charge for the year	年內折舊	12,837	46,277	59,114
Released on disposal	出售之抵免	(293)	(5,784)	(6,077)
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	140,103	377,385	517,488
Net book value	賬面淨值			
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	980,067	162,253	1,142,320
At 31 December 2006	於二零零六年十二月三十一日	1,005,184	114,072	1,119,256

# 28. 固定資產(續)

			The Bank 本行	
		Premises 物業 HK\$′000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢俬、裝置 及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost or valuation At 1 January 2008 Additions Disposals	<b>成本值或估值</b> 於二零零八年一月一日 添置 出售	1,083,421 – (27,572)	537,282 57,392 (6,843)	1,620,703 57,392 (34,415)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	1,055,849	587,831	1,643,680
Representing: Cost Valuation – 1991	<b>代表:</b> 成本值 估值——九九一年	983,236 72,613 1,055,849	587,831 - 587,831	1,571,067 72,613 1,643,680
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2008 Charge for the year Released on disposal	<b>累計折舊</b> 於二零零八年一月一日 年內折舊 出售之抵免	136,052 12,312 (4,696)	375,644 51,915 (6,749)	511,696 64,227 (11,445)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	143,668	420,810	564,478
Net book value At 31 December 2008	<b>賬面淨值</b> 於二零零八年十二月三十一日	912,181	167,021	1,079,202
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	947,369	161,638	1,109,007

# 28. 固定資產(續)

			The Bank 本行	
			Furniture, fixtures and	
			equipment	
		Premises	<b>傢俬、裝置</b>	Total
		物業	及設備	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Cost or valuation	成本值或估值			
At 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日	1,095,994	449,135	1,545,129
Additions	添置	_	94,197	94,197
Disposals	出售	(12,573)	(6,050)	(18,623)
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	1,083,421	537,282	1,620,703
Representing:	代表:			
Cost	成本值	1,010,808	537,282	1,548,090
Valuation – 1991	估值-一九九一年	72,613	_	72,613
		1,083,421	537,282	1,620,703
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
At 1 January 2007	二零零七年一月一日	123,833	335,213	459,046
Charge for the year	年內折舊	12,512	46,215	58,727
Released on disposal	出售之抵免	(293)	(5,784)	(6,077)
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	136,052	375,644	511,696
Net book value				
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	947,369	161,638	1,109,007
At 31 December 2006	於二零零六年十二月三十一日	972,161	113,922	1,086,083

The net book value of those premises which have been stated in the balance sheet at valuation would have been as follows had they been stated at cost less accumulated depreciation:

按估值列入資產負債表內之物業之賬面淨值若以 成本值減累計拆舊列賬,其賬面淨值如下:

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
14,783	15,188

Net book value at 31 December 於十二月三十一日的賬面淨值

The analysis of net book value of premises is as follows:

### 28. 固定資產(續)

該等物業的賬面淨值分析如下:

The Group 本集團			Bank 行
2008	2007	2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
620,421	646,962	588,048	614,264
324,133	333,105	324,133	333,105
944,554	980,067	912,181	947,369

29. GOODWILL

Premises held in Hong Kong

- Long term leases (over 50 years)

- Medium term leases (10-50 years)

# 29. 商譽

		本纬	本集團	
		<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Cost and carrying amounts At 1 January Acquisition	成本及賬面值 於一月一日 收購	514 60,064	- 514	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	60,578	514	

於香港持有的物業

-長期租約(超過五十年)

-中期租約(十年至五十年)

The goodwill of HK\$514,000 in respect of the Group's interest in a subsidiary has been included in "accrued interest and other accounts". Provisional goodwill of HK\$60.1 million in respect of the Group's interest in an associate has been included in "Interests in associates"

本集團就有關於一間附屬公司之權益之商譽為514,000港元,已列賬於「應計利息及其他賬目」。本集團就有關於一間聯營公司之權益之暫時性商譽為60,100,000港元,已列賬於「聯營公司之權益」。

The Group

#### 29. GOODWILL (continued)

# Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units (CGU) which are identified according to country of operation and business segment. The aggregate carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each unit are as follows:

Xiamen City Commercial Bank Fubon Capital (HK) Limited

廈門市商業銀行 富邦融資(香港)有限公司

No impairment losses on goodwill were recognised during 2008 (2007: Nil).

The recoverable amounts for both cash-generating units have been calculated based on their value in use.

Value in use for each unit was determined by discounting the future cash flows expected to be generated from the continuing use of the unit. Future cash flows were projected (based on budgets and forecasts approved by management covering 3 years) and extrapolated for a further 5 years using estimated long-term growth rate, currently 5% per annum. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the business in which the CGU operates. In assessing impairment of goodwill, the Group assumed growth at a steady rate in line with long-term forecast GDP growth. The discount rate, currently at 6.58%, is based on the Bank's weighted average cost of capital and reflects specific risks relating to the CGU.

### 29. 商譽(續)

#### 包含商譽之現金產生單位的減值測試

就減值測試而言, 商譽乃分配予根據營運國家及 業務分類而識別之本集團現金產生單位(「現金產 生單位」)。向每個單位分配之商譽賬面值總額如 下:

### The Group 本集團

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
60,064	-
514	514
60,578	514

於二零零八年內,並無確認商譽之減值虧損(二零 零七年:零)。

兩項現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據使用價值 計算。

各個單位之使用價值乃通過折算預計從單位之持 續使用中產生之未來現金流而釐定。未來現金流 推斷(乃按管理層批准之三個年度之財政預算及預 測)並採用估計長期增長率來推斷未來五年的現金 流量,現時為每年5%。增長率並不會超過現金 產生單位所經營業務的長期平均增長率。於評估 商譽減值時,本集團假定穩定增長率與長期預測 GDP增長率一致。折現率現時為6.58%,乃根據 本行的加權平均資金成本計算,並反映與現金產 生單位有關的特定風險。

# **30. DEPOSITS AND BALANCES OF BANKS**

# 30. 銀行同業之存款及結餘

	The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行		
	<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>2008</b> 二零零八年 <b>HK\$′000</b> 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	
款及結餘 理局之	1,758,303	1,130,598	1,758,240	1,130,593	
	228,711	327,247	228,711	327,247	
	1,987,014	1,457,845	1,986,951	1,457,840	

Deposits and balances of banks
Deposits and balances of the
Hong Kong Monetary Authority

最行同業之存款
於香港金融管理
存款及結餘

### **31. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS**

# 31. 客戶存款

The Group 本集團		The l	
2008	2007	<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
5,834,870	6,438,831	5,834,870	6,438,831
879,032	957,426	879,032	957,426
3,256,057	2,881,912	3,256,057	2,881,454
38,027,628	31,195,822	38,027,628	31,121,870
47,997,587	41,473,991	47,997,587	41,399,581

Demand deposits and current accounts 活期及往來存款 Savings deposits 儲蓄存款 Call deposits 通知存款 Time deposits 定期存款

### **32. TRADING LIABILITIES**

# 32. 交易賬項下之負債

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
116,145	11,673

Short positions in Exchange Fund Bills/Notes 外滙基金票據/債券之短倉

### 33. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### 33. 指定為透過損益以反映公平價值之金融負債

### The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零十年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元

220,446

Zero coupon bond issued

已發行零息債券

The zero coupon bond with a face value of HK\$520 million and issue price of 48.076615% was issued by the Bank on 12 April 2007. The maturity date for the bond is 12 April 2022 but it can be called by 12 April 2017 on the 10th anniversary of issuance. At the same time, the Bank entered into an interest rate swap to hedge the interest rate risk associated with the bond. Under the terms of the interest rate swap, the Bank makes quarterly floating rate interest payments and receives fixed rate interest income.

The carrying amount of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at 31 December 2008 was HK\$346.6 million (2007: HK\$299.6 million) lower than the contractual amount at maturity for the Group and the Bank.

The zero coupon bond issued is measured at fair value using valuation techniques based on observable market conditions existing at balance sheet date; however, data in respect of the Bank's credit risk volatilities and correlations require management's estimation. The total amount of the change in the fair value of the zero coupon bond recognised in the income statement during the year is HK\$47.0 million (2007: HK\$35.7 million), of which HK\$106.9 million (2007: HK\$51.5 million) is attributable to widening of credit spread in line with the overall market conditions.

To the extent the Bank's credit risk volatilities, that are not supported by observable market prices are altered by 10% in either direction the fair value of the zero coupon bond would be either higher by HK\$13.1 million (2007: HK\$6.8 million) or lower by HK\$14.0 million (2007: HK\$6.7 million).

本行於二零零七年四月十二日發行票面值為 520,000,000港元的零息債券,發行價為票面值 之48.076615%。債券於二零二二年四月十二日 到期,惟可於發行第十调年,即二零一七年四月 十二日被贖回。同時,本行為對沖與債券有關之 利率風險而訂立了一份利率掉期合約。根據該利 率掉期合約之條款,本行每季按浮動利率支付利 息,並按固定利率收取利息。

173,405

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,指定為通過損益 以反映公平價值之金融負債之賬面值比本集團及 本行之合約到期日金額低346,600,000港元(二零 零七年:299,600,000港元)。

已發行零息債券乃透過基於於結算日的可觀察的 市場狀況的估值法按公平價值計算,然而,有關 銀行信貸風險變動及相關性之數據需管理層作出 估計。本年度於收益表內確認的零息債券的公平 價值變動總額為47,000,000港元(二零零七年: 35,700,000港元)。其中106,900,000港元(二零 零七年:51,500,000港元)乃因與整體市況一致的 信貸擴大所致。

倘非由顯著市價支持的銀行信貸風險在任何方 向變動達10%,零息債券的公平價值可能高 13,100,000港元(二零零七年:6,800,000港元) 或低 14,000,000 港元 (二零零七年: 6,700,000 港 元)。

#### 34. CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED

#### 34. 已發行存款證

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$′000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
811,981	549,750
141,400	1,611,900
6,800	–
960.181	2.161.650

3 months or less but not repayable on demand 即時還款
1 year or less but over 3 months
5 years or less but over 1 year 五年或以下惟一年以上

All certificates of deposit issued are measured at amortised cost.

所有已發行存款證均按攤銷成本列賬。

#### **35. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED**

# 35. 已發行債務證券

# The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2000

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
1.162.515	1,169,985
736,467	423,192
1,898,982	1,593,177

The floating rate notes and variable coupon rate notes issued represent the notes issued by the Bank under the Bank's Euro Medium Term Note Programme. These notes issued are measured at amortised cost.

The floating rate notes of face values and carrying amounts of USD 150 million (equivalent to HK\$1,162 million) were issued by the Bank on 4 April 2006 bearing interest at the rate of three-month USD LIBOR plus 0.22% per annum, payable quarterly. The maturity date for the notes is 6 April 2009.

The variable coupon rate notes issued by the Bank are denominated in HKD, USD, AUD and NZD, and mature at various dates through 2017.

發行浮息票據及多個息率的票據指本行根據其歐 元中期票據計劃發行之票據。該等已發行票據乃 按攤銷成本計量。

本行於二零零六年四月四日發行票面值及賬面金額為150,000,000美元(相當於1,162,000,000港元)的浮息票據,該等票據之年息率為倫敦銀行同業對三個月美元拆息利率加0.22%,須每季付息一次。該等票據的到期日為二零零九年四月六日。

本行發行多個息率的票據,以港元、美元、澳元 及紐元定值並有多個不同到期日至二零一七年。

# **36. OTHER ACCOUNTS AND LIABILITIES**

# 36. 其他賬目及負債

iroup		Bank
[團	本	行
2007	2008	2007
二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
6,080,278	2,490,571	6,080,278
1,074,873	1,004,028	793,828
7,155,151	3,494,599	6,874,106
	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元 6,080,278 1,074,873	本 2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元 6,080,278 1,074,873 2,490,571 1,004,028

#### 其他金融負債 Other financial liabilities Accounts payable and other liabilities 應付賬項及其他負債

# 37. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET

# (a) Current taxation in the balance sheet represents:

# 37. 資產負債表內之所得税

# (a) 計入資產負債表之本年度税項為:

		The Group		The Bank		
		本第		本行		
		2008	2007	2008	2007	
		二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Provision for Hong Kong Profits	年內香港利得稅					
Tax for the year	準備	25,155	54,486	_	13,106	
Provisional Profits Tax paid	已付暫繳利得税	(27,624)	(49,901)	-	(21,711)	
Delegge of Profits Tay provision	<b>孟</b> 源分年序到很积	(2,469)	4,585	-	(8,605)	
Balance of Profits Tax provision relating to prior years	承過往年度利得税 準備結餘	(14,217)	3,237	(12,652)	3,190	
		(16,686)	7,822	(12,652)	(5,415)	
Representing:	代表:					
Hong Kong Profits Tax recoverable*	可收回之已付香港利得税*	(17,070)	(5,415)	(12,652)	(5,415)	
Provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax*	香港利得税準備*	384	13,237	-	-	
		(16,686)	7,822	(12,652)	(5,415)	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts of taxation recoverable and payable are expected to be settled within 1 year and are included in the "Accrued interest and other accounts" and "Other accounts and liabilities" respectively.

<sup>\*</sup> 可收回及應繳税項金額預計於一年內清償。此 等項目分別包括在「應計利息及其他賬目」以 及「其他賬目及負債」內。

# 37. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET (continued)

# (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

# 37. 資產負債表內之所得税(續)

# (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債

於綜合資產負債表內確認之遞延税項資 產/(負債)之各組成部分及年內之變動如 下:

The Group 本集團

		Depreciation allowances in excess of related depreciation 超過有關 折舊的折 舊免稅額 HK\$'000	Defined benefit scheme assets 定額福利 計劃資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Collective impairment allowance 綜合 減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Cash rebate adjustment 現金 回贈之 調整 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of available- for-sale securities 可供出售 證券重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of premises 物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Other 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2007 (Charged)/credited to Consolidated income	於二零零七年一月一日 綜合收益表之(支出)/ 進脹(附註12(a))	(6,035)	(2,899)	14,247	(672)	(4,336)	(6,911)	211	(6,395)
statement (note 12(a))		(4,851)	-	126	672	-	121	(118)	(4,050)
Credited to reserves (Note 41)	儲備進賬(附註41)	_	-	-	-	33,078	-	-	33,078
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	(10,886)	(2,899)	14,373	-	28,742	(6,790)	93	22,633
At 1 January 2008 Effect on deferred tax balances at 1 January resulting from a change in tax rate:	於二零零八年一月一日 於一月一日因稅革變動產生 之遞延稅項結餘之影響:	(10,886)	(2,899)	14,373	-	28,742	(6,790)	93	22,633
- Credited/(charged) to income statement (Note 12(a))	- 收益表之進赈/(支出) (附註12(a))	622	166	(821)	-	-	388	(6)	349
- Credited to reserves (Note 41) (Charged)/credited to	-儲備進脹(附註41) 綜合收益表之(支出)/	-	-	-	-	(1,642)	-	-	(1,642)
Consolidated income statement (note 12(a))	進脹(附註12(a))	(2,435)	-	5,276	-	-	114	24,740	27,695
Credited to reserves (Note 41)	儲備進脹(附註41)	-	-	-	-	33,235	-	-	33,235
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	(12,699)	(2,733)	18,828	-	60,335	(6,288)	24,827	82,270

# 37. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET (continued)

# (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised (continued)

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

# 37. 資產負債表內之所得税(續)

# (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債(續)

年內,於資產負債表內確認之遞延稅項資 產/(負債)之各組成部分之變動如下:

The Bank 本行

		Depreciation allowances in excess of related depreciation 超過有關 折舊免稅額 HK\$'000 千港元	Defined benefit scheme assets 定額福利計劃資產 HK\$'000	Collective impairment allowance 综合 減值撥備 HK\$*000 千港元	Cash rebate adjustment 現金 回贈之 調整 HK\$*000 千港元	Revaluation of available- for-sale securities 可供出售 證券重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of premises 物業重估 HK\$'000 千港元	Other 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2007 (Charged)/credited to	於二零零七年一月一日 收益表之(支出)/	(5,200)	(2,899)	10,956	(672)	(4,336)	(6,911)	211	(8,851)
income statement	進賬	(4,733)	-	(1,307)	672	-	121	(118)	(5,365)
Credited to reserves (Note 41)	儲備進賬(附註41)		-	-	-	33,078	-	-	33,078
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	(9,933)	(2,899)	9,649	-	28,742	(6,790)	93	18,862
At 1 January 2008 Effect on deferred tax balances at 1 January resulting from a change in tax rate:	於二零零八年一月一日 於一月一日因稅率變動產生 之遞延稅項結餘之影響:	(9,933)	(2,899)	9,649	-	28,742	(6,790)	93	18,862
- Credited/(charged) to income statement	- 收益表之進賬/(支出)	568	166	(551)	-	-	388	(6)	565
- Credited to reserves (Note 41)	-儲備進脹(附註41)	_	-	-	-	(1,642)	_	-	(1,642)
(Charged)/credited to income statement	收益表之(支出)/ 進脹	(2,391)	-	2,315	-	-	114	24,107	24,145
Credited to reserves (Note 41)	儲備進脹(附註41)	-	-	-	-	33,235	-	-	33,235
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	(11,756)	(2,733)	11,413	-	60,335	(6,288)	24,194	75,165

#### 37. INCOME TAX IN THE BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised is summarised as follows:

#### 37. 資產負債表內之所得税(續)

The Group

#### (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債(續)

已確認遞延税項資產及負債概述如下:

The Rank

Tile	iroup	THE DAIK			
本集	画	本	行		
2008	2007	2008	2007		
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
82,367	22,723	75,165	18,862		
(97)	(90)	-	-		
82,270	22,633	75,165	18,862		

Net deferred tax asset recognised on the balance sheet Net deferred tax liability recognised on the balance sheet 於資產負債表內確認之 遞延税項資產淨額 於資產負債表內確認之 遞延税項負債淨額

#### (c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities unrecognised

The Group has no material unrecognised deferred tax asset or liability as at 31 December 2008 (2007: HK\$Nil).

# **38. SUBORDINATED NOTES ISSUED**

Subordinated notes of face value of USD 200 million (equivalent to HK\$1,550.0 million) and carrying amount of HK\$1,684.4 million which qualifying as supplementary capital were issued by the Bank on 25 April 2006. The notes bear interest at 6.125% per annum for the period from the issuance date to 26 April 2011, payable semi-annually. The notes carry a one-time call option exercisable by the Bank on 26 April 2011. If the call option is not exercised, the interest rate for the subordinated notes will be reset at the United States treasury rate plus 1.93875% for the period from 27 April 2011 to the final maturity date on 26 April 2016, payable semi-annually.

The carrying amount of the subordinated notes includes an adjustment of HK\$134.4 million (2007: HK\$62.7 million) due to the application of fair value hedge accounting.

#### (c) 未確認之遞延税項資產及負債

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,本集團並無重大未確認之遞延税項資產或負債(二零零七年:零)。

### 38. 已發行後償票據

本行於二零零六年四月二十五日發行票面值200,000,000美元(相當於1,550,000,000港元)及賬面金額1,684,400,000港元符合二級資本準則之後償票據。該等票據由發行日期起至二零一一年四月二十六日止期間按年息率6.125%計息,須每半年付息一次。該等票據附帶一次性贖回選擇權,可由本行於二零一一年四月二十六日行使。倘該項贖回選擇權未獲行使,該等後償票據於二零一一年四月二十七日起至最終到期日二零一六年四月二十六日止期間之利率將重定為美國國庫債券利率加1.93875%,並維持每半年付息一次。

上述後償票據之賬面金額已計入因採用公平價值 對沖會計法而作出之調整134,400,000港元(二零 零七年:62,700,000港元)。

#### 39. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 39. 股本

		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 1,406,592,000 (2007: 1,406,592,000) ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	法定股本: 1,406,592,000股(二零零七年: 1,406,592,000股)每股面值 1港元之普通股	1,406,592	1,406,592
1,172,160,000 (2007: nil) irredeemable cumulative preference shares of US\$0.10237 each	1,172,160,000股(二零零七年:零) 每股面值0.10237美元之 不可贖回累積優先股	929,966	
		2,336,558	1,406,592
Issued and fully paid: Ordinary shares Irredeemable cumulative preference shares	<i>已發行及繳足:</i> 普通股 不可贖回累積優先股	1,172,160 925,359	1,172,160 _
		2,097,519	1,172,160

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at a general meeting of the Bank. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Bank's residual assets.

On 23 December 2008, the Bank issued 1,172,160,000 irredeemable cumulative preference shares with nominal value of US\$0.10237 per share, which bear a cumulative preference dividend at a fixed rate of 9% per annum on their nominal amount and rank in priority to the ordinary shares with respect to the payment of dividends and any return of capital. Irredeemable cumulative preference shares do not carry voting rights. The Bank may elect not to declare or pay the preference dividend if, during the 12 calendar months preceding a date on which the preference dividend is due to be paid in respect of the preference shares, no dividend or distribution or other payment has been declared or paid on any class of the share capital of the Bank. The deferred preference dividends will not themselves bear interest and the terms of the preference shares will not provide for payment of any form of compensation to the preference shareholders other than payment of the preference dividend.

# **40. SHARE PREMIUM**

The application of the share premium account is governed by section 48B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

普通股持有人有權不時收取股息及有權於本行之 股東大會上就每股投一票。所有普通股對本行之 剩餘資產享有同等地位。

於二零零八年十二月二十三日,本行發行 1,172,160,000股每股面值為0.10237美元之不 可贖回累積優先股,每股不可贖回累積優先股根 據其面值按固定年息率9%計息,並優先於普通 股支付股息及返還股本。不可贖回累積優先股不 享有投票權。如果於就優先股應予以支付之優先 股股息之日期前十二個曆月內,並無就本行任何 類別股本而宣派或支付任何股息或分派或其他付 款,則本行可選擇不宣派或支付優先股股息。遞 延優先股股息本身並不計息,且除支付優先股息 外,將不會就優先股之條款向優先股股東支付任 何形式之補償。

#### 40. 股份溢價

股份溢價賬之應用受香港《公司條例》第48B條監 管。

## 41. RESERVES 41. 儲備

				The Gro 本集團			
		Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回 儲構 HK\$*000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Regulatory reserve 法定 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Investment revaluation reserve 投資重估 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留 溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日	372,000	-	129,572	52,373	1,503,147	2,057,092
Profit after tax for the year Realisation of revaluation surplus of available-for-sale	年內除税後溢利 可供出售證券 之重估盈餘變現	-	-	-	-	460,998	460,998
securities (Note 11)  Net change in fair value of	變現(附註11) 可供出售證券淨	-	-	-	(23,951)	-	(23,951)
available-for-sale securities  Revaluation deficit transfer to  income statement on impairment	公平價值變動 可供出售證券減值 的重估虧絀轉潑	-	-	-	(282,845)	-	(282,845)
of available-for-sale securities	至收益表	_	_	_	162,433	_	162,433
Deferred taxation (Note 37(b))	遞延税項(附註37(b))	-	_	_	33,078	_	33,078
Dividend paid in respect of the previous financial year (Note 13(b))	已派付之上一財政年度 股息(附註13(b))					(140,659)	(140,659)
Interim dividend paid (Note 13(a))	已派付中期股息(附註13(a))	_	_	_	_	(70,330)	(70,330)
Transfer to/from regulatory reserve	轉撥至/自法定儲備		-	83,875	_	(83,875)	
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	372,000	-	213,447	(58,912)	1,669,281	2,195,816
Profit after tax for the year Realisation of revaluation deficit of	年內除税後溢利 可供出售證券之重估	-	-	-	-	100,896	100,896
available-for-sale securities (Note 11)  Net change in fair value of	虧絀變現(附註11) 可供出售證券淨	-	-	-	20,763	-	20,763
available-for-sale securities Revaluation deficit transfer to income statement on impairment	公平價值變動 可供出售證券減值 之重估虧絀轉潑	-	-	-	(284,758)	1,386	(283,372)
of available-for-sale securities	至收益表	_	_	_	14,694	_	14,694
Deferred taxation (Note 37(b))	遞延税項(附註37(b))	-	-	_	31,593	_	31,593
Dividend paid in respect of the previous financial year (Note 13(b))	已派付之上一財政年度 股息(附註13(b))	_	_	_	_	(152,381)	(152,381)
Interim dividend paid (Note 13(a))	已派付中期股息(附註13(a))	_	_	_	_	(70,330)	(70,330)
Equity settled share-based	以權益結算股份為		12.000			(1-1/)	
transactions (Note 7) Transfer to/from regulatory reserve	基礎之付款交易(附註7) 轉撥至/自法定儲備	-	12,969	(38,236)	_	38,236	12,969
mansier to/monnregulatory reserve	符波土/日/4/上個開			(30,230)		30,230	
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	372,000	12,969	175,211	(276,620)	1,587,088	1,870,648

## 41. RESERVES (continued)

## 41. 儲備(續)

The Bank

		THE BANK					
		Comital		本行			
		Capital	0 11	D 1.	Investment	D	
		redemption	Capital	Regulatory	revaluation	Retained	
		reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	
		資本贖回	資本	法定	投資重估	保留	Total
		儲備	儲備	儲備	儲備	溢利	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2007	於二零零七年一月一日	372,000	-	112,701	52,373	1,012,441	1,549,515
Profit after tax for the year	年內除稅後溢利	-	-	-	-	383,207	383,207
Realisation of revaluation	可供出售證券之重估						
surplus of available-for-sale	盈餘變現(附註11)						
securities (Note 11)		-	_	_	(23,951)	_	(23,951)
Net change in fair value of	可供出售證券淨公						
available-for-sale securities	平價值變動	-	_	_	(282,845)	-	(282,845)
Revaluation deficit transfer to	可供出售證券減						
income statement on impairment	值的重估虧絀轉						
of available-for-sale securities	撥至收益表	_	_	_	162,433	_	162,433
Deferred taxation (Note 37(b))	遞延税項(附註37(b))	_	_	_	33,078	_	33,078
Dividend paid in respect of the	已派付之上一財政年度				00,070		00,070
previous financial year (Note 13(b))	股息(附註13(b))					(140,659)	(140,659)
Interim dividend paid (Note 13(a))	已派付中期股息(附註13(a))	_	_	_	_		
'	电视的中别放忠(PDE 13(a)) 轉撥至/自法定儲備	_	_	77,264	-	(70,330)	(70,330)
Transfer to/from regulatory reserve	特俄土/ 日本上 間間			77,204		(77,264)	
At 31 December 2007	於二零零七年十二月三十一日	372,000	-	189,965	(58,912)	1,107,395	1,610,448
Profit after tax for the year	年內除稅後溢利	_	_	_	_	158,998	158,998
Realisation of revaluation deficit of	可供出售證券之重估						
available-for-sale securities (Note 11)	虧絀變現(附註11)	_	_	_	20,763	_	20,763
Net change in fair value of	可供出售證券淨						
available-for-sale securities	公平價值變動	_	_	_	(284,758)	1,386	(283,372)
Revaluation deficit transfer to income	可供出售證券減值				(201):00)	1,000	(200)072)
statement on impairment of	之重估虧絀轉撥						
available-for-sale securities	至收益表			_	14,694	_	14,694
Deferred taxation (Note 37(b))	重		_	_	31,593		31,593
	已派付之上一財政年度	_	_	_	31,333	_	31,333
Dividend paid in respect of the						(152,381)	(152 201)
previous financial year (Note 13(b))	股息(附註13(b))	-	_	_	_		(152,381)
Interim dividend paid (Note 13(a))	已派付中期股息(附註13(a))	_	_	-	-	(70,330)	(70,330)
Equity settled share-based	以權益結算股份為		40.000				40.000
transactions (Note 7)	基礎之付款交易(附註7)	-	12,969	(00.000)	-	-	12,969
Transfer to/from regulatory reserve	轉撥至/自法定儲備		-	(39,955)	-	39,955	-
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	372,000	12,969	150,010	(276,620)	1,085,023	1,343,382

#### 41. RESERVES (continued)

#### (a) Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve arose from the redemption of the Bank's "A" and "B" preference shares in 1991 and 1992 out of its retained earnings. The capital redemption reserve is undistributable under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance section 79 C(2) but may be applied by the Bank in paying up its unissued shares to be allotted to its members as fully paid bonus shares.

#### (b) Capital reserve

The capital reserve comprises the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Bank by the ultimate holding company which has been charged to the income statement. Details of the terms and conditions of unexpired and unexercised share options are set out in Note (7).

#### (c) Regulatory reserve

At 1 January 於一月一日
Transfer (to)/from retained earnings 從保留溢利轉撥
At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve are made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

#### (d) Investment revaluation reserve

The investment revaluation reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale securities, excluding impairment losses, until the securities are derecognised and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies in Note 2(g).

#### 41. 儲備(續)

#### (a) 資本贖回儲備

資本贖回儲備因在一九九一年及一九九二年 自本行之保留溢利撥款贖回其「A」及「B」類優 先股而產生。根據香港《公司條例》第79C(2) 條,資本贖回儲備乃不可分派,但可由本行 用以繳付將配發予其股東之未發行股份之股 款作繳足紅股。

#### (b) 資本儲備

資本儲備包括已自損益表扣除之最終控股公司授予本行僱員之實際或估計未獲行使認股權之公平價值。未到期及未行使之認股權之條款及條件之詳細資料載列於附註(7)內。

#### (c) 法定儲備

The Group

	aroup		Dalik /-
本集	長團	本	行
2008	2007	2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
213,447 (38,236)	129,572 83,875	189,965 (39,955)	112,701 77,264
175,211	213,447	150,010	189,965

為根據《銀行業條例》的規定而保留法定儲備 以達至嚴謹監管的目的。該儲備之變動乃在 諮詢香港金融管理局之意見後直接從保留溢 利轉撥。

## (d) 投資重估儲備

投資重估儲備包括可供出售證券之公平價值 直至證券停止確認之累計變動淨額(不包括減 值虧損),乃按附註2(g)中之會計政策處理。

#### 41. RESERVES (continued)

#### (e) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2008, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Bank was HK\$1,082,931,000 (2007: HK\$1,107,395,000) after taking consideration of HK\$2,092,000 payable to preference share holders.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Directors have proposed a final dividend of 1.5 Hong Kong cents per share (2007: 13 Hong Kong cents per share) amounting to HK\$17,582,000 (2007: HK\$152,381,000). This dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the balance sheet date.

#### **42. MINORITY INTERESTS**

At 1 January Acquisition of subsidiary Loss for the year	於一月一日 購入附屬公司 年度內虧損
At 31 December	於十一月三十一日

## 43. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

## (a) Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement

Cash and balances with banks	現金及於銀行同業之結餘
Money at call and short notice	通知及短期存款
Treasury bills with original	原於三個月內到期之國庫券
maturity within three months	
Placements with banks with original	原於三個月內到期之銀行
maturity within three months	同業及其他金融機構放款

## 41. 儲備(續)

#### (e) 可供分派儲備

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,在計及應付 予優先股持有人的2,092,000港元後,本行可 供分派予股東之儲備總額為1,082,931,000港 元(二零零七年:1,107,395,000港元)。

於結算日後,董事建議派發末期股息每股 1.5港仙(二零零七年:每股13港仙),總額 17,582,000港元(二零零七年:152,381,000 港元)。於結算日該股息未確認為負債。

#### 42. 少數股東權益

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,710	-
-	3,820
(558)	(110)
3,152	3,710

## 43. 現金及等同現金項目

## (a) 綜合現金流動表之現金及等同現金項目

The Group				
本	集團			
2008	2007			
二零零八年	二零零七年			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
千港元 	千港元			
1,278,223	646,920			
6,736,730	6,377,681			
64,998	214,148			
975,010	_			
9,054,961	7,238,749			

#### 43. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Cash and short term funds

Amount shown in the

Placements with banks maturing

consolidated balance sheet Less: Amount with an original

maturity of over three months

between one and twelve months

Treasury bills

#### (b) Reconciliation to the consolidated balance sheet

現金及短期資金

一至十二個月到期之

綜合現金流動表內之

現金及等同現金項目

綜合資產負債表內之金額

減:原於三個月以後到期的金額

銀行同業放款

國庫券

#### 43. 現金及等同現金項目(續)

#### (b) 綜合資產負債表之對賬

本	集團
2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
8,014,953	7,024,601
2,294,239	4,919,614
_,,	.,0.0,0
1,827,521	740,990
12,136,713	12,685,205
(3,081,752)	(5,446,456)
9,054,961	7,238,749

The Group

# Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement

## (a) Defined benefit retirement plans

**44. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS** 

The Group operates a retirement scheme, namely the Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Retirement Scheme ("the Scheme"), which incorporates a defined benefits plan for all its full time employees. The Scheme is administered by trustees who are independent. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the Group. The Group has secured Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") exemption status for the Scheme. The Scheme is funded by contributions from the Group in accordance with the trust deed governing the Scheme and based on an independent actuary's recommendations. The latest independent actuarial valuation of the Scheme was at 31 December 2008 and was prepared by Sara Lau, Fellow of the Society of Actuaries, United States of America, of Mercer (Hong Kong) Limited using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial valuation indicates that the Group's obligations under the Scheme are 66.26% (2007: 81.09%) covered by the plan assets held by the trustee.

## 44. 僱員退休福利

#### (a) 定額福利退休計劃

本集團推行一項退休計劃,名為富邦銀行(香港)有限公司退休計劃(「該計劃」),為其全體全職僱員設立一項定額福利計劃。該計劃由獨立受託人管理。該計劃資產與本集團的資產分開持有。本集團就該計劃獲得強制性公積金(「強積金」)的豁免地位。該計劃份面本集團根據規管該計劃的信託契據,並以獨立精算師的意見為基礎作出供款。該計劃最新的獨立精算估值乃於二零零八年十二月三十一日進行,由Mercer (Hong Kong) Limited的Sara Lau (美國精算師學會會員)以預計單位信貸方式編製。該精算估值顯示,本集團為該計劃所承擔之責任中,66.26%(二零零七年:81.09%)可透過受託人所持有的計劃資產獲得保障。

## (a) Defined benefit retirement plans (continued)

## 44. 僱員退休福利(續)

## (a) 定額福利退休計劃(續)

		The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Present value of wholly or partly funded obligations Fair value of Scheme's assets Unrecognised actuarial losses	獲全數或部分資助 的承擔現值 該計劃資產的公平價值 尚未確認的精算虧損	(322,075) 213,419 109,467	(244,040) 197,898 59,300
Net asset recognised in the balance sheet	於資產負債表內已獲確認的資產淨值	811	13,158
Amounts in the balance sheet: Assets	於資產負債表之金額: 資產	811	13,158
Net asset	資產淨值	811	13,158

The Scheme's assets include ordinary shares issued by the Bank with a fair value of HK\$4,746,000 (2007: HK\$9,074,000).

該計劃的資產包括本行發行公平價值為 4,746,000港元的普通股(二零零七年: 9,074,000港元)。

# (b) Movements in net asset recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:

## (b) 於資產負債表中已獲確認的資產淨值變動 如下:

The Group and the Bank

		本集[	<b></b>
		<b>2008</b> 200	
		二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	13,158	15,501
Contributions paid to the Scheme	對該計劃的供款	16,895	19,820
Expense recognised in the consolidated	於綜合收益表內已獲		
income statement (Note 7)	確認的支出(附註7)	(29,242)	(22,163)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	811	13,158

## (c) Expense recognised in "Operating expenses – staff costs" in the consolidated income statement is as follows:

#### 本期服務成本 Current service cost Interest cost on obligation 所承擔責任之利息成本 Amortisation of actuarial loss 精算虧損攤銷 Expected return on Scheme's assets 該計劃資產的預計回報

The actual return on the Scheme's assets for the year ended 31 December 2008 amounted to approximately HK\$7,912,000 (2007: HK\$14,501,000).

## (d) Amounts for the current and previous years

## 44. 僱員退休福利(續)

(c) 於綜合收益表內「營運支出-僱員成本」-項已獲確認的支出如下:

The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行			
2008	2007		
二零零八年	二零零七年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
27,717	22,399		
8,052	7,674		
3,882	1,589		
(10,409)	(9,499)		
29,242	22,163		

截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止年度,該 計劃資產的實際回報約達7,912,000港元(二 零零七年:14,501,000港元)。

The Group and the Bank

## (d) 本年度及過往年度金額

		本集團及本行		
		2008	2007	2006
		二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零六年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Defined benefit obligations	定額福利責任	322,075	244,040	200,815
Plan assets	計劃資產	213,419	197,898	182,029
Net (deficits)/surpluses	(虧絀)/盈餘淨額	(108,656)	(46,142)	(18,786)
Experience gains/(losses) on scheme liabilities	計劃負債之經驗收益/			
	(虧損)	(4,269)	(4,997)	(2,760)
Experience (losses)/gains on scheme assets	計劃資產之經驗(虧損)/			
	收益	(2,497)	5,002	(4,186)

## (e) Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

## 44. 僱員退休福利(續)

## (e) 界定福利責任之現值變動如下:

The Group and the Bank

		本集團及本行	
		2008	2007
		二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Opening defined benefit obligation	年初界定福利責任	244,040	200,815
Current service cost	本年度服務成本	27,717	22,399
Interest cost	利息成本	8,052	7,674
Participants' contributions	參與者供款	9,958	11,096
Benefits paid	已付福利	(19,244)	(29,548)
Actuarial loss on obligation during the year	年內責任之精算虧損	51,552	31,604
Closing defined benefit obligation	年終界定福利責任	322,075	244,040

## (f) Composition of the plan assets are as follows:

## (f) 計劃資產之組成如下:

			The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行	
		2008	2007	
		二零零八年	二零零七年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Investments and money market Bank balances and cash Others	投資及貨幣市場 銀行結餘及現金 其他	166,781 45,648 990	165,597 33,730 (1,429)	
	7NG	213,419	197,898	

## (g) Changes in the fair value of plan assets are as follows:

## (g) 計劃資產之公平價值變動如下:

The Group and the Bank

		本集	團及本行
		2008	2007
		二零零八年	二零零七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 —————	千港元
Opening fair value of plan assets	年初計劃資產之公平價值	197,898	182,029
Actual return	實際回報	7,912	14,501
Assets distributed on settlements	結算分派之資產	(19,244)	(29,548)
Contributions by employers			
and employees	僱主及僱員之供款	26,853	30,916
Closing fair value of plan assets	年終計劃資產之公平價值	213,419	197,898

## (h) The principal actuarial assumptions used as at 31 December 2008 are as follows:

#### 貼現率 Discount rate

Long-term rate of return on assets 資產長期回報率

Credited rate 進賬率

Future salary increases 未來薪金加幅

#### 44. 僱員退休福利(續)

## (h) 於二零零八年十二月三十一日, 所用主要 精算假設如下:

## The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行 2008 2007 二零零八年 二零零十年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000

千港元 千港元 1.2% p.a. 3.4% p.a. 每年1.2% 每年3.4% 5.0% p.a. 5.0% p.a. 每年5.0% 每年5.0% 5.0% p.a. 5.0% p.a. 每年5.0% 每年5.0% 1.5% p.a. for 4.5% p.a. 2009 and 4.0% 每年4.5% p.a. thereafter 零零九年為 每年1.5%,及 後為每年4.0%

#### (i) Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme")

The Group also operates an MPF scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance and not previously covered by the Scheme. The Group participates in an approved MPF scheme with the Bank Consortium Trust Company Limited to provide a scheme choice to both existing and new employees. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement scheme administered by independent trustees.

Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000. Contributions to the scheme vest immediately.

#### (i) 強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例向 根據香港僱傭條例管轄範圍內受僱而未曾納 入該計劃內的僱員推行了一項強積金計劃。 本集團參與銀聯信託有限公司一項獲認可的 強積金計劃,以向現職及新入職僱員提供計 劃選擇。強積金計劃乃由獨立受託人所管理 的定額供款退休計劃。

根據強積金計劃,僱主及其僱員須各自就計 劃按僱員相關收入作出5%供款,並以每月相 關收入20,000港元為上限。一經對計劃作出 供款,供款即予以歸屬。

#### **45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS**

#### (a) Credit related commitments and contingencies

Credit related commitments and contingencies include forward forward deposits placed, acceptances, letters of credit, guarantees and commitments to extend credit. The risk involved is essentially the same as the credit risk involved in extending loan facilities to customers. The contractual amounts represent the amounts at risk should the contract be fully drawn upon and the credit default. As the facilities may expire without being drawn upon, the contract amounts do not represent expected future cash flows.

#### 45. 或然負債及承擔

#### (a) 與信貸有關之承擔及或然項目

與信貸有關之承擔及或然項目包括遠期預約 放款、以提供信貸之承兑項目、信用證、擔 保和承付款項。所涉及之風險基本上與向客 戶提供貸款之信貸風險相同。合約金額是指 當合約被完全提取及客戶違約時所承擔風險 之數額。由於該等貸款可能在未經提取前到 期,故合約金額並不代表預計未來現金流量。

#### The Group 本集團

十.米国			
2008		2007	
二零零八年		二零零七年	
Credit risk			Credit risk
	weighted		weighted
Contractual	amounts	Contractual	amounts
amounts	信貸風險	amounts	信貸風險
合約金額	加權金額	合約金額	加權金額
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
271.285	161,285	514,567	514,567
18,417	9,209	121,492	60,746
428,131	85,626	928.081	185.616
420,131	03,020	320,001	100,010
12,518,056	_	10,900,414	_
_			
432,293	216,147	377,481	188,741
216,254	43,251	309,549	61,910
13,884,436	515,518	13,151,584	1,011,580

The Bank 本行

Direct credit substitutes Transaction-related contingencies Trade-related contingencies Undrawn loan facilities - with an original maturity

- which are unconditionally cancellable

of 1 year or over Forward forward deposits placed

直接信貸替代項目 與交易有關之或然項目 與貿易有關之或然項目 未提取之備用貸款 一可無條件地取消

- 原訂到期期限為一年或以上

遠期預約放款

		<b>2008</b> 二零零八年		200 二零零	
			Credit risk		Credit risk
			weighted		weighted
		Contractual	amounts	Contractual	amounts
		amounts	信貸風險	amounts	信貸風險
		合約金額	加權金額	合約金額	加權金額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Direct credit substitutes	直接信貸替代項目	278,785	168,785	522,067	522,067
Transaction-related contingencies	與交易有關之或然項目	18,417	9,209	121,492	60,746
Trade-related contingencies	與貿易有關之或然項目	428,131	84,694	928,081	174,632
Undrawn loan facilities	未提取之備用貸款			,	•
- which are unconditionally cancellable	- 可無條件地取消	12,479,636	_	10,752,392	_
– with an original maturity	- 原訂到期期限為-年或以上				
of 1 year or over		432,293	216,147	377,481	188,741
Forward forward deposits placed	遠期預約放款	216,254	43,251	309,549	61,910

13,853,516

The risk weights used in the computation of credit risk weighted amounts range from 0% to 100%.

用於計算信貸風險加權金額之風險加權比率 介乎0%至100%。

13,011,062

1,008,096

522,086

#### 45. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Lease commitments

At 31 December, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

#### 45. 或然負債及承擔(續)

#### (b) 租賃承擔

於十二月三十一日,不可取消營運租賃下之 未來最低應付租金總額如下:

The Group		The Bank	
本集團		本行	
<b>2008</b>	2007	<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零十年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
29,882	40,672	29,819	40,140
10,512	30,324	10,512	30,058
40,394	70,996	40,331	70,198

## (c) Capital commitments

- Within one year

- After 1 year but within 5 years

Properties:

Capital commitments for purchase of equipment and availablefor-sale investments outstanding at 31 December not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

物業:

- 一年內

- 一至五年間

#### (c) 資本承擔

於十二月三十一日未於財務報告內提撥之有關購買設備及可供出售投資之未兑現資本承擔如下:

## The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
<b>HK\$′000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
184,502	166,780

Contracted for 已訂合約

## **46. TRUST ACTIVITIES**

The Group commonly acts as trustees and in other fiduciary capacities that result in the holding or placing of assets on behalf of individuals, trusts, retirement benefit plans and other institutions. These assets and income arising thereon are excluded from these financial statements, as the Group does not control the assets.

## 46. 信託業務

本集團一般以託管人及其他受託人的身份代表個人、信託、退休福利計劃及其他機構持有或存置 資產。由於本集團並不控制該等資產,因此該等 資產及其所產生之收入不會於此等財務報告中列 賬。

#### **47. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

#### (a) Estimation of fair values

Fair value estimates are generally subjective in nature, and are made as of a specific point in time based on the characteristics of the financial instruments and relevant market information. Where available, the most suitable measure of fair value is the quoted market price. In the absence of organized secondary markets for most financial instruments, and in particular of loans, deposits and unlisted derivatives, direct market prices are not available. The fair values of such instruments are therefore calculated on the basis of well-established valuation techniques using current market parameters. In particular, the fair value is a theoretical value applicable at a given reporting date, and hence can only be used as an indicator of the value realisable in a future sale.

All valuation models are validated before they are used as a basis for financial reporting by qualified personnel. Wherever possible, the Group compares valuations derived from models with quoted prices of similar financial instruments, and with actual values when realized, in order to further validate and calibrate the models. These techniques involve uncertainties and values are significantly affected by the assumptions used and judgments made regarding risk characteristics of various financial instruments, discount rates, estimates of future cash flows, future expected losses and other factors. Derived fair value estimates cannot necessarily be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in an immediate sale of the instruments.

The following methods and significant assumptions have been applied in determining the fair values of financial instruments presented in the table set out in Note (b) below:

- the fair value of demand deposits and savings accounts with no specific maturity is assumed to be the amount payable on demand at the balance sheet date;
- (ii) the fair value of variable rate financial instruments is assumed to be approximated by their carrying amounts and, in the case of loans, does not, therefore, reflect changes in their credit quality, as the impact of credit risk is recognised separately by deducting the amount of the impairment loss and allowances from both the carrying amount and fair value;
- (iii) the fair value of fixed rate loans and mortgages carried at amortized cost is estimated by comparing market interest rates when the loans were granted with current market rates offered on similar loans. Changes in the credit quality of loans within the portfolio are not taken into account in determining gross fair values, as the impact of credit risk is recognised separately by deducting the amount of the impairment loss and allowances from both the carrying amount and fair value;
- (iv) the fair value of unquoted equity investments is estimated using the net asset value as reported by management of the investee companies;

#### 47. 金融工具之公平價值

#### (a) 公平價值之估計

公平價值之估計一般帶有主觀性質,並於特定時間點基於該金融工具之特性及相關市場資料作出評估。如有可能,公平價值之最佳測量為市場報價。但大多金融工具,尤其是貸款、存款及非上市衍生工具,皆缺乏有組織之第二市場,因而沒有直接市價。該等金融工具之公平價值乃透過已廣泛使用之估值方法並利用現時市場參數計算。特別是,公平價值乃被視作既定報告日之理論價值,因此僅可作為未來出售時可變現價值之指標。

所有估值模式在被合資格人士用作財務報告 之基準前均已確認為有效。本集團於一切 能之情況下將由計價模式得出之估值與相若 金融工具之報價及變現時之實際價值進行比 較,以進一步對計價模式進行包含不確定性, 高其有效性。該等計價方法包含不確定性, 並受到因應各金融工具之風險特性、折 上 也因素而所作出之假設及判斷的重大影響。 所得公平價值未必能跟有獨立市場所釐定之 價值作比較而予以確認,且在許多情況下不 能立即銷售該等金融工具以變現。

以下方法及重大假設已用於釐定附註(b)表中 所列金融工具之公平價值:

- (i) 假設活期存款及無特定期限之儲蓄賬戶 之公平價值為於結算日可要求還款之金額:
- (ii) 假設浮息金融工具之公平價值接近其賬面金額,因此,由於信貸風險之影響透過自賬面金額及公平價值扣除減值虧損及撥備金額予以單獨確認,故貸款並不反映其信貸質量之變化;
- (iii) 有關定息貸款及按攤銷成本列賬之按揭的公平價值是透過比較貸款時之市場利率與相若貸款之現時市場利率所計算。由於信貸風險之影響透過自賬面金額及公平價值扣除減值虧損及撥備金額予以單獨確認,於釐定總公平價值時並未考慮組合內各貸款之信貸質量變化:
- (iv) 沒有市價之股本投資之公平價值乃使用 該等被投資公司管理層申報的資產淨值 進行估計:

#### 47. FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Estimation of fair values (continued)

- (v) the fair value of unlisted investment funds is estimated using the net asset value as reported by the managers of such funds;
- (vi) the fair value of forward exchange contracts and interest rate swaps is estimated either using broker quotes or by discounting future cash flows.

#### (b) Fair value

Financial assets

Other loans and

receivables

Financial liabilities

Advances to customers

Held-to-maturity investments

Other accounts and liabilities

All financial instruments are stated at fair value or carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2008 and 2007 except as follows:

金融資產

客戶貸款

持至到期投資

其他賬目及負債

金融負債

其他貸款及應收款項

#### 47. 金融工具之公平價值(續)

#### (a) 公平價值之估計(續)

- (v) 非上市投資基金之公平價值是以該等基金之經理申報的資產淨值進行估計;
- (vi) 遠期外滙合約及利率掉期之公平價值是 以經紀人報價或透過貼現未來現金流量 所估計。

## (b) 公平價值

2008

於二零零八年及二零零七年十二月三十一日,所有金融工具均按公平價值或與公平價值無重大差異之金額呈列,惟以下所列除外:

2007

## The Group 本集團

二条条	八年	二苓苓1	七年
Carrying		Carrying	
amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
賬面金額	公平價值	賬面金額	公平價值
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
4,297,227	4,358,387	5,337,535	5,344,504
3,745,286	3,387,936	-	-
895,590	932,882	-	-
2.490.571	2.512.159	6.080.278	6.082.415

#### The Bank 本行

800	2007	
零八年	二零零	七年
	Carrying	
Fair value	amount	Fair value
公平價值	賬面金額	公平價值
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元
781,674	1,298,050	1,296,508
3,387,936	-	-
932,882	-	-
	公平價值 HK\$'000 千港元 781,674 3,387,936	下Air value Amount Amount Amegia HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 「781,674 1,298,050 Amount

6,080,278

6,082,415

2,512,159

2,490,571

Financial assets	金融資產
Advances to customers	客戶貸款
Other loans and receivables	其他貸款及應收款項
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資
Financial liabilities Other accounts and liabilities	金融負債 其他賬目及負債

#### **48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Group entered into a number of transactions with its ultimate holding company and related parties, including Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. These transactions were entered into in the ordinary course of the Group's banking business and included, inter alia, lending, placement of interbank deposits, participation in loan syndicates, correspondent banking transactions and foreign exchange transactions. The transactions were priced at the relevant market rates at the time of each transaction, and were on the same terms as those available to other counterparties and customers of the Group. In the opinion of the directors, these transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms.

Information relating to income and expenses from related party transactions during the year and balances outstanding as at the balance sheet date is set out below:

## (a) Interest income/expenses

Ultimate holding company	最終控股公司
Interest expense	利息支出
Fellow subsidiaries	同系附屬公司
Interest income	利息收入
Interest expense	利息支出

#### (b) Commission and services charges

Fellow subsidiaries\*

The amount represents aggregate customer referral and support service fees paid to Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., Fubon Securities Co., Ltd. and Fubon Life Assurance Co., Ltd. by Group entities pursuant to the amended business co-operation agreements dated 20 March 2006. These transactions constitute continuing connected transactions of the Group under Rule 14A.14 of the Listing Rules. No commission and services charges is payable for 2008.

同系附屬公司\*

#### 48. 重大關連各方交易

年內,本集團與其最終控股公司及各關連方,包 括台北富邦商業銀行股份有限公司訂立多項交 易。該等交易在本集團銀行業務之日常業務過程 中訂立,包括(不限於)借貸、銀行同業拆借與存 款、參與銀團貸款、相關銀行交易及外滙交易。 該等交易以進行各交易時之相關市場費率定價, 並按與本集團可提供予其他交易對手方及客戶之 相同條款進行。董事認為,該等交易乃按一般商 業條款訂立。

有關年內關連各方交易所產生之收支及於結算日 尚未償還餘額之資料載列如下:

## (a) 利息收入/支出

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
88	354
1,051	4,744
23,141	4,926

#### (b) 佣金及服務費

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
<b>HK\$′000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
-	23,163

該金額指本集團實體根據於二零零六年三月二十日 訂立之業務合作協議,向台北富邦商業銀行股份有 限公司、富邦綜合證券股份有限公司及富邦人壽保 險股份有限公司支付之轉介客戶及服務費用總額。 該等交易乃屬於上市規則第14A.14條內所提及之本 集團持續關連交易。於二零零八年並沒有應付之佣 金及服務量。

## 48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (c) Placement of deposits

Fellow subsidiaries

At 31 December

Placements during the year

Repayments during the year

At 1 January

## 48. 重大關連各方交易(續)

#### (c) 放款

The Group and the Bank			
本集團及本行			
2008	2007		
二零零八年	二零零七年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元		
_			
10.392.972	8.127.039		
	-, ,		
(10,337,972)	(8,127,039)		
55,000	-		

	1 / 0
_	
10,392,972	8,127,0
(10,337,972)	(8,127,0
55,000	
55,000	

There was no impairment allowance made against the above placement of deposits with related parties.

同系附屬公司

於十二月三十一日

於一月一日

年內放款

年內償還

## (d) Acceptance of deposits

該等款項並無就上述關連各方的放款作減值 撥備。

## (d) 接納存款

		The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Ultimate holding company At 1 January	最終控股公司 於一月一日	4,137	3,919
Acceptances during the year Repayments during the year	年內接納 年內償還	994,750 (994,673)	966,435 (966,217)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	4,214	4,137
Fellow subsidiaries At 1 January	同系附屬公司 於一月一日	-	324,000
Acceptances during the year Repayments during the year	年內接納 年內償還	8,917,978 (7,753,238)	8,300,195 (8,624,195)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,164,740	-
Fellow subsidiaries Other accounts and liabilities	同系附屬公司 其他賬目及負債	227,794	81,782

#### 48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (e) Financial Instruments

#### 48. 重大關連各方交易(續)

#### (e) 金融工具

## The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

 2008
 2007

 二零零八年
 二零零七年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

**2,778,530** 3,695,427

Fellow subsidiary 同系附屬公司 Exchange rate contracts (notional principal) 滙率合約(名義本金額)

#### (f) Loans to officers

Loans to officers of the Bank disclosed pursuant to section 161B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

# Aggregate amount of relevant 相關貸款於十二月三十一日 loans at 31 December 的總額 — 本行

- by the bank - 平1 - 一間附屬公司

Maximum aggregate amount of relevant 年內尚未償還相關貸款 loans outstanding during the year 之最高總額 -本行

- by a subsidiary −─間附屬公司

There was no interest due but unpaid nor any impairment allowance made against these loans at 31 December 2008.

## (g) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Bank's Directors as disclosed in Note 8 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 9 is as follows:

Salaries and short-term employee benefits 薪金及短期僱員福利

Total remuneration is included in "staff cost" (see note 7).

## (f) 高級職員貸款

本行根據香港《公司條例》第161B條須予披露 之高級職員貸款如下:

一乘乘八年

## The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行 **2008** 

2007

- 雯雯 - 年

HK\$'000 千港元	ーママピト HK\$'000 千港元
34,687	32,181
34,687	32,181
38,222	35,019
38,222	35,019

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,此等貸款並 無逾期未償付利息,或就有關貸款進行任何 減值撥備。

## (g) 主要管理人員酬金

主要管理人員之酬金(包括附註8所披露付予本行董事之款項及附註9所披露付予最高薪僱員之款項)如下:

## The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
45,008	51,879

酬金總額計入「僱員成本」(參閱附註7)。

#### 48. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (g) Key management personnel remuneration (continued)

Several key management personnel were granted unlisted physically settled options over shares of the Bank's ultimate holding company, Fubon Financial Holding Co., Ltd. with various vesting periods for services rendered to the Group. The share based payment expense is included in "staff cost" (see note 7). Key management personnel are defined as directors and members of the management committee.

#### (h) Credit facilities to key management personnel

During the year, the Bank provided loans and credit facilities to key management personnel of the Group and their close family members and companies controlled or significantly influenced by them. The credit facilities were provided in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with other employees. The amounts involved, other than transaction with the ultimate holding company and fellow subsidiaries, are set out below:

#### Loans 於一月一日 At 1 January 年內作出之額外貸款 Additional loans made during the year Repayment during the year 年內償還 At 31 December 於十二月三十一日 Interest income 利息收入 **Credit facilities** 信貸 於一月一日 Additional facilities extended during the year 年內批出之額外信貸額度 Facilities withdrawn during the year 年內收回之信貸額度 At 31 December 於十二月三十一日

No impairment losses have been recorded against balances outstanding during the year with key management personnel, and no individually assessed impairment allowance been made on the above balances at the year end.

The Bank's policies for lending to related parties take into account the requirements under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance, the guidelines of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the Listing Rules. The Group sets internal limits – individual and aggregate group limits for individual, group, secured and unsecured exposures – and carefully monitors exposure to related parties, whether individual or corporate, and takes the necessary measures to control the risk of connected lending. Approvals are made by the Credit Committee, Managing Director and/or the Executive Credit Committee.

#### 48. 重大關連各方交易(續)

#### (g) 主要管理人員酬金(續)

根據本行最終控股公司富邦金融控股股份有限公司的認股權計劃,若干主要管理人員因向本集團提供服務而被授予於多個期間歸屬的非上市而實股結算之認股權。以股份形式支付的開支計入「僱員成本」(見附註7)。主要管理人員被定義為董事及管理委員會之成員。

#### (h) 主要管理人員信貸服務

年內,本行向本集團之主要管理人員及彼等之直系親屬以及受該等人士所控制之公司或該等人士具有重大影響力之公司提供貸款及信貸。該等信貸服務乃於正常業務過程中提供,而有關條款與其他僱員所訂立之可資比較交易大致相同。除與最終控股公司及同系附屬公司的交易外,涉及金額載列如下:

The Group and the Ban	k
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本集團及本行			
2008	2007		
二零零八年	二零零七年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元 —————	千港元		
37,154	47,132		
19,556	3,391		
(8,538)	(13,369)		
40 470	07.154		
48,172	37,154		
1,103	1,372		
4,485	4,030		
790	1,145		
(360)	(690)		
4,915	4,485		

並無就年內主要管理人員的未償還餘額記錄 減值虧損,且於年底並無就上述餘額作出個 別估計減值撥備。

本行向各關連方貸款的政策已計及香港《銀行業條例》、香港金融管理局指引及上市規則之規定。本集團設定內部限額(對個人以及有抵押及無抵押風險的個人及集團限額總額),並審慎監督各關連方之風險(個人或企業)及採取各必須措施以控管各關連借貸之風險。信用委員會、董事總經理及/或執行信用委員會已予批准。

#### 49. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

Available-for-sale securities

The following assets have been pledged as collateral for liabilities at the balance sheet date:

#### 49. 質押作為抵押品之資產

下列資產已於結算日作為負債抵押品予以質押:

#### The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

个木团从个门				
2008	2007			
二零零八年	二零零七年			
HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
千港元	千港元			
2,606,716	6,091,951			
77,992	_			
2,489,254	6,168,375			
2,567,246	6,168,375			

Secured liabilities 已抵押負債
Assets pledged: 已質押資產:
Trading securities 持作交易用途之證券

The following balances with banks have been pledged as collateral for margin deposits of derivatives at the balance sheet date:

下列銀行結餘已於結算日作為衍生工具保證金的 抵押品予以質押:

## The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零十年
<b>HK\$′000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
608,920	106,381

Margin accounts for derivative contracts

衍生工具合約的保證金賬戶款項

可供出售證券

These transactions are conducted under usual and customary terms.

該等交易乃按照一般及慣用條款進行。

## **50. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

This section presents information about the Group's exposure to and its management and control of risks, in particular, the primary risks associated with its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk: losses resulting from customer or counterparty default and arising from credit exposures in all forms, including settlement risk.
- Market risk: exposures to market variables such as interest rates, exchange rates and equity markets.
- Liquidity and funding risk: risk that the Group is unable to meet its
  payment obligations when due, or that it is unable, on an ongoing
  basis, to borrow funds in the market on an unsecured, or even
  secured basis at an acceptable price to fund actual or proposed
  commitments.
- Operational risk: risk arising from matters such as non-adherence to systems and procedures or from frauds resulting in financial or reputation loss.

## 50. 財務風險管理

本節呈列有關本集團所面臨之風險及其對該等風險之管理及控制之資料,特別是與其採用金融工具有關之主要風險:

- 信貸風險:客戶或交易對手拖欠款項而招致 損失的風險,以及各類型信貸風險,包括結 算風險。
- 市場風險:市場變數風險,例如息率、滙率 及股市等。
- 流動資金及融資風險:本集團未能在付款責任到期時履行付款責任,或無法持續地在市場上以無抵押或甚至以有抵押的方式按可接受之成本借入資金,藉此為實際或建議之承擔提供所需的資金。
- 營運風險:由未遵守制度及程序等事項而引致之風險或由欺詐致使財務或聲譽受損而引致之風險。

The Group has established policies and procedures to identify and analyze these risks, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor the risks and limits continually by means of reliable and up-to-date management and information systems. The Group continually modifies and enhances its risk management policies and systems to reflect changes in markets, products and best practice risk management processes. Internal Audit also performs regular audits to ensure compliance with the policies and procedures.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks, and the Group's management of capital.

#### (a) Credit risk management

This category includes credit and counterparty risk from loans and advances, issuer risk from holding securities, counterparty risk from trading activities and country risk. Credit risk arises from the potential that a borrower or counterparty will fail to perform under an obligation. It arises from the lending, trading, treasury, derivatives and other activities. The Group identifies and manages credit risk through its (a) target market definitions, (b) credit approval process, (c) post-disbursement monitoring and (d) remedial management procedures. These policies and procedures are documented in the Group's credit policy which defines the credit extension criteria, the credit approval authorities delegated from the Board, the credit monitoring processes, the loan grading system and provisioning policy.

The Board of Directors delegates credit approval to the following in descending order of authority: the Executive Credit Committee, the Chief Executive Officer and the Credit Committee.

The Credit Committee carries out the Bank's credit risk management functions. It meets twice a week and is responsible for approving, advising and recommending to the Chief Executive the approval of credit exposures in accordance with the credit authority limits. The Credit Committee also reviews and implements measures on credit risk management and controls and plays a key role in credit monitoring. In addition, it reviews loans extended by lending officers and provides guidelines to all lending officers to assist them in monitoring the credit risk of the loan portfolio.

The credit departments, Enterprise Credit Risk Management Unit and Consumer Finance Risk Management Unit, receive their authority and delegated responsibilities from the Credit Committee to provide centralised management of credit risk. They are responsible for:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

本集團已設有相關政策及程序以識別及分析該等 風險、制定適當之風險限額及控制措施,以及憑 藉可靠及先進之管理及資訊系統持續監控該等風 險及限額。本集團不斷修改及加強其風險管理政 策及系統,以反映市場、產品及最佳風險管理流 程之改變。內部核數師亦定期進行審核以確保符 合政策及程序。

此一附註呈列有關本集團就上述各項風險所承担 之風險、本集團計量及管理風險之目標、政策及 程序,以及本集團之資本管理。

#### (a) 信貸風險管理

此類風險包括借款及貸款之信貸及交易對手風險、證券交易之發行人風險、貿易融資之交易對手風險及國家風險。信貸風險源於本集團之貸款、貿易融資、財資、衍生工位、(b) 信貸審批流程、(c)付款後監控及(d)補救管理程序來識別及管理信貸風險。該等政策及程序記錄於本集團之信貸政策內,而有關政策、對信貸條件、董事會指定之信貸審批職權、信貸監管程序、貸款分類系統及撥備政策作出明確的界定。

董事會授權以下人士依次審批信貸:執行信貸委員會、行政總裁及信貸委員會。

信貸委員會負責本行之信貸風險管理工作。 該委員會每星期舉行兩次會議,專責根據信 貸授權限額就信貸風險批核信貸建議:並向 行政總裁提供意見及推薦建議。信貸委員會 亦審閱及實施信貸風險管理及控制之措施, 在信貸監控方面扮演著重要之角色。此外, 該委員會審閱貸款主任所批出之貸款,並向 全體借貸主任提供指引,協助彼等監控貸款 組合之信貸風險。

信貸部門、企業信貸風險管理部及消費信貸 風險管理部獲授權並代表信貸委員會進行統 一信貸風險管理,負責下列各項職責:

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

- independent evaluation of credit applications, which covers facility details, credit grade determination, risk review and analysis and financial spreads;
- credit risk management and control of cross-border exposures including debt securities issued by corporations, and sovereigns as well as those exposures to banks and other financial institutions:
- portfolio management of risk concentrations;
- maintenance of the loan grading system; and
- reporting to the Risk Management Committee regularly on aspects of the loan portfolio. This includes information on large credit exposures, industry exposures, country exposures and levels of bad debt provisioning.

In addition, the Group has also established guidelines to ensure that each new product is designed and reviewed by a product committee with respect to the risks involved, including credit risk. All relevant departments are required to put in place the appropriate processes, systems and controls before the product is approved by the New Product and Commitment Committee.

Specific policies and measures to address different kinds of credit related activities are set out below:

## (i) Corporate lending

Corporate lending is generally concentrated among middle market borrowers. In addition to compliance with the Group's underwriting standards, credit risk is managed by conducting a thorough credit evaluation and obtaining proper approval for the proposed credit transactions. Subject to the size of the facility and the risk grading of the borrower, different extents of credit evaluation and levels of credit approval are required to ensure the proper credit risk management measures are exercised. Credit approval also takes into account facility structure, tenor, the repayment ability of the prospective borrower and available security.

The Group has established limits for exposures to individual industries and for borrowers and groups of borrowers, regardless of whether the credit exposure is in the form of loans or non-funded exposures. The Group also undertakes ongoing credit analysis and monitoring at several levels. The policies and procedures also take into account the requirements under the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and the guidelines issued by the HKMA with respect to large exposures and provisioning requirements.

The credit risk management procedures are designed to promote early detection of counterparty, industry or product exposures that require special monitoring. The Enterprise Credit Risk Management Unit monitors overall portfolio risk as well as individual problem loans and potential problem loans on a regular basis. Relevant management reports are submitted to the Chief Executive Officer as well as credit committee for their review.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

- 獨立審核信貸申請,包括信貸詳情、信 貸評級誊定、風險評審及息差分析;
- 信貸風險管理以及跨境債權,包括由企 業及主權國發行的債務證券,及銀行與 其他財務機構的風險監控。
- 管理組合內風險,以避免風險過份集中;
- 更新貸款評級系統;及
- 定期向風險管理委員會滙報貸款組合情 況,包括高信貸風險、行業風險、國家 風險以及壞賬撥備程度等資料。

此外,本集團亦已制定政策以確保每項新產 品經由產品發展委員會設計及審閱所涉及之 風險(包括信貸風險)。所有有關之部門必須 於產品獲得新產品及承擔委員會批准前,制 定適當的工作流程、系統及監控措施。

針對不同類型信貸相關業務之特定政策及措 施載列如下:

## (i) 企業借貸

企業借貸一般集中於中型市場借款公 司。除遵守本集團之貸款標準外,信貸 風險亦透過就信貸申請所進行詳盡之信 貸評估及經適當審批而加以控制。視乎 貸款規模及借款人之風險評級,必須進 行不同程度之信貸評估及不同級別之信 貸審批,以確保正確之信貸風險管理措 施得以實施。審批信貸時亦會考慮貸款 結構、貸款年期、有關借款申請人之還 款能力及有否提供抵押擔保。

本集團已制定個別行業之風險限額以及 貸款人及貸款人團體之風險限額,無論 信貸風險是由於貸款或非借貸交易而產 生。本集團亦在不同層次持續開展信貸 分析及監控。該等政策及程序亦參考香 港《銀行業條例》內之規定及金管局就大 額放款限度及撥備規定頒佈之指引。

信貸風險管理程序旨在促進提早發現需 要特別監控之交易對手、行業或產品風 險。企業信貸風險管理部定期監控貸款 組合整體風險及個別問題貸款及潛在問 題貸款。有關管理報告提交行政總裁及 有關內部風險管理委員會審閱。

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

#### (ii) Retail credit risk

The Group's retail credit policy and approval process are designed to address high volumes of relatively homogeneous, small value lending transactions in each retail loan category. Because of the nature of retail banking, the credit policies are based primarily on statistical analyses of risks with respect to different products and types of customers. The Consumer Finance Risk Management Unit is responsible for conducting regular monitoring of the retail credit risk. They are also responsible for determination and revision of product terms and desired customer profiles on a regular basis. In addition, they also review the existing policies on underwriting, loan classification, provisioning, and write off on a regular basis.

#### (iii) Credit risk for treasury transactions

The credit risk of the Group's treasury transactions is managed the same way as the Group manages its corporate lending risk. The Group sets individual limits to its counterparties based on its risk assessment.

Unlike on-balance sheet instruments, where the credit risk is generally represented by the principal value or the notional amount, credit risk for derivatives is the positive replacement cost together with an estimate for the potential exposure from changes in its market value. These credit exposures, together with potential exposures from market movements, are managed as part of the overall lending limits to the counterparties. The credit risk exposure on derivatives is disclosed in Note 21(b) of this annual report. The Group currently uses the current exposure method for the purpose of providing capital for such counterparty exposures.

#### (iv) Credit-related commitments

The risks involved in credit-related commitments and contingencies are essentially the same as the credit risk involved in extending loan facilities to customers. These transactions are, therefore, subject to the same credit application, portfolio maintenance and collateral requirements as for customers applying for loans.

## (v) Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in geographic, economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is material in relation to the Group's total exposures. The Group's portfolio of financial instruments is diversified along geographic, industry and product sectors.

Analysis of credit risk concentration of respective financial assets is disclosed in Notes 18 to 25.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

#### (ii) 零售銀行信貸風險

本集團之零售銀行信貸政策及審批流程 乃針對每個零售貸款類別中之大量同類 型但價值較小之貸款交易而設計。由於 零售銀行之性質,信貸政策主要依據不 同產品及客戶類型之風險統計分析結果 而釐定。消費信貸風險管理部負責對零 售銀行信貸風險進行定期監控。他們亦 負責定期釐定及修訂產品條款及理想的 客戶組別。此外,他們還定期審閱有關 現有的貸款承造、貸款分類、撥備及回 撥之政策。

#### (iii) 財資交易之信貸風險

本集團財資交易信貸風險之管理方式與 本集團管理其企業借貸風險之方式相 同。本集團根據風險評估對其交易對手 設定個別風險限額。

有別於資產負債表內項目(通常以本金 價值或面值來表示信貸風險),衍生工具 之信貸風險為正重置成本連同以其市值 之未來潛在變動之估計。該等信貸風險 連同市場變動之潛在風險乃作為有關方 整體貸款限額的一部分進行管理。衍生 工具之信貸風險於本年報附註21(b)內披 露。本集團現時僅用即期風險法為該等 有關方風險提供資本。

#### (iv) 與信貸有關之承擔

與信貸有關之承擔及或然項目所涉及之 風險基本上與向客戶提供貸款之信貸風 險相同。因此,該等交易須遵守與客戶 申請貸款相同之信貸申請、該等貸款組 合要求及抵押品規定。

## (v) 信貸風險過份集中

當地域、經濟或行業因素之變動對不同 類別之交易對手產生類似影響,而彼等 之信貸風險加起來對本集團之總風險而 言屬重大時便會出現信貸風險過份集中 之問題。本集團之金融資產組合經已分 散至多個地域、行業及產品類別。

有關各類金融資產之信貸風險集中情況 之分析於附註18至25內披露。

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

## (vi) Credit risk mitigation

The Group's credit assessment primarily relies on an evaluation of the obligor's repayment ability based on the obligor's cash flow and financial condition. In addition, the Group employs various credit risk mitigation techniques such as appropriate credit structuring, posting of collateral and/or third party support as well as transfer of risk to other third parties which form an integral part of the credit risk management process. There is immaterial credit and market risk concentration within the credit risk mitigations used by the Group. The most commonly used credit risk mitigation measures are provided below:

#### Collateral

The Group holds collateral against loans and advances to customers in the form of cash deposits, marketable securities, mortgage interest over property, inventory, equipment and other physical collateral, and guarantees. The Group has in place policies and procedures that govern the assessment, acceptance and the periodic valuation of eligible collateral. For collateral taken to secure corporate and retail loans, the collateral is revalued periodically ranging from daily to semi-annually depending on the type of collateral taken. For treasury operations, any collateral taken is marked to market on a periodic basis that is mutually agreed with the counterparty.

## Master netting agreements

Collateral generally is not held over loans and advances extended to banks, except when securities are held as part of reverse repurchase and securities borrowing activity. However, where applicable, the Group manages its credit exposure to banks by entering into master netting arrangements whenever it is appropriate and feasible to do so. The netting arrangement results to the settlement of counterparty exposure on a net basis in the event a default occurs. The Group's preferred agreement for documenting derivatives activity is the ISDA Master Agreement which covers the contractual framework within which dealing activity across a full range of over-the-counter products is conducted and contractually binds both parties to apply closeout netting across all outstanding transactions covered by an agreement if either party defaults or following other preagreed termination events. It is also common for the Group to execute a Credit Support Annex in conjunction with the ISDA Master Agreement with the counterparty under which collateral is passed between the parties to mitigate the market contingent counterparty risk inherent in the outstanding positions.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

#### (vi) 減低信貸風險

本集團的信貸評估主要依賴基於債務人的現金流量及財務狀況對債務人的還款能力的估計。此外,本集團採用如適當情質結構、給予抵押及/或第三方等時,以及將風險轉移至其他第三方等貿風險減低技術,以作為其信貸風險減低技術,以作為其信貸風險減低信貸風險並無產生重大集中於信貸及市場風險。最常用的信貸風險減低措施載列如下:

#### 抵押品

本集團就客戶借款及貸款而持有抵押品,形式為現金存款、可流通證券、可流通證券、可流通證券、可流通證券、實的按揭利息、存貨、設備及其他實監括押品,以及擔保。本集團已制定監管的政策及程序。就擔保公司及零種值的政策及程序。就擔保公司及零種值的抵押品乃定時實值付款,這一次不等,這一次於抵押品的類型。就財資業務而言,依何抵押品乃以與交易對手相互協定的週期以市場情況重估。

## 淨額結算總協議

抵押品一般並非就給予銀行的借款及貸 款而持有,惟當證券乃持作逆向購回及 證券借貸活動的一部分時則除外。然 而,如適合時,本集團將於適合及可行 情況下透過訂立淨額結算總協議管理其 銀行信貸風險。淨額結算總協議導致於 違約時結算交易對手的風險承擔。本集 團傾向以國際掉期業務及衍生投資工具 協會(「ISDA」)總協議作為衍生工具活動 的協議文件。該協議為買賣各種場外交 易產品的交易活動提供主體合約模式, 倘若任何一方違約或提前終止交易,則 雙方受合約約束須對協議所包含的全部 未平倉交易採用淨額結算。有關雙方會 於簽訂ISDA總協議時亦簽訂信用擔保 附件(「CSA」),此乃普遍的做法。根據 CSA,抵押品會由交易其中一方轉交另 一方,以減低未平倉交易的市場或有交 易對手風險。

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

(vi) Credit risk mitigation (continued)

#### Other credit risk mitigation measures

The Group also uses guarantees for credit risk mitigation. While the Group may accept guarantees from any counterparty, it sets a threshold internally for considering eligible guarantors.

#### (vii) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date without taking into consideration any collateral held or other credit enhancements is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet after deducting any impairment allowance. A summary of the maximum exposure to credit risk for the various components of the balance sheet, contingencies and commitments is as follows:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

(vi) 減低信貸風險(續)

#### 其他信貸風險減低措施

本集團亦應用擔保以減低信貸風險。當 本集團可能接受任何交易對手的擔保 時,其在內部設定考慮合資格擔保人的 限制。

#### (vii) 最高信貸風險

於結算日最高的信貸風險(不計及所持有 之任何抵押品或其他信貸提升措施)為資 產負債表內各項金融資產扣除任何減值 準備後之賬面值。資產負債表、或然負 債及承擔的各部分信貸風險的最高風險 概要如下:

		The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
	產負債表內資產有關之				
to on-balance sheet assets: 信	貸風險:				
Cash and balances with banks 現金.	及銀行同業之結存	7,894,169	6,930,315	7,882,115	6,929,633
Placements with banks maturing —至	十二個月到期之				
between one and twelve months 銀	行同業放款	1,827,521	740,990	1,827,521	740,990
Trading securities 持作	交易用途之證券	150,215	32,195	150,215	32,195
Financial assets designated at fair 指定.	為通過損益以反映公平價值				
value through profit or loss 之:	金融資產	700,281	878,955	700,281	878,955
Derivative financial instruments 衍生:	金融工具	2,618,073	955,904	2,618,073	955,904
Advances to customers 客戶:	貸款				
less impairment 減	減值	33,033,818	31,478,804	28,938,533	26,835,845
Accrued interest and other accounts 應計	利息及其他賬目	1,048,534	1,115,597	964,687	948,409
Available-for-sale securities 可供	出售證券	11,770,575	16,852,859	11,770,575	16,852,859
Other loans and receivable 其他:	貸款及應收款項	3,745,286	-	3,745,286	-
Held-to-maturity investments 持至	到期投資	895,590	-	895,590	-
Credit risk exposures relating to 與資	產負債表外項目				
off-balance sheet items: 有	關之信貸風險:				
Financial guarantees and other 財務	擔保及其他信貸				
credit related contingent liabilities 相	關之或然負債	717,833	1,564,140	725,333	1,571,640
	承擔及其他信貸		. ,		
	關之承擔	13,166,603	11,587,444	13,128,183	11,439,422
		77,568,498	72,137,203	73,346,392	67,185,852

## (a) Credit risk management (continued)

(viii) Credit quality of loans and advances

Loans and advances to banks are only made in exceptional cases to international banks with good credit standing. At 31 December 2008 and 2007, no loans and advances to banks were impaired. The credit quality of advances to customers can be analysed as follows:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

The Group

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

(viii) 借款及貸款之信貸質素

銀行同業間之借款及貸款只會於特殊情 況下向具有良好信貸狀況之國際銀行授 出。於二零零八年及二零零七年十二月 三十一日,向銀行同業授出之借款及貸 款均並無減值。向客戶作出之貸款之信 貸質素可分析如下:

The Ponk

		The Group 本集團		The Bank 本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Neither past due nor impaired Past due but not impaired Impaired	並無逾期或減值 已逾期但並無減值 已減值	32,763,297 159,149 407,350	31,360,390 100,219 172,403	28,812,266 52,554 234,519	26,802,106 26,761 105,113
		33,329,796	31,633,012	29,099,339	26,933,980
Of which: Gross loans and advances to customers that are neither past due nor impaired - Grade 1: Pass - Grade 2: Special mention	其中: 向客戶授出而並無逾期或減值 之借款及貸款總額  一第一級:通過 一第二級:特別提及	32,671,715 91,582	31,310,200 50,190	28,734,773 77,493	26,762,243 39,863
		32,763,297	31,360,390	28,812,266	26,802,106

The Group classifies advances to customers in accordance with the loan classification system required to be adopted for reporting to the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.

The ageing analysis of advances to customers that are past due but not impaired is as follows:

本集團根據為向香港金融管理局呈報而 須採納之貸款分級制度就客戶貸款進行 分類。

向客戶授出而已逾期但並無減值之貸款 賬齡分析如下:

		The Group 本集團		The E 本行	
		2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2008 二零零八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2007 二零零七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Gross loans and advances to customers that are past due but not impaired	向客戶授出而已逾期 但並無減值之 借款及貸款總額				
<ul><li>Overdue 3 months or less</li><li>Overdue 6 months or less</li></ul>	一逾期三個月或以下 一逾期六個月或以下	149,528	92,937	44,314	26,252
but over 3 months  – Overdue 1 year or less	惟三個月以上 一逾期一年或以下	8,313	5,485	7,939	348
but over 6 months  – Overdue over 1 year	惟六個月以上 一逾期超過一年	154 1,154	235 1,562	28 273	25 136
		159,149	100,219	52,554	26,761

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

(viii) Credit quality of loans and advances (continued)

Loans and advances that would be past due or impaired had the terms not been renegotiated amounted to HK\$553,865,000 as at 31 December 2008 (2007: HK\$231,018,000).

No items in "Other loans and receivable" are overdue and impaired as at 31 December 2008. Analysis of other loans and receivable by credit rating designation at 31 December, based on Standard & Poor's ratings or their equivalent is as follows:

AA-to AA+ A-至 AA+ A-至 AA+ A- XA-至 A+ A- XA-至 A+ A- XA-至 A+ XA-至 A-以下

## (ix) Credit quality of financial assets other than loans and advances

Credit risk that arises from investments in financial assets or debt securities is managed in the same way as the Group manages its corporate lending risk with the exposure being part of the overall lending limits to the counterparties. It is the Group's credit policy not to invest in debt securities that are below the grading of BBB+ from Standard & Poor's Rating Services or A-3 from Moody's Investors Services at the time of investing. Analysis of debt securities by credit rating designation at 31 December, based on Standard & Poor's ratings or their equivalent is as follows:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

(viii) 借款及貸款之信貸質素(續)

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,倘條款不予重新磋商即為已逾期或已減值之借款及貸款金額為553,865,000港元(二零零七年:231,018,000港元)。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,並無列 入「其他貸款及應收款項」之項目是逾期 及減值。以標準普爾之評級標準或相應 之評級標準為基準按信貸評級對其他貸 款及應收款項於十二月三十一日進行之 分析如下:

## The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行

<b>2008</b>	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
<b>HK\$'000</b>	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
843,745	-
2,582,118	-
319,423	-
3,745,286	-

#### (ix) 借款及貸款以外之金融資產之信貸 質素

本集團按管理其公司借貸風險相同之方式管理金融資產或債務證券投資產生之信貸風險,所承擔之風險為交易對手整體借貸限額之一部分。本集團之信貸政策為,對於資時,評級在標準普爾評級服務公司之評級BBB+以下或在穆證券,不予投資。以標準普爾之評級標準或相應之評級標準為基準按信貸評級對債務證券於十二月三十一日進行之分析如下:

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行 2008

二零零八年

	at fair value
	through
Trading	profit or loss
securities	指定為通過

Designated

			oug	
	Held-to-	Available-	profit or loss	Trading
	maturity	for-sale	指定為通過	securities
Total	investments	securities	損益以反映	持作交易
總額	持至到期投資	可供出售證券	公平價值	用途之證券
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

AAA	AAA
AA-to AA+	AA-至AA+
A-to A+	A-至A+
Lower than A-	A-以下
Unrated	無評級

	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	_	_	1,151,729	_	1,151,729
	150,215	474,235	7,293,120	259,814	8,177,384
	_	226,046	2,401,132	635,776	3,262,954
	-	-	907,176	-	907,176
	-	-	17,418	-	17,418
_					
	150,215	700,281	11,770,575	895,590	13,516,661

The Group and the Bank

本集團及本行

2007

二零零七年

Available-

for-sale

	Designated
	at fair value
	through
Trading	profit or loss

指定為通過

securities

32,195

持作交易	損益以反映	securities	investments	Total
用途之證券	公平價值	可供出售證券	持至到期投資	總額
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		150,000		150,000
_	_	158,338	_	158,338
32,195	641,282	11,192,714	_	11,866,191
-	237,673	4,425,823	_	4,663,496
-	_	1,051,535	_	1,051,535
-	_	24,449	_	24,449

878,955 16,852,859

AAA	AAA
AA-to AA+	AA-至AA+
A-to A+	A-至A+
Lower than A-	A-以下
Unrated	無評級

There are no overdue debt securities as at 31 December 2008 (2007: Nil).

As at 31 December 2008, an investment in a structured investment vehicle ("SIV") with nominal value of HK\$155 million (2007: HK\$273 million) were individually determined to be impaired. No collateral is held by the Group for these investments.

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,並無逾 期之債務證券(二零零七年:無)。

17,764,009

Held-to-

maturity

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,於面 值為155,000,000港元(二零零七年: 273,000,000港元)之結構投資工具 (「SIV」)之投資乃個別釐定為減值。本集 團並無就該等投資持有抵押品。

#### (a) Credit risk management (continued)

Collateralized debt obligations ("CDOs") and SIVs held by the Bank were purchased according to the Bank's investment guidelines. As at 31 December 2008, the carrying amount of CDOs inclusive of revaluation loss on the embedded derivatives amounted to HK\$13.6 million (2007: HK\$143.6 million) and carrying amount of SIVs was HK\$16.6 million (2007: HK\$110.6 million).

#### (x) Collateral and other credit enhancements

An estimate of the fair value of collateral and other credit enhancements held against financial assets is as follows:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

The Group

#### (a) 信貸風險管理(續)

本行持有之債務抵押證券(「CDOs」)及SIVs 乃根據銀行投資指引而購入。於二零零八年十二月三十一日,債務抵押證券,包括嵌入式衍生工具的重估虧損的賬面值為13,600,000港元(二零零七年:143,600,000港元),而SIVs 的賬面值為16,600,000港元(二零零七年:110,600,000港元)。

#### (x) 抵押品及其他信貸提升措施

以金融資產持有之抵押品及其他信貸提 升措施之估計公平價值如下:

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i ne G	iroup	i ne Bank			
本算	[團	本:	本行		
2008	2007	2008	2007		
二零零八年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零七年		
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
44,711,241 76,653 144,905	45,208,299 55,614 108,530	34,778,714 22,320 74,771	35,933,104 14,182 74,519		
44,932,799	45,372,443	34,875,805	36,021,805		

## Fair value of collateral and other credit enhancements held against financial assets that are:

- Neither past due nor impairedPast due but not impaired
- Past due but not impaired
- Impaired

以下列金融資產持有之 抵押品及其他信貸 提升措施之公平價值:

- 一並無逾期或減值
- 一已逾期但並無減值

-住宅物業

一已減值

## (xi) Collateral and other credit enhancements obtained

During the year, the Group obtained assets by taking possession of collateral held as security, as follows:

Carrying amount of assets obtained: 所獲得之資產之賬面值:

As at 31 December 2008, total repossessed assets and assets acquired under lending agreements of the Group and the Bank amounted to HK\$29,880,000 (2007: HK\$34,002,000).

Repossessed properties are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness. Repossessed property is classified in the balance sheet within other assets.

## (xi) 已取得之抵押品及其他信貸提升措施

年內,本集團透過接管持作擔保之抵押 品獲取之資產如下:

#### The Group and the Bank 本集團及本行

2008	2007
二零零八年	二零零七年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,根據本 集團及本行之借貸協議獲得之收回資產 和資產總值為29,880,000港元(二零零七 年:34,002,000港元)。

7.652

收回物業會盡快予以出售,所得之款項 將用以削減未償還之債項。於資產負債 表內,收回物業分類為其他資產。

3.483

Residential property

#### (b) Market risk management

Market risk arises on all market risk sensitive financial instruments, including securities, foreign exchange contracts, equity and other derivative instruments, as well as from balance sheet or structural positions. The Bank transacts in the money market, foreign exchange market, equity market and capital market giving rise to market risk exposures. Positions are taken as a result of the execution of customers' orders, and market making activities, and offsetting transactions taken in order to hedge the Bank's open position. The Bank does not engage in significant proprietary trading.

The objective of market risk management is to avoid excessive exposure of earnings and equity to loss and to reduce the Group's exposure to the volatility inherent in financial instruments.

The Board reviews and approves policies for the management of market risks including dealing authorities and limits. The Board has delegated the responsibility for ongoing general market risk management to the Asset and Liability Committee. This committee articulates the interest rate view of the Bank and decides on future business strategy with respect to interest rates. It also reviews and sets funding policy and ensures adherence to risk management objectives.

The Group has also established clear market risk policies, including limits, reporting lines and control procedures, which are reviewed regularly and approved by the Board. Market risk is managed within various limits approved by the Board. These limits are determined for each financial instrument and include limits on product volume, gross and net positions, position concentrations, mark to market limits, stop loss limits and risk position limits.

The sale of derivatives to customers as risk management products and the subsequent use of derivatives to manage the resulting position is an integral part of the Group's business activities. These instruments are also used to manage the Group's own exposures to market risk as part of its asset and liability management process. The principal derivative instruments used by the Group are interest and foreign exchange rate related contracts, which are primarily over-the-counter derivatives. The Group also purchases exchange traded derivatives. Most of the Group's derivatives positions have been entered into to meet customer demand and to hedge these and other positions.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 市場風險管理

市場風險產生於所有對市場風險敏感之金融工具,包括證券、外滙合約、股本及其他衍生工具,以及資產負債表或結構性倉盤。本行在貨幣市場、外滙市場、股票市場及資本市場中進行交易,因而產生市場風險。本行就執行客戶指令、市場莊家活動,以及為對沖本行之未平倉盤而持有倉盤。本行並無參與重大自營交易。

市場風險管理之目標為避免盈利及股本遭受過度損失及減少本集團因金融工具本身固有波幅所引申之風險。

董事會檢討及審批有關市場風險管理之政策 及處理授權及限額事宜。董事會已將持續一 般市場風險管理之責任授予資產負債委員 會。該委員會負責因應本行對利率之走勢預 測,而決定有關業務策略。該委員會亦審閱 及制訂融資政策並確保各風險管理目標獲得 遵從。

本集團亦制定清晰之市場風險政策,包括限額、報告制度及控制程序,並由董事會定期予以檢討及批准。市場風險乃在經由董事會批准之各限額內予以管理。此等限額乃就各金融工具釐定,包括就產品量、倉盤總額及淨額、倉盤集中度、按市場調整之限額、止蝕限額及風險倉盤限額設定之限額。

向客戶出售作為風險管理產品之衍生工具及 其後使用衍生工具管理相關持倉,為本集團 其中一項業務。該等工具亦用於管理本集團 本身之市場風險,作為其資產及負債管理流 程之一部分。本集團所採用之衍生工具主要 為利率及滙率相關合約等場外交易衍生工 具。本集團亦有參與交易買賣衍生工具。本 集團大部分衍生工具持倉均為配合客戶需求 以及為對沖彼等和其他倉盤而訂立。

#### (b) Market risk management (continued)

One of the principal tools used by the Group to monitor and limit market risk exposure is Value-at-risk (VAR). VAR is a technique that estimates the potential losses that could occur on risk positions as a result of movements in market rates and prices over a specified time horizon and to a given level of confidence. The calculation uses the variance-covariance model as the means to estimate the statistical confidence level.

The Group augments its VAR limits with other positions and sensitivity limit structures. Additionally, the Group applies a wide range of sensitivity analysis, both on individual portfolios and on the Group's consolidated positions to assess the potential impact on the Group's earnings as a result of extreme movements in market prices.

(i) Sensitivity analysis of market risk exposures

#### Trading market risk

#### Currency risk

At 31 December 2008, if Hong Kong Dollar had strengthened by 0.5% against other currencies, with all other variables held constant, the profit before tax for the year would have been HK\$0.7 million lower (2007: HK\$1.5 million higher), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains on translation of non-HKD denominated financial assets compensated by foreign exchange losses on translation of non-HKD denominated financial liabilities.

Conversely, if Hong Kong Dollar had weakened by 0.5% against other currencies, with all other variables held constant, the profit before tax for the year would have been HK\$0.7 million higher (2007: HK\$1.5 million lower).

#### Interest rate risk

The Group measures trading book interest rate risks through Present Value of Basis Point (PVBP). PVBP is a sensitivity test to measure the potential profit or loss fluctuation on interest rate positions upon a basis point movement.

The Group adopts a sensitivity test of a 25 basis points movement. At 31 December 2008, 25 basis points upward movement in interest rate would result in a downward profit movement of HK\$17,837 (2007: HK\$22,460). Conversely, 25 basis points downward movement in interest rate would result in an upward profit movement of HK\$17,837 (2007: HK\$22,460).

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 市場風險管理(續)

風險值(VAR)是本集團為監控及限制市場風險所主要採用之一種工具。風險值是一種按一既定信心水平估計由於市場利率及價格在特定持盤時間內之變動而使持倉盤可能出現虧損的估計數字的技術。計算方式乃使用方差與協方差模式估計統計數字信心水平。

本集團結合持其他倉盤及敏感性限額結構, 以加強其風險值限額。此外,本集團對個別 貸款組合及本集團之綜合狀況應用較廣範圍 之敏感性分析,以評估市價之極端變動對本 集團盈利之潛在影響。

#### (i) 市場風險敏感度分析

## 交易市場風險

#### 貨幣風險

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,如港 元兑其他貨幣升值0.5%並假設所有其 他參數不變,本年度之除税前溢利將 減少700,000港元(二零零七年:增加 1,500,000港元),主要由於非港元計值 之金融資產之滙兑收益抵銷非港元計值 之金融負債之滙兑虧損所致。

相反地,如港元兑其他貨幣貶值0.5%,並假設所有其他參數不變,本年度之除稅前溢利將增加700,000港元(二零零七年:減少1,500,000港元)。

## 利率風險

本集團透過基點現值法計量交易賬利率 風險。基點現值法是一項敏感度測試, 用以計量基點變動對利率倉盤可能帶來 之損益波動。

本集團採用25個基點變動之敏感度測試。於二零零八年十二月三十一日,利率調升25個基點將導致溢利下降17,837港元(二零零七年:22,460港元)。相反地,如果利率下調25個基點,溢利將上升17,837港元(二零零七年:22,460港元)。

#### (b) Market risk management (continued)

(i) Sensitivity analysis of market risk exposures (continued)

#### Trading market risk (continued)

Equity risk

At 31 December 2008, if the Hang Seng Index had increased by 10% with all other variables held constant and all the equity instruments move according to the historical correlation with the index, earnings for the year would have been HK\$2,644 higher (2007: HK\$46,127).

Conversely, at 31 December 2008, if Hang Seng Index had decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant and all the equity instruments move according to the historical correlation with the index, earnings for the year would have been HK\$2,644 lower (2007: HK\$46,127).

#### Non-trading market risk

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk primarily results from timing differences in the repricing of interest-bearing assets, liabilities and commitments. It also related to positions from non-interest bearing liabilities including shareholders' funds and current accounts, as well as from certain fixed rate loans and liabilities. Interest rate risk is managed by the treasury department within limits approved by the Board, including interest rate gap limits. The Group also uses interest rate swaps and other derivatives to manage interest rate risk.

Structural interest rate risk arises primarily from the deployment of non-interest bearing liabilities, including shareholders' funds and current accounts, as well as from certain fixed rate loans and liabilities. Structural interest rate risk is monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee.

At 31 December 2008, if other market variables including prime rate were held constant, an increase in HKD market interest rates of 25 basis points would result in an increase in earnings over the next 12 months of HK\$5.4 million (2007: HK\$13.5 million decrease), or an increase in economic value of HK\$8.1 million (2007: HK\$23.6 million decrease); while an increase in USD market interest rates of 25 basis points would result in a decrease in earnings over the next 12 months of HK\$13.8 million (2007: HK\$5.5 million), or an increase in economic value of HK\$29.9 million (2007: HK\$14 million decrease)

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(i) 市場風險敏感度分析(續)

#### 交易市場風險(續)

#### 股票風險

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,如果恒 生指數上升10%並假設所有其他參數不 變及所有股本工具根據與指數之歷史相 關性變動,本年度盈利將增加2,644港元 (二零零七年:46,127港元)。

相反地,於二零零八年十二月三十一日, 如果恒生指數下降10%並假設所有其他 參數不變及所有股本工具根據與指數之 歷史相關性變動,本年度之盈利將減少 2,644港元(二零零七年:46,127港元)。

#### 非交易市場風險

#### 利率風險

利率風險主要由計息資產、負債及承擔 之再定息率時差引致,亦與包括股東資 金及往來賬戶在內之非計息負債,以及 若干定息貸款及負債產生之倉盤有關。 利率風險由資金部門管理,並維持在董 事會批准之限額(包括利率差別限額)之 內。本集團亦使用利率掉期及其他衍生 工具管理利率風險。

結構利率風險主要由包括股東資金及往 來賬戶在內之非計息負債,以及若干定 息貸款及負債所產生。結構利率風險由 資產負債委員會監控。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,假設其 他市場參數(包括最優惠利率)維持不 變,如果港元市場利率調升25個基點, 將導致接下來12個月盈利增加5,400,000 港元(二零零七年:減少13,500,000港 元),或經濟值增加8,100,000港元(二零 零七年:減少23,600,000港元);如果美 元市場利率調升25個基點,將導致接下 來12個月盈利減少13,800,000港元(二 零零七年:5,500,000港元),或經濟值增 加29,900,000港元(二零零七年:減少 14,000,000港元)。

#### (b) Market risk management (continued)

(i) Sensitivity analysis of market risk exposures (continued)

#### Non-trading market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk (continued)

Conversely, if other market variables including prime rate were held constant, a decrease in HKD market interest rates of 25 basis points would result in a decrease in earnings over the next 12 months of HK\$5.4 million (2007: HK\$13.5 million increase), or a decrease in economic value of HK\$8.1 million (2007: HK\$23.6 million increase); while a decrease in USD market interest rates of 25 basis points would result in an increase in earnings over the next 12 months of HK\$13.8 million (2007: HK\$5.5 million), or a decrease in economic value of HK\$29.9 million (2007: HK\$14 million increase).

#### Equity risk

At 31 December 2008, if the Hang Seng Index had increased by 10% with all other variables held constant and all the equity instruments move according to the historical correlation with the index, the value of equity securities at 31 December 2008 would have been HK\$7.7 million higher (2007: HK\$13.5 million).

Conversely, at 31 December 2008, if the Hang Seng Index had decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant and all the equity instruments move according to the historical correlation with the index, the value of equity securities at 31 December 2008 would have been HK\$7.7 million lower (2007: HK\$13.5 million).

The method and assumptions used in the above sensitivity analysis on interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and equity risk are performed on the same basis for both 2007 and 2008.

#### (ii) Currency risk

The Group's foreign currency positions arise from foreign exchange dealing, commercial banking operations and structural foreign currency exposures. All foreign currency positions are managed by the treasury department within limits approved by the Board. Structural foreign currency positions arise mainly on foreign currency investments in the Group's subsidiaries of total amount of HK\$0.2 million as of 31 December 2008. The Group seeks to match closely its foreign currency denominated assets with corresponding liabilities in the same currencies. In January 2009, RMB230 million investment in XCCB was approved as a structural position by the HKMA.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(i) 市場風險敏感度分析(續)

#### 非交易市場風險(續)

#### 利率風險(續)

相反地,假設其他市場參數(包括最優惠利率)維持不變,如果港元市場利率下調25個基點,將導致接下來12個月盈利減少5,400,000港元(二零零七年:增加13,500,000港元),或經濟值減少8,100,000港元(二零零七年:增加23,600,000港元);如果美元市場利率下調25個基點,將導致接下來12個月盈利增加13,800,000港元(二零零七年:5,500,000港元),或經濟值減少29,900,000港元(二零零七年:增加14,000,000港元)。

#### 股票風險

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,如果恒生指數上升10%並假設所有其他參數不變及所有股本工具根據與指數之歷史相關性變動,於二零零八年十二月三十一日之股票證券價值為增加7,700,000港元(二零零七年:13,500,000港元)。

相反地,於二零零八年十二月三十一日,如果恒生指數下降10%並假設所有其他參數不變及所有股本工具根據與指數之歷史相關性變動,於二零零八年十二月三十一日之股票證券價值將減少7,700,000港元(二零零七年:13,500,000港元)。

上述對利率風險、外滙風險及股票風險 之敏感度分析所採用之方法及假設,就 二零零七年及二零零八年而言所採用者 乃屬相同。

#### (ii) 貨幣風險

本集團之外滙持倉源自外滙買賣、商業銀行業務及結構性外幣持倉。所有外幣持倉均由資金部管理,並維持在董事所訂定之範圍內。結構性外幣持倉會所訂定之範圍內。結構性外幣持倉主要源自本集團於附屬公司於二零零次年十二月三十一日之外幣投資總數為200,000港元。本集團設法將以外幣為單位之資產切實配對以同樣貨幣為單位之資產切實配對以同樣貨幣為單位之相應負債。於二零零九年一月投資於商行之人民幣230,000,000元已獲金管局認可為結構性持倉。

## (b) Market risk management (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

The following table indicates the concentration of currency risk at the balance sheet date:

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(ii) 貨幣風險(續)

下表列示於結算日之集中貨幣風險:

(Equivalent in HK\$′000)	(千港元等值)	US Dollars 美元	The Group 本集團 2008 二零零八年 Chinese Renminbi 人民幣	Other currencies 其他貨幣
(	(1/5/5/3/14/	70,0	7 (201)	X 10 X 11
ASSETS	資產			
Cash and short-term funds Placements with banks maturing	現金及短期資金 一至十二個月到期之	5,533,114	194,100	1,087,787
between one and twelve months	エー 四月 刊 別 之 銀 行 同 業 放 款	1,627,521	_	_
Financial assets designated at fair	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值	.,0,0		
value through profit or loss	之金融資產	700,281	-	-
Advances to customers less impairment		5,693,681	-	139,703
Accrued interest and other accounts	應計利息及其他賬目	387,459	-	115,221
Available-for-sale securities Other loans and receivable	可供出售證券 其他貸款及應收款項	3,678,986 2,987,342	28,395	3,355,336 757,944
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	895,590	_	757,344
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	-	292,047	1,699
Spot assets	現貨資產	21,503,974	514,542	5,457,690
LIABILITIES	負債			
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,166,471	_	275,725
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	18,615,740	192,465	4,299,317
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	7,905	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,469,884	-	46,048
Other accounts and liabilities Subordinated notes issued	其他賬目及負債 已發行後償票據	244,703 1,684,386	30,682	319,569
Subordinated notes issued	□ <del>饮</del> 1] 佼 俱示係	1,004,300		
Spot liabilities	現貨負債	23,189,089	223,147	4,940,659
Net on-balance sheet position	資產負債表內持倉淨額	(1,685,115)	291,395	517,031
Off-balance sheet position	資產負債表外倉盤			
Foreign exchange derivative contracts		1,772,740	(1,136)	(639,331)
Net aggregate position	總持倉淨額	87,625	290,259	(122,300)
Credit commitments and other contingent liabilities in foreign currencies	以外幣結算之信貸 承擔及其他或然負債	937,156	-	317,882

## (b) Market risk management (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(ii) 貨幣風險(續)

The Group

		本集團 2007			
		二零零七年			
		US	Chinese		Other
		Dollars	Renminbi	Euros	currencies
(Equivalent in HK\$'000)	(千港元等值)	美元	人民幣	歐元	其他貨幣
ASSETS	資產				
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	5,496,400	143,294	183,085	836,485
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之				
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	740,990	_	_	_
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	156	-	-	-
Financial assets designated as	指定為通過損益以反映				
at fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	878,955	_	-	_
Advances to customers less impairment	客戶貸款減減值	6,033,828		41,977	168,552
Accrued interest and other accounts	應計利息及其他賬目	291,255	_	13,469	23,466
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	6,763,137	_	925,472	1,424,521
, wanazio ioi cale eccamice				020,172	.,, 02 .
Spot assets	現貨資產	20,204,721	143,294	1,164,003	2,453,024
LIABILITIES	負債				
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	24,657	_	682,852	194,880
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	14,296,350	145,696	1,186,351	3,697,156
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,362,877	_	_	_
Other account and liabilities	其他賬目及負債	231,660	5	13,544	18,451
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,622,652	_	_	_
Spot liabilities	現貨負債	17,538,196	145,701	1,882,747	3,910,487
		0.000 = 0=	10 10=	/246 24 ::	/4 455 105
Net on-balance sheet position	資產負債表內持倉淨額	2,666,525	(2,407)	(718,744)	(1,457,463)
Off-balance sheet position	資產負債表外倉盤				
Foreign exchange derivative contracts		(3,415,851)	215,076	648,489	1,556,465
		. , , ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	· · ·
Net aggregate position	總持倉淨額	(749,326)	212,669	(70,255)	99,002
Credit commitments and other	以外幣結算之信貸				
contingent liabilities	承擔及其他或然負債				
in foreign currencies		2,106,912	_	29,380	489,352

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (b) Market risk management (continued)

## (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

(ii) 貨幣風險(續)

		US Dollars		Other currencies
(Equivalent in HK\$'000)	(千港元等值)	美元 —————	人民幣	其他貨幣
ASSETS	資產			
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	5,521,456	194,078	1,087,488
Placements with banks maturing between one and twelve months	一至十二個月到期之 銀行同業放款	1,627,521	_	_
Financial assets designated at fair	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值	1,027,021		
value through profit or loss	之金融資產	700,281	-	-
Advances to customers less impairment		5,693,681	-	139,702
Accrued interest and other accounts	應計利息及其他賬目	381,087	- 20.205	115,155
Available-for-sale securities Other loans and receivable	可供出售證券 其他貸款及應收款項	3,678,986 2,987,342	28,395	3,355,336 757,944
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	895,590	_	757,544
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	-	292,047	1,699
Investments in subsidiaries	附屬公司投資	11,701	-	247
	TO Alexander			
Spot assets	現貨資產	21,497,645	514,520	5,457,571
LIABILITIES	負債			
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,166,471	_	275,725
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	18,615,740	192,465	4,299,317
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	7,905	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,469,884	-	46,048
Other accounts and liabilities	其他賬目及負債	244,184	30,682	318,481
Subordinated notes issued  Amounts due to subsidiaries	已發行後償票據 應付附屬公司款項	1,684,386 4,358	_	- 1,103
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應刊的屬公 <u>司</u>	4,330		1,103
Spot liabilities	現貨負債	23,192,928	223,147	4,940,674
Net on-balance sheet position	資產負債表內持倉淨額	(1,695,283)	291,373	516,897
Off-balance sheet position	資產負債表外倉盤			
Foreign exchange derivative contracts		1,772,740	(1,136)	(639,331)
Net aggregate position	總持倉淨額	77,457	290,237	(122,434)
53-23 P		,		, ==, == , ,
Credit commitments and other contingent liabilities in foreign currencies	以外幣結算之信貸 承擔及其他或然負債	937,156	-	317,882

## (b) Market risk management (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(ii) 貨幣風險(續)

The Bank

		本行 2007			
		二零零七年			
		US	Chinese	F	Other
(Equivalent in HK\$'000)	(千港元等值)	Dollars 美元	Renminbi 人民幣	Euros 歐元	currencies 其他貨幣
(Equivalent in Fix 000)	(十/仓儿寺祖)	天儿	八八市	四八.	共化貝市
ASSETS	資產				
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	5,496,340	143,294	182,970	836,016
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之		,	,	,
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	740,990	_	_	_
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	156	_	-	_
Financial assets designated as at	指定為通過損益以反映				
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	878,955	-	-	_
Advances to customers less impairmen	t 客戶貸款減減值	6,033,828	-	41,977	168,552
Accrued interest and other accounts	應計利息及其他賬目	291,255	-	13,469	23,466
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	6,763,137	-	925,472	1,424,521
Investment in subsidiaries	附屬公司投資	31,056	-	-	247
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	_	_	115	212
Spot assets	現貨資產	20,235,717	143,294	1,164,003	2,453,014
LIABILITIES	負債				
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	24,657	_	682,852	194,880
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	14,278,393	145,696	1,125,106	3,697,156
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,362,877	-	-	-
Other account and liabilities	其他賬目及負債	230,970	5	13,544	18,194
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,622,652	_	· –	_
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	51,538	-	61,327	590
Spot liabilities	現貨負債	17,571,087	145,701	1,882,829	3,910,820
Net on-balance sheet position	資產負債表內持倉淨額	2,664,630	(2,407)	(718,826)	(1,457,806)
Off-balance sheet position	資產負債表外倉盤				
Foreign exchange derivative contracts	外滙衍生合約	(3,415,851)	215,076	648,489	1,556,465
Net aggregate position	總持倉淨額	(751,221)	212,669	(70,337)	98,659
Credit commitments and other contingent liabilities in	以外幣結算之信貸 承擔及其他或然負債				
foreign currencies		2,106,912	_	29,380	489,352

#### (b) Market risk management (continued)

#### (iii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate positions mainly arise from treasury and commercial banking activities. Interest rate risk arises in both trading portfolios and available-for-sale portfolios. Interest rate risk primarily results from timing differences in the repricing of interest-bearing assets, liabilities and commitments. It also related to positions from non-interest bearing liabilities including shareholders' funds and current accounts, as well as from certain fixed rate loans and liabilities. Interest rate risk is managed by the treasury department within limits approved by the Board, including interest rate gap limits. The Group also uses interest rate swaps and other derivatives to manage interest rate risk.

Structural interest rate risk arises primarily from the deployment of non-interest bearing liabilities, including shareholders' funds and current accounts, as well as from certain fixed rate loans and liabilities. Structural interest rate risk is monitored by the Asset and Liability Committee.

The following tables indicate the effective interest rates for the relevant periods and the mismatches of the expected interest repricing dates for interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Actual repricing dates may differ from the contractual dates owing to prepayments and the exercise of options.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (b) 市場風險管理(續)

#### (iii) 利率風險

本集團之利率倉盤主要源自財資及商業 銀行業務。利率風險由交易證券組合及 可供出售證券組合所產生。利率風險主 要由計息資產、負債及承擔之再定息率 時差引致,亦與包括限東資金若干定息 戶在內之非計息負債,以及若干定息 款及負債產生之倉盤有關。利率風險由 資金部門管理,並維持在董事會批准之 限額(包括利率差別限額)之內。本集團 亦使用利率掉期及其他衍生工具管理利 率風險。

結構利率風險主要由包括股東資金及往 來賬戶在內之非計息負債,以及若干定 息貸款及負債所產生。結構利率風險由 資產負債委員會監控。

下表列示於結算日付息資產與負債於相關期間之實際利率及於預期利息調整日期之錯配。由於預付及行使期權,實際重訂價格日期可能不同於合約日期。

# (b) Market risk management (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(iii) 利率風險(續)

The Group 本集團 2008

				二零	零八年			
		Average		3 months or	Over	Over		Non-
		effective		less (include	3 months	1 year	Over	interest
		interest rate	Total	overdue)	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	bearing
				三個月或				
				以下(包括	三個月以上	一年以上		
		平均實際利率	總額	逾期部份)	至一年	至五年	五年以上	不計息
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產							
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	1.02%	8,014,953	6,736,729	-	-	-	1,278,224
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之							
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	2.61%	1,827,521	975,010	852,511	-	-	-
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	0.29%	150,250	92,992	52,191	5,032	-	35
Financial assets designated at fair	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
value through profit or loss	之金融資產	6.60%	700,281	194,456	197,527	226,045	82,253	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	N/A	2,618,073	-	-	-	-	2,618,073
Advances to customers less impairment	: 客戶貸款減減值	3.77%	33,033,818	28,728,978	2,486,623	1,548,035	147,626	122,556
Other Assets	其他資產	3.96%	767,871	130,086	-	-	-	637,785
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	3.37%	12,089,334	3,399,044	3,305,269	4,568,614	480,229	336,178
Other loans and receivables	其他貸款及應收款項	4.69%	3,745,286	2,489,017	442,289	813,980	-	-
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	6.24%	895,590	_	_	588,178	307,412	_
Undated assets	無定期資產	N/A	1,798,935	_	_	_	_	1,798,935
			65,641,912	42,746,312	7,336,410	7,749,884	1,017,520	6,791,786
	h #							
LIABILITIES	負債							
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	4.93%	1,987,014	1,597,066	86,174	-	-	303,774
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	1.77%	47,997,587	44,101,815	3,427,471	591	-	467,710
Trading liabilities	交易賬項下之負債	0.12%	116,145	111,740	-	4,405	-	-
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	4.81%	173,405	-	-	-	173,405	-
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	2.82%	960,181	401,476	96,300	462,405	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	3.35%	1,898,982	1,898,982	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	N/A	2,506,345	-	-	-	-	2,506,345
Other liabilities	其他負債	0.75%	3,283,680	1,419,497	399,876	671,198	-	793,109
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1.26%	1,684,386	-	-	1,684,386	-	-
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	N/A	313,090	-	-	-	-	313,090
			60 000 045	40 520 570	4 000 006	2 022 005	170 405	4 204 000
			60,920,815	49,530,576	4,009,821	2,822,985	173,405	4,384,028
Interest rate sensitivity gap	利率敏感度差距			(6,784,264)	3,326,589	4,926,899	844,115	

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (b) Market risk management (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(iii) 利率風險(續)

The Group

					· Group 集團			
					朱母 2007			
					:007 『零十年			
		Average		3 months or	Over	Over		Non-
		effective		less (include	3 months	1 year	Over	interest
		interest rate	Total	overdue)	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	bearing
		intorost rato	Total	三個月或	to i you	to o yours	o yours	boaring
				以下(包括	三個月以上	一年以上		
		平均實際利率	總額	逾期部份)	至一年	マ五年	五年以上	不計息
		一个具体们干	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			17070	17670	17070	17070	17070	17670
ASSETS	資產							
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	4.59%	7,024,601	6,377,681	-	-	-	646,920
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之							
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	5.12%	740,990	584,992	155,998	-	-	-
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	2.38%	32,544	15,137	8,975	3,873	4,210	349
Financial assets designated at fair	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
value through profit or loss	之金融資產	6.56%	878,955	-	-	564,610	314,345	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	N/A	955,904	-	-	-	-	955,904
Advances to customers less impairment	:客戶貸款減減值	5.74%	31,478,804	25,387,760	3,403,550	2,253,792	416,456	17,246
Other assets	其他資產	6.33%	649,647	78,350	-	-	-	571,297
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	3.73%	17,230,441	6,045,057	6,229,994	4,160,713	392,645	402,032
Undated assets	無定期資產	N/A	1,630,993	-	-	-	-	1,630,993
			60,622,879	38,488,977	9,798,517	6,982,988	1,127,656	4,224,741
LIABILITIES	負債							
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	3.85%	1,457,845	1,077,732	-	-	-	380,113
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	3.78%	41,473,991	39,853,053	1,299,324	-	-	321,614
Trading liabilities	交易賬項下之負債	3.94%	11,673	-	7,035	1,033	3,605	-
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	5.84%	220,446	-	-	-	220,446	-
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	4.21%	2,161,650	1,169,800	439,050	552,800	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	5.16%	1,593,177	1,593,177	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	N/A	804,740	-	-	-	-	804,740
Other liabilities	其他負債	1.62%	6,718,976	5,620,525	459,753	4 000 050	-	638,698
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	5.65%	1,622,652	-	-	1,622,652	-	-
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	N/A	436,265	-	-	-	-	436,265
			56,501,415	49,314,287	2,205,162	2,176,485	224,051	2,581,430
Interest rate sensitivity gap	利率敏感度差距			(10,825,310)	7,593,355	4,806,503	903,605	

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (b) Market risk management (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(iii) 利率風險(續)

Over

Non-

	The	e Bank
	:	本行
	2	2008
		零八年
Average	3 months or	Over
effective	less (include	3 months

		effective		ess (include	3 months	1 year	Over	interest
		interest rate	Total	overdue)	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	bearing
				三個月或 以下(包括	三個月以上	一年以上		
		平均實際利率	總額	逾期部份)	至一年	至五年	五年以上	不計息
		一つ気が打工	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產							
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	1.02%	8,002,895	6,736,729	-	-	-	1,266,166
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之							
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	2.61%	1,827,521	975,010	852,511	-	-	-
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	0.29%	150,215	92,992	52,191	5,032	-	-
Financial assets designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值 之金融資產	C CO0/	700 201	104.450	107 507	220.045	00.000	
fair value through profit or loss  Derivative financial instruments	行生金融工具	6.60% N/A	700,281 2,618,073	194,456	197,527	226,045	82,253	2,618,073
Advances to customers less impairment		3.13%	28,938,533	27,554,319	978,894	183,329	147,626	74,365
Other assets	其他資產	3.96%	722,630	130,086	370,034	100,020	147,020	592,544
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	3.37%	12,089,334	3,399,044	3,305,269	4,568,614	480,229	336,178
Other loans and receivables	其他貸款及應收款項	4.69%	3,745,286	2,489,017	442,289	813,980	_	_
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	6.24%	895,590	-	-	588,178	307,412	-
Amount due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	1.99%	5,810,245	5,759,256	-	-	-	50,989
Undated assets	無定期資產	N/A	1,845,557	-	-	-	-	1,845,557
			67,346,160	47 220 000	5,828,681	6,385,178	1 017 520	6 702 072
			07,340,100	47,330,909	3,020,001	0,300,170	1,017,520	6,783,872
LIABILITIES	負債							
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	4.93%	1,986,951	1,597,066	86,174	_	_	303,711
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	1.77%	47,997,587	44,101,815	3,427,471	591	-	467,710
Trading liabilities	交易脹項下之負債	0.12%	116,145	111,740	-	4,405	-	-
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	4.81%	173,405	-	-	-	173,405	-
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	2.82%	960,181	401,476	96,300	462,405	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	3.35%	1,898,982	1,898,982	-	-	-	- 0.500.045
Derivative financial instruments Other liabilities	衍生金融工具 其他負債	N/A 0.75%	2,506,345	1,419,497	399,876	674 100	-	2,506,345
Subordinated notes issued	共心具頂 已發行後償票據	1.26%	3,245,633 1,684,386	1,415,457	333,0/0	671,198 1,684,386	_	755,062
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	1.01%	2,336,900	2,255,665	5,518	1,004,300	_	- 75,717
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	N/A	248,966		- 0,010	_	_	248,966
		.277						=,3
			63,155,481	51,786,241	4,015,339	2,822,985	173,405	4,357,511
Interest rate sensitivity gap	利率敏感度差距			(4,455,332)	1,813,342	3,562,193	844,115	

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (b) Market risk management (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (b) 市場風險管理(續)

(iii) 利率風險(續)

		The Bank 本行 2007 二零零七年							
		Average effective interest rate	Total	3 months or less (include overdue) 三個月或	Over 3 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 5 years	Over 5 years	Non- interest bearing	
				以下(包括	三個月以上	一年以上			
		平均實際利率	總額	逾期部份)	至一年	至五年	五年以上	不計息	
			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
ASSETS	資產								
Cash and short-term funds Placements with banks maturing	現金及短期資金 一至十二個月到期之	4.59%	7,023,909	6,377,681	-	-	-	646,228	
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	5.12%	740,990	584,992	155,998	_	_	_	
Trading securities Financial assets designated at fair	持作交易用途之證券 指定為通過損益以反映公平價值	2.38%	32,195	15,137	8,975	3,873	4,210	-	
value through profit or loss	之金融資產	6.56%	878,955	_	_	564,610	314,345	_	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	N/A	955,904	-	-	-	-	955,904	
Advances to customers less impairmen	t 客戶貸款減減值	5.22%	26,835,845	24,160,782	1,842,710	412,535	416,456	3,362	
Other assets	其他資產	6.33%	610,560	78,350	-	-	-	532,210	
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	3.73%	17,230,441	6,045,057	6,229,994	4,160,713	392,645	402,032	
Amount due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	4.38%	4,259,323	4,123,455	-	-	-	135,868	
Undated assets	無定期資產	N/A	1,610,581	_	-	-	_	1,610,581	
			60,178,703	41,385,454	8,237,677	5,141,731	1,127,656	4,286,185	
LIABILITIES	負債								
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	3.85%	1,457,840	1,077,732	-	-	-	380,108	
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	3.60%	41,399,581	39,778,643	1,299,324	-	-	321,614	
Trading liabilities	交易賬項下之負債	3.94%	11,673	-	7,035	1,033	3,605	-	
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值								
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	5.84%	220,446	-	-	-	220,446	-	
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	4.21%	2,161,650	1,169,800	439,050	552,800	-	-	
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	5.16%	1,593,177	1,593,177	-	-	-	- 004.740	
Derivative financial instruments Other liabilities	衍生金融工具 其他負債	N/A 1.62%	804,740 6,445,561	5,620,525	459,753	-	-	804,740 365,283	
Subordinated notes issued	共心兵順 已發行後償票據	5.65%	1,622,652	0,020,020	409,700	1,622,652	-	300,203	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	3.39%	500,452	458,483	24,176	1,022,032	_	17,793	
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	N/A	428,545	-	-	-	-	428,545	
			56,646,317	49,698,360	2,229,338	2,176,485	224,051	2,318,083	
Interest rate sensitivity gap	利率敏感度差距			(8,312,906)	6,008,339	2,965,246	903,605		

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

#### (c) Liquidity risk management

The purpose of liquidity management is to ensure sufficient cash flows to meet all financial commitments and to capitalize on opportunities for business expansion. This includes the Group's ability to meet deposit withdrawals either on demand or at contractual maturity, to repay borrowings as they mature, to comply with the statutory liquidity ratio, and to make new loans and investments as opportunities arise.

Liquidity is managed on a daily basis by the treasury department under the direction of the Asset and Liability Committee. The treasury department is responsible for ensuring that the Group has adequate liquidity for all operations, ensuring that the funding mix is appropriate so as to avoid maturity mismatches and to prevent price and reinvestment rate risk in case of a maturity gap, and monitoring relevant markets for the adequacy of funding and liquidity.

As part of its liquidity risk management, the Group focuses on a number of components, including maintaining sufficient liquid assets, maintaining diversified source of liquidity, reserving necessary funding capacity and contingent planning. The Group manages liquidity risk by holding sufficient liquid assets (e.g. cash, short term funds and securities) of appropriate quality to ensure that short term funding requirements are covered within prudent limits. In order to lengthen the duration of the funding, the Bank periodically issues certificates of deposit with maturities of not more than 5 years. Adequate standby facilities are maintained to provide strategic liquidity to meet unexpected and material cash outflows in the ordinary course of business. The Group regularly performs stress tests on its liquidity position.

The Group's consolidated average liquidity ratio for the year ended 31 December 2008 was well above the statutory minimum ratio of 25%.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險管理

流動資金風險管理旨在確保足夠現金流量以滿足所有財務承擔之所需及滿足業務擴展之所需。有關措施涵蓋本集團應付因客戶需要或合約到期產生之存款提取、於借款到期時因償還貸款、為符合法定流動資金比率所需保持資金流動性及當新貸款及投資機會出現時所需資金。

資金部門在資產負債委員會指導下每日對流動資金進行管理。資金部門負責確保本集團擁有所有營運活動所需之充足流動資金、確保資金之適當組合以避免期限錯配並在存在年期差距時防止價格及再投資利率風險並為確保充足資金及流動資金監控相關市場。

作為其流動資金風險管理之一部分,本集團集中於數個項目,包括保持充足流動資產、拓闊流動資金來源、維持所需的融資能力是應變計劃。本集團透過持有充足適當質量足之流動資產(如現金及短期基金與證券)確保短期資金需求在審慎限額內來管理流動資金需求在審慎限額內來管理流動資金配長資金之持續期,本行定期發行五年內期滿之存款證。維持適當之備用貸款以提供策略性流動資金應付正常業務過程中可能出現之突然及重大現金流出。本集團定期對其流動資金狀況進行壓力測試。

本集團於截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止 年度之綜合平均流動資金比率遠高於法定最 低比率25%。

## (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity

The following maturity profile is based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date.

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

The Group 本集團

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債

下列期限組別乃基於結算日至合約訂明 到期日之剩餘期限:

		2008							
					二零零	零八年			
					Over 1	Over 3	Over 1		
					month but	months but	year but		
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5	Undated or
		Total	on demand	month	months	year	years	years	overdue
					一個月以上	三個月以上	一年以上		無定期
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	一年以內	五年以內	五年以上	或逾期
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		17270	1,275	17575	17070	17070	1,010	1,070	1,070
ASSETS	資產								
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	8,014,953	1,278,223	6,736,730	-	-	-	-	-
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之								
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	1,827,521	-	-	975,010	852,511	-	-	-
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	150,250	-	64,998	27,994	52,191	5,032	-	35
Financial assets designated at	指定為通過損益以反映								
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	700,281	_	_	194,456	197,527	226,046	82,252	_
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	2,618,073	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,618,073
Advances to customers less impairment	客戶貸款減減值	33,033,818	958,090	4,542,224	2,883,225	4,234,941	10,431,053	9,836,489	147,796
Other assets	其他資產	767,871	_	406,858	111,083	151,194	98,736		
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	12,089,334	_	257,602	1,068,518	3,538,098	5,753,168	1,135,770	336,178
Other loans and receivables	其他貸款及應收款項	3,745,286	_		-	420,194	3,325,092	_	-
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	895,590	_	_	_	-	588,177	307,413	_
Undated assets	無定期資產	1,798,935	_	_	_	_	-	-	1,798,935
Ondated doorto	MANAE	1,100,000							1,700,000
		65,641,912	2,236,313	12,008,412	5,260,286	9,446,656	20,427,304	11,361,924	4,901,017
LIABILITIES	負債								
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,987,014	303,773	1,488,444	108,623	86,174			
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	47,997,587	9.969.959	24,524,720	9,872,003	3,427,471	30,994	172,440	_
' ·	交易脹項下之負債		3,303,333	24,324,720		3,427,471	4,404	1/2,440	_
Trading liabilities	大勿感現下之貝貝 指定為通過損益以反映	116,145	_	_	111,741	_	4,404	_	-
Financial liabilities designated at		172 405						172 405	
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融負債	173,405	_	20.000	704 004	141 400	- 000	173,405	-
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	960,181	-	20,000	791,981	141,400	6,800	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,898,982	-	-	64,330	1,504,281	290,380	39,991	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	2,506,345	_	-	-		-	-	2,506,345
Other liabilities	其他負債	3,283,680	-	1,767,022	320,751	524,611	671,296	-	-
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,684,386	-	-	-	-	-	1,684,386	-
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	313,090	-	-	-	-	-	-	313,090
		60,920,815	10,273,732	27,800,186	11,269,429	5,683,937	1,003,874	2,070,222	2,819,435
Net liquidity gap	流動資金缺口淨額		8,037,419	15,791,774	6,009,143	(3,762,719)	(19,423,430)	(9,291,702)	

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

## (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

Of which:

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

The Group 本集團 2008 二零零八年 Over 1 Over 3 Over 1 year but month but months but Repayable Within 1 within 3 within 1 within 5 Over 5 Undated or Total on demand month months overdue year years years 一年以上 無定期 一個月以上 三個月以上 即時還款 一個月內 三個月以內 一年以內 五年以內 五年以上 或逾期 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 其中: Certificate of deposits held 持有存款證 - Included in available--納入可供出售證券 for-sale securities 472.897 112.575 360,322 Debt securities held \* 持有債務證券\* - Included in trading securities 150,215 27,994 52,191 5.032 -納入持作交易用途之證券 64,998 - Included in financial assets 一納入指定為通過 designated at fair value 損益以反映公平 價值之金融資產 700,281 197,527 226,046 82,252 through profit or loss 194,456 - Included in available--納入可供出售證券 for-sale securities 11,770,575 1,068,518 3,538,098 5,753,168 1,135,770 17,419 - Included in loans and receivable 一納入貸款及應收款項 3,745,286 420,194 3,325,092 - Included in held-to--納入持至到期投資 maturity investments 895,590 588,177 307,413 17,261,947 322,600 1,290,968 4,208,010 9,897,515 1,525,435 17,419 Certificates of deposit issued 已發行存款證 - Stated at amortised cost -按攤銷成本列賬 960,181 20,000 791,981 141,400 6,800

The amount of debt securities held included certificate of deposits held.

持有債務證券的金額已計入持有存款證。

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

The Croup

## (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

						Group				
		本集團								
						107				
						零七年				
					Over 1	Over 3	Over 1			
						months but	year but			
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5		
		Total	on demand	month	months	year	years	years	overdue	
					一個月以上	三個月以上	一年以上		無定期	
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	一年以內	五年以內	五年以上	或逾期	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
ASSETS	資產	7.004.004	0.40.000	0.033.004						
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	7,024,601	646,920	6,377,681	-	-	-	-	-	
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之	740.000			E04 000	155,000				
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	740,990	-	14.001	584,992	155,998	2.072	4.010	- 240	
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	32,544	-	14,981	156	8,975	3,873	4,210	349	
Financial assets designated at	指定為通過損益以反映	070.055					F04.040	044045		
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	878,955	-	-	-	-	564,610	314,345	-	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	955,904	-	-	-	-	-	-	955,904	
Advances to customers less impairment		31,478,804	1,101,486	4,845,212	2,660,556	4,610,404	9,749,840	8,479,364	31,942	
Available for sale securities	可供出售證券	17,230,441	-	230,967	255,233	7,115,365	5,614,917	3,611,927	402,032	
Other assets	其他資產	649,647	-	499,137	60,729	67,058	22,723	-	-	
Undated assets	無定期資產	1,630,993	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,630,993	
		60,622,879	1,748,406	11,967,978	3,561,666	11,957,800	15,955,963	12,409,846	3,021,220	
LIABILITIES	負債									
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,457,845	380,113	1,077,732	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	41,473,991	10,278,169	25,208,409	4,033,857	1,280,682	510,012	162,862	-	
Trading liabilities	交易賬項下之負債	11,673	-	-	-	7,035	1,033	3,605	-	
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映									
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融負債	220,446	_	_	_	_	_	220,446	_	
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	2,161,650	_	306,450	243,300	1,611,900	_	· _	_	
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,593,177	_	· -	· _	92.200	1,438,890	62,087	_	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	804,740	_	_	_	_	_	_	804,740	
Other liabilities	其他負債	6,718,976	_	5,331,512	868,827	518,637	_	_	-	
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,622,652	_	0,001,012	-	- 010,007	_	1,622,652	_	
Undated liabilities	無定期負債	436,265	_	_	_	_	_	1,022,002	436,265	
Official Machine Co.	M.K.MJ.K.IK	400,200							700,200	
		56,501,415	10,658,282	31,924,103	5,145,984	3,510,454	1,949,935	2,071,652	1,241,005	
Net liquidity gap	流動資金缺口淨額		8,909,876	19,956,125	1,584,318	(8,447,346)	(14,006,028)	(10,338,194)		

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

		The Group 本集團 2007 二零零七年								
		Total	Repayable on demand	Within 1 month	within 3 months	Over 3 months but within 1 year	Over 1 year but within 5 years	Over 5 years	Undated or overdue	
		總額 HK\$'000 千港元	即時還款 HK\$'000 千港元	一個月內 HK\$'000 千港元	一個月以上 三個月以內 HK\$'000 千港元	三個月以上 一年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	一年以上 五年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	無定期 或逾期 HK\$'000 千港元	
Of which: Certificate of deposits held - Include in available- for-sale securities	其中: 持有存款證 一納入可供出售證券	268,901	-	-	120,124	-	148,777	-	-	
Debt securities held * - Included in trading securities - Included in financial assets designated at fair value	<b>持有債務證券*</b> -納入持作交易用途之證券 -納入指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之	32,195	-	14,981	156	8,975	3,873	4,210	-	
through profit or loss  – Included in available- for-sale securities	金融資產一納入可供出售證券	878,955 16,852,859	-	230,967	255,233	7,115,365	564,610 5,614,917	314,345 3,611,927	- 24,450	
		17,764,009	-	245,948	255,389	7,124,340	6,183,400	3,930,482	24,450	
Certificates of deposit issued - Stated at amortised cost	<b>已發行存款證</b> 一按攤銷成本列賬	2,161,650	-	306,450	243,300	1,611,900	-	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup> The amount of debt securities held included certificate of deposits held.

<sup>\*</sup> 持有債務證券的金額已計入持有存款證。

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

The Bank

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

		本行 <b>2008</b> 二零零八年								
					Over 1	Over 3	Over 1			
					month but	months but	year but			
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5	Undated or	
		Total	on demand	month	months	year	years	years	overdue	
					一個月以上	三個月以上	一年以上		無定期	
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	一年以內	五年以內	五年以上	或逾期	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
ASSETS	資產									
Cash and short-term funds	現金及短期資金	8,002,895	1,266,165	6,736,730	-	-	-	-	-	
Placements with banks maturing	一至十二個月到期之	4								
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	1,827,521	-	-	975,010	852,511	-	-	-	
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	150,215	-	64,998	27,994	52,191	5,032	-	-	
Financial assets designated at	指定為通過損益以反映									
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	700,281	-	-	194,456	197,527	226,046	82,252	-	
Advances to customers less impairment		28,938,533	941,143	4,317,377	2,443,960	2,633,454	8,916,694	9,605,957	79,948	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	2,618,073	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,618,073	
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	12,089,334	-	257,602	1,068,518	3,538,098	5,753,168	1,135,770	336,178	
Other loans and receivables	其他貸款及應收款項	3,745,286	-	-	-	420,194	3,325,092	-	-	
Held-to-maturity investments	持至到期投資	895,590	-	-	-	-	588,177	307,413	-	
Other assets	其他資產	722,630	-	381,750	111,030	154,685	75,165	-	-	
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	5,810,245	35,127	2,224,956	3,548,386	-	-	-	1,776	
Undated assets	無定期資產	1,845,557	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,845,557	
		67,346,160	2,242,435	13,983,413	8,369,354	7,848,660	18,889,374	11,131,392	4,881,532	
LIABILITIES	負債									
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,986,951	303,710	1,488,444	108,623	86,174				
	客戶存款	47,997,587	9,969,959	24,524,720	9,872,003	3.427.471	30,994	172,440	_	
Deposits from customers Trading liabilities	を	116,145	3,303,333	24,324,720	111,741	3,427,471	4,404	172,440	_	
Financial liabilities designated at	大勿成項 1 之頁頁 指定為通過損益以反映	110,140	_	_	111,/41	_	4,404	_	_	
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融負債	173,405						173,405		
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	960,181	_	20,000	791,981	141,400	6,800	1/3,403	_	
Debt securities issued	已發行情務證券	1,898,982	_	20,000	64,330	1,504,281	290,380	39,991	_	
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	2,506,345	_	_	04,330	1,304,201	230,300	33,331	2,506,345	
Other liabilities	其他負債	3,245,633		1,728,958	320,755	524,624	671,296	_	2,300,343	
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據		_	1,720,330	320,733	324,024	0/1,230	1,684,386	-	
Amounts due to subsidiaries	医受11 医贝示塚 應付附屬公司款項	1,684,386 2,336,900	63.526	2,050,699	213,013	5,531		1,004,300	/ 121	
Undated liabilities	無定期負債		03,526	2,050,099	213,013	5,531		_	4,131	
Oriuated liabilities	<b>無</b> 上别貝頂	248,966							248,966	
		63,155,481	10,337,195	29,812,821	11,482,446	5,689,481	1,003,874	2,070,222	2,759,442	
Net liquidity gap	流動資金缺口淨額		8,094,760	15,829,408	3,113,092	(2,159,179)	(17,885,500)	(9,061,170)		

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

The Bank

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

					本				
					20				
					二零零 Over 1		Over 1		
					month but	Over 3	vear but		
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5	Undated or
		Total	on demand	month	months	vear	vears	vears	overdue
		IVLai	on ucmanu	IIIOIILII	一個月以上	三個月以上	一年以上	years	無定期
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	ー 回 万 次 工 一 年 以 内	五年以內	五年以上	或逾期
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$′000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	<b>HK\$′000</b>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		1 /6/0	17870	1/8/0	17870	17870	17870	17870	17870
Of which:	其中:								
Certificate of deposits held	持有存款證								
- Included in Available-	- 納入可供出售證券								
for-sale securities	MJ/いりい田口匠が	472,897	_	112,575	_	360,322	_	_	_
101-3016 3600111163		412,031		112,373		300,322			
Debt securities held *	持有債務證券*								
- Included in trading securities	-納入持作交易用途之證券	150,215		64.998	27,994	52,191	5,032	_	
Included in financial assets	- 納入指定為通過損益以	130,213	_	04,000	21,004	32,131	3,032		_
designated at fair value	反映公平價值之金融資產								
through profit or loss	人	700,281			194,456	197,527	226,046	82,252	
- Included in available-	- 納入可供出售證券	700,201	_	_	134,430	137,327	220,040	02,232	_
for-sale securities	的八門灰山石砬分	11,770,575		257.602	1,068,518	3,538,098	5,753,168	1,135,770	17,419
Included in loans and receivable	一納入貸款及應收款項	3,745,286	_	237,002	1,000,010	420,194	3,325,092	1,130,770	17,413
- Included in held-to-	納入員私及應收私項 納入特至到期投資	3,743,200	_	_	_	420,134	3,323,032		_
	一網八付王封别仅貝	005 500					E00 177	207.412	
maturity investments		895,590					588,177	307,413	
		17,261,947	_	322,600	1,290,968	4,208,010	9,897,515	1,525,435	17,419
		,,,		,	.,	.,200,010	-,,-10	.,020,.30	,
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證								
- Stated at amortised cost	- 按攤銷成本列賬	960,181	-	20,000	791,981	141,400	6,800	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> The amount of debt securities held included certificate of deposits held.

<sup>\*</sup> 持有債務證券的金額已計入持有存款證。

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

		The Bank 本行 2007 二零零七年							
					Over 1	Over 3 months but	Over 1 year but		
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5	Undated or
		Total	on demand	month	months	year	years	years	overdue
					一個月以上	三個月以上	一年以上		無定期
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	一年以內	五年以內	五年以上	或逾期
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產								
Cash and short-term funds Placements with banks maturing	現金及短期資金 一至十二個月到期之	7,023,909	646,228	6,377,681	-	-	-	-	-
between one and twelve months	銀行同業放款	740,990	_	_	584,992	155,998	_	_	_
Trading securities	持作交易用途之證券	32,195	-	14,981	156	8,975	3,873	4,210	-
Financial assets designated at	指定為通過損益以反映								
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融資產	878,955	-	-	-	-	564,610	314,345	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具 安氏贷款消消值	955,904	1 057 401	4 625 555	2 224 600	2 041 060	7 720 005	0.252.007	955,904
Advances to customers less impairment Other assets	各户貝	26,835,845 610,560	1,057,401	4,625,555 470,637	2,224,689 60,574	2,941,960 60,487	7,720,995 18,862	8,252,807	12,438
Available-for-sale securities	可供出售證券	17,230,441	_	230,967	255,233	7,115,365	5,614,917	3,611,927	402,032
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	4,259,323	50,161	434,668	681,245	3,090,836	0,014,017	0,011,027	2,413
Undated assets	無定期資產	1,610,581	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,610,581
		60,178,703	1,753,790	12,154,489	3,806,889	13,373,621	13,923,257	12,183,289	2,983,368
LIABULTIO	<b>5 /</b>								
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Deposits and balances of banks	<b>負債</b> 銀行同業之存款及結餘	1,457,840	380,108	1,077,732					
Deposits from customers	歌17 四未之行		10,277,711		4,033,857	1,280,682	510,012	162,862	_
Trading liabilities	交易脹項下之負債	11,673	10,277,711	20,104,407	-,000,007	7,035	1,033	3,605	_
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映	,				.,	.,	-,	
fair value through profit or loss	公平價值之金融負債	220,446	-	-	-	-	-	220,446	-
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	2,161,650	-	306,450	243,300	1,611,900	-	-	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,593,177	-	-	-	92,200	1,438,890	62,087	-
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	804,740	-	-	-	-	-	-	804,740
Other liabilities	其他負債	6,445,561	-	5,058,098	868,827	518,636	-	1 000 000	-
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,622,652	71 116	202 077	7,012	24.264	-	1,622,652	4 002
Amounts due to subsidiaries Undated liabilities	應付附屬公司款項 無定期負債	500,452 428,545	71,116 -	393,977 -	7,012	24,264 -			4,083 428,545
		56,646,317	10,728,935	31,970,714	5,152,996	3,534,717	1,949,935	2,071,652	1,237,368
Net liquidity gap	流動資金缺口淨額		8,975,145	19,816,225	1,346,107	(9,838,904)	(11,973,322)	(10,111,637)	

Derivative financial instruments are carried at mark-tomarket values. Note 21(d) includes further information on the remaining maturity of derivatives, including interest rate swaps, by notional amount.

# (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(i) Analysis of assets and liabilities by remaining maturity (continued)

# 50. 財務風險管理(續)

# (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(i) 按剩餘期限分析之資產及負債(續)

		The Bank 本行 2007 二零零七年									
		Total	Repayable on demand	Within 1 month	Over 1 month but within 3 months 一個月以上	Over 3 months but within 1 year 三個月以上	Over 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上	Over 5 years	Undated or overdue 無定期		
		總額 HK\$'000 千港元	即時還款 HK\$'000 千港元	一個月內 HK\$'000 千港元	三個月以內 HK\$'000 千港元	一年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	五年以內 HK\$'000 千港元	五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	或逾期 HK\$'000 千港元		
Of which: Certificate of deposits held - Included in available-for-sale securities	<b>其中:</b> <b>持有存款證</b> 一納入可供出售證券	268,901	-	-	120,124	-	148,777	-	-		
Debt securities held * - Included in trading securities - Included in financial assets designated at fair value	持有債務證券* 一納入持作交易用途之證券 一納入指定為通過損益以 反映公平價值之	32,195	-	14,981	156	8,975	3,873	4,210	-		
through profit or loss - Included in available-	金融資產一納入可供出售證券	878,955	-	-	-	-	564,610	314,345	-		
for-sale securities		16,852,859	-	230,967	255,233 255,389	7,115,365 7,124,340	5,614,917 6,183,400	3,611,927	24,450		
Certificates of deposit issued  - Stated at amortised cost	<b>已發行存款證</b> 一按攤銷成本列賬	2,161,650	-	306,450	243,300	1,611,900	-	-	-		

The amount of debt securities held included certificate of deposits held

<sup>\*</sup> 持有債務證券的金額已計入持有存款證。

## (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(ii) Analysis of non-derivative liabilities by contractual maturities

The following contractual cash flow projections of the Group's financial liabilities, and off-balance sheet exposures analysed by the remaining period as at balance sheet dates to the contractual maturity dates. The balances in the tables below will not agree directly to the balances in the consolidated balance sheet as the table incorporates all cash flows, on an undiscounted basis, related to both principal as well as those associated with all future interest and coupon payments.

## 50. 財務風險管理(續)

## (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

(ii) 按合約到期日作出之非衍生負債分析

下列為按結算日至合約到期日之剩餘期 限分析之本集團金融負債及資產負債表 外風險之合約現金流預期。下表結餘將 不會直接等同於綜合資產負債表之結 餘,因為下表包含與全部未來票息付款 之本金及相關款項有關之所有現金流(根 據未折現基準)。

The Group						
本集團						
2008						
二零零八年						

		Total	Repayable on demand	Within 1 month	Over 1 month but within 3 months 一個月以上	Over 3 months but within 1 year 三個月以上	Over 1 year but within 5 years 一年以上	Over 5 years
		總額 HK\$'000	即時還款 HK\$'000	一個月內 <b>HK\$'000</b>	三個月以內 HK\$'000	一年以內 <b>HK\$′000</b>	五年以內 <b>HK\$'000</b>	五年以上 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities Deposits and balances of banks	<b>金融負債</b> 銀行同業之存款及結餘							
		2,013,374	303,773	1,510,941	110,746	87,914	-	-
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	48,263,266	10,088,743	24,488,771	9,934,515	3,506,290	224,822	20,125
Trading liabilities	交易脹項下之負債	116,348	-	-	111,766	151	4,431	-
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	685,057	-	3,260		-	51,782	630,015
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	988,817	-	20,168	799,601	155,027	14,021	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,943,178	-	45,045	35,407	1,524,142	295,872	42,712
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,595,923	-	1,515	3,194	14,994	26,200	1,550,020
Other liabilities	其他負債	3,508,766	30,667	1,869,513	349,446	559,944	699,147	49
		59,114,729	10,423,183	27,939,213	11,344,675	5,848,462	1,316,275	2,242,921
Off-balance sheet exposures  - Contingent liabilities	<b>資產負債表外風險</b> 一或然負債	717,833		717,833		_	_	
- Commitments	- 承擔	13,166,603	12,950,349	216,254	_	_	_	_
Communicity	ין רני	13,100,000	12,000,010	LIVILUT				
		13,884,436	12,950,349	934,087	-	-	-	-

## (c) Liquidity risk management (continued)

(ii) Analysis of non-derivative liabilities by contractual maturities (continued)

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險管理(續)

The Group 本集團

(ii) 按合約到期日作出之非衍生負債分析 (續)

					4 集圏			
					2007			
				-	_零零七年			
					Over 1	Over 3	Over 1	
					month but	months but	year but	
			Repayable	Within 1	within 3	within 1	within 5	Over 5
		Total	on demand	month	months	year	years	years
					一個月以上	三個月以上	- 年以上	
		總額	即時還款	一個月內	三個月以內	一年以內	五年以內	五年以上
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Financial liabilities	金融負債							
Deposits and balances of banks	銀行同業之存款及結餘							
	2111 210-11 3/12 (20)	1,462,505	380,113	1,082,392	_	_	_	_
Deposits from customers	客戶存款	41,754,111	10,278,169	25,317,334	4,085,691	1,340,156	559,023	173,738
Trading liabilities	交易脹項下之負債	12,526			82	7,278	1,601	3,565
Financial liabilities designated at	指定為通過損益以反映公平價值							
fair value through profit or loss	之金融負債	520,000	-	_	-	-	_	520,000
Certificates of deposit issued	已發行存款證	2,243,399	-	319,626	253,619	1,654,394	15,760	-
Debt securities issued	已發行債務證券	1,743,577	-	17,804	3,167	153,147	1,495,628	73,831
Subordinated notes issued	已發行後償票據	1,857,746	-	7,836	14,203	67,340	208,387	1,559,980
Other liabilities	其他負債	6,878,396	-	5,355,719	860,536	650,881	11,260	-
		56,472,260	10,658,282	32,100,711	5,217,298	3,873,196	2,291,659	2,331,114
Off-balance sheet exposures	資產負債表外風險							
- Contingent liabilities	一或然負債	1,564,140	_	1,564,140	_	_	_	_
- Commitments	- 承擔	11,587,444	11,277,895	309,549	_	_	_	_
Communication	ין יין	11,007,744	11,211,000	000,040				
		13,151,584	11,277,895	1,873,689	-	-	-	-

# (d) Operational risk management

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Operational risks arise from the Group's daily operation and fiduciary activities. An appropriate and robust Operational Risk Management Policy and related framework has been developed, based on the HKMA guidelines, to facilitate the timely identification, effective assessment and mitigation of material and relevant risks. Through this framework, the management oversight for risk exposures, especially in the prioritisation and allocation of limited risk mitigating resources, can further be strengthened.

# (d) 營運風險管理

營運風險是指因不充足或缺乏效率之內部程序、人員或制度或外在事故,致使產生損失的風險。營運風險產生自本集團之日常營運及信託業務。為提升察覺時間性、有效地評估及減低重大和相關風險,已根據金管局之指引建立適當及健全之營運風險管理政策及相關框架。透過該框架,管理層對風險之監察,尤其是對有限之減低風險資源之優先取捨及分配便能夠進一步加強。

#### (d) Operational risk management (continued)

The board of directors, through the Risk Management Committee, is aware of the major aspects of the bank's operational risks as a distinct risk category that should be managed. The Committee performs regular review and approves the operational risk framework, risk profiles, policies and guidelines. The Committee also plays an active role in monitoring the progress of implementation of mitigating measures for the risk events identified, including Business Continuity Planning, Key Risk Indicator monitoring and Basel II implementation.

Internal controls, an integral part of a sound operational risk management framework, are maintained by the established departmental operational manuals which provide guidance on the baseline controls to ensure a controlled and sound operating environment. Each new product or service introduced is subject to a rigorous risk review and sign-off process where all relevant risks are identified and assessed by departments independent of the risk-taking unit proposing the product or services. Variations of existing products or services are also subject to a similar process. Departments are required to report any risk events and failings promptly through a reporting mechanism, as well as to review their control procedures regularly to ensure compliance of the regulatory and industry requirements.

The Bank's internal audit and compliance departments play an essential role in monitoring and limiting the Group's operational risk. The primary focus of internal audit and compliance is:

- to independently evaluate the adequacy of all internal controls,
- to ensure adherence to the operating guidelines, including regulatory and legal requirements, and
- to pro-actively recommend improvements

In order to ensure total independence, internal audit reports directly to the Audit Committee of the board as well as indirectly to the chief executive.

## (e) Capital management

The HKMA sets and monitors capital requirements for the Group as a whole. In addition to meeting the regulatory requirements, the Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (d) 營運風險管理(續)

透過風險管理委員會,董事會已注意到本行之營運風險作為一項單獨之風險類別的主要情況,須對此進行管理。該委員會定期審閱及批准營運風險框架、風險簡述、政策及指引。對於所發現之風險事故所採取之緩和措施(包括業務延續性規劃、主要風險指標監察及巴塞爾新資本協定之落實)方面,該委員會在監察該等緩和措施的實施進度上亦發揮積極之作用。

內部控制作為穩健營運風險管理框架之重要部分,已按照所建立之部門營運手冊(載有基本控制之指引,確保一個受控制且穩健的營運環境)而實施。各新產品或服務須進行嚴格風險檢討,並於建議該產品或服務之獨立風險管理部門定義及評估所有相關風險完成後,方可引進。更改現有產品或服務亦須受類似程序限制。部門須透過滙報機制迅速報告任何風險事故及不善之處,同時定期檢討其控制程序,以確保符合監管及行業規定。

本集團之內部審核及合規部門在監察及限定 本集團營運風險方面具重要作用。內部審核 及監察主要專注於:

- 獨立評估所有內部控制是否適當;
- 確保遵守營運指引,包括監管機構之規 定及法例規定;及
- 主動提出改善建議。

為確保完全之獨立性,內部審核部門直接向 董事會審核委員會與及間接向行政總裁負責。

#### (e) 資本管理

金管局設立及監管本集團之整體資本規定。 除達至監管規定外,本集團管理資本之主要 目標為保證本集團之持續經營能力,從而透 過與風險水平相當之產品與服務定價及確保 能夠以合理成本融資,持續為股東提供回報 及向其他權益持有人提供利益。

#### (e) Capital management (continued)

The principal forms of capital are included in the following balances on the consolidated balance sheet: share capital, share premium, reserves and subordinated notes issued. Capital also includes the collective impairment allowances held in respect of advances to customers and the regulatory reserve.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

The process of allocating capital to specific operations and activities is undertaken by the Asset and Liability Committee and is reviewed regularly by the board of directors.

Consistent with industry practice, the Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of its capital adequacy ratio and there have been no material changes in the Group's policy on the management of capital during the year.

The capital adequacy ratios are computed on the consolidated basis of the Bank and certain of its subsidiaries as specified by the HKMA for its regulatory purposes, and are in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance which became effective on 1 January 2007.

The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the years ended 31 December 2008 and 2007, and were above the minimum required ratio set by the HKMA.

#### 51. IMMEDIATE PARENT AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2008, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group is Fubon Financial Holding Company Limited, which is incorporated in the Republic of China.

#### **52. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS**

In preparing these financial statements, certain assumptions and estimates have been made by management of the Group. The accuracy of these assumptions and estimates are continuously reviewed by management with reference to actual results, historical experience and other factors, including projection of future cash flows and possible outcomes from future events. Management believes that the assumptions and estimates made are reasonable and supportable.

Note 47 contains information about the assumptions and risk factors relating to fair value of financial instruments. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

#### 50. 財務風險管理(續)

#### (e) 資本管理(續)

資本的主要形式包括以下於綜合資產負債表 的餘額:股本、股份溢價、儲備及已發行後 償票據。資本亦包括與客戶貸款相關之綜合 減值撥備及法定儲備。

本集團積極及定期審閱及管理其資本結構,並在可能以高借貸水平所產生的較高股東回報,以及良好資本狀況所提供之優勢與擔保之間保持平衡,並就經濟狀況之變動對資本結構作出調整。

分配資本予特殊業務與活動之過程由資產及 負債委員會進行,並由董事會定期審查。

為遵守行業慣例,本集團根據資本充足比率 監管其資本結構,年內本集團之資本管理政 策並無重大變動。

資本充足比率乃根據本行及其由金管局為其 監管目的而指定之若干附屬公司之綜合基準 計算,並遵守自二零零七年一月一日起生效 之香港《銀行業條例》之《銀行業(資本)規則》。

截至二零零八年及二零零七年十二月三十一 日止整個年度本集團及其自主監管業務均符 合全部外在施加之資本規定,並高於金管局 頒佈之最低比率規定。

#### 51. 直接母公司及最終控股公司

於二零零八年十二月三十一日,董事認為,本集 團的直接母公司及最終控股方為富邦金融控股股份有限公司。該公司於中華民國註冊成立。

# 52. 會計估計及判斷

本集團的管理層於編製此等財務報告時作出若干假設及估計。管理層參照實際結果、歷史經驗及包括未來現金流預期及未來事件之可能後果在內之其他因素,對該等假設及估計之準確性持續進行檢討。管理層相信該等假設及估計為合理及可接受。

附註47有有關該等假設及與金融工具的公平價值 有關的風險因素的資料。其他不明朗因素估計的 主要來源載列如下:

#### **52. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS** (continued)

#### (a) Impairment losses

#### Advances to customers

Loan portfolios are reviewed periodically to assess whether impairment losses exist. Management makes judgements as to whether there is any objective evidence that a loan portfolio is impaired, i.e. whether there is a decrease in estimated future cash flows. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that the payment status of borrowers in a group has adversely changed. It may also include observable data of local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group. If management has determined, based on their judgement, that objective evidence for impairment exists, expected future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those of the Group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data.

Management reviews the methodology and assumptions used in estimating future cash flows regularly to reduce any difference between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

#### Available-for-sale equity securities

The Group determines that available-for-sale equity securities are impaired when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below cost. The determination of when a decline in fair value is significant or prolonged is judgmental by nature, so profit and loss could be affected by differences in this judgment.

## (b) Fair value determination

The Group determines the fair values for the financial assets and liabilities which are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices whenever possible. If such quoted market prices are not available or an active market does not exist, the Group determines the fair values based on internally developed models which make use of market parameters, including interest rate yield curves, historical and/or implied option volatilities, currency rates, prices of the underlying instruments, and the net assets of the obligors. Model assumptions and correlation among these parameters can affect the estimates of the fair values of these financial instruments.

#### 52. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (a) 減值虧損

#### 客戶貸款

定期為貸款組合進行檢討以評估是否存在減值虧損。管理層就是否存在客觀證據表明貸款組合已減值,即估計之未來現金流量是回來,作出判斷。減值之客觀證據包括表明客戶群中借款人付款狀況出現不利變化產有觀測數據,亦可包括與拖欠本集團資產有關之當地經濟條件之可觀測數據。倘管理層基於其判斷確定存在減值之客觀證據,則以往實際損失對預計之未來現金流量進行估計。該過往損失則基於現時可觀察之數據再進行調整。

管理層定期對估計未來現金流量所使用之方 法及假設進行檢討以減少虧損估計與實際損 失之間之差異。

#### 可供出售股本證券

於公平價值出現重大或持續下跌至低於成本數額時,本集團確定可供出售股本證券減值。確定何時公平價值的下跌低於成本數額而於合理時期內不可收回則須按其性質予以判斷,故溢利及虧損可能因所作判斷之差異而受到影響。

## (b) 公平價值釐定

本集團釐定金融資產及負債之公平價值時, 盡量以該等資產及負債於市場報價作公平價值列賬。倘無法獲得市場報價或沒有流通的 市場,本集團則會利用利率收益曲線、歷史 及/或引伸認股權波幅、滙率、相關金融產 品之價格及債務人之淨資產等市場參數並利 用內部計價模式而釐定該等資產或負債之公 平價值。所作出的假設及該等參數間之相關 性均可影響該等金融工具公平價值之估計。

#### **52. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS** (continued)

#### (c) Held-to-maturity investments

The Group classified non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity and where the Group has a positive intention and ability to hold to maturity as held-to-maturity investments. In making this judgement, the Group evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments till maturity.

If the Group fails to hold these investments to maturity other than in certain specific circumstances, the Group will have to reclassify the entire portfolio of held-to-maturity investments as available-for-sale.

This would result in held-to-maturity investments being measured at fair value instead of at amortised cost.

#### (d) Other accounting estimates

Judgement has been exercised in determining the amount which may be payable to customers in respect of complaints or legal claims arising from the sale of investment products. A charge has been recognised in the income statement representing amounts paid and an estimate of future amounts which could be payable.

# 53. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTING PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Up to the date of issue of the financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the accounting year ended 31 December 2008 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements.

The Group is in the process of making assessment of the expected impact of these amendments, new standards, new interpretations and additional disclosures in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that their adoption is unlikely to result in a restatement of the Group's results of operations and financial position.

In addition, the following developments are expected to result in amended disclosures in the financial statements, including restatement of comparative amounts in the first period of adoption:

## 52. 會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (c) 持至到期投資

本集團將固定或可確定付款金額和固定到期日,且本集團有意及能力持有至到期日的非衍生金融資產,列作持有至到期投資。在作出有關判斷時,本集團會評估本身是否有意及能力持有此等投資至到期日。

若本集團未能持有此等投資至到期日(因若干特殊情況者除外),本集團會將整個持至到期日的投資組合重新列作可供銷售。

因此, 持至到期投資會改以公平價值計量, 而非按攤銷成本計量。

#### (d) 其他會計估計

於釐定可能就出售投資產品產生的投訴或法 律索償而應付予客戶的金額時進行了判斷。 有關支出已於收益表確認為已付金額及可能 應付的未來金額估計數。

# 53. 已公佈但於截至二零零八年十二月三十一日 止年度之會計期間尚未生效之修訂、新準則 及詮釋之可能影響

於此等財務報告公佈日,香港會計師公會已公佈 若干修訂、新準則及詮釋。該等修訂、準則、詮 釋於截至二零零八年十二月三十一日止會計年度 尚未生效,此等財務報告亦未予採納。

本集團現正評估於期間首次採用該等修訂、新準 則、新詮釋及額外披露之預期影響。迄今為止本 集團認為採納彼等應不會對本集團之營運業績及 財務狀況帶來重大影響。

此外,預期以下準則將會導致對財務報告的披露 資料作出修訂,包括於首次採納期間重列比較數額:

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列各期或之後開始的會計期間生效

HKFRS 8, Operating segments

HKAS 1(revised 2007), Presentation of financial statements

香港財務報告準則第8號「經營分類」

香港會計準則第1號(經修訂,二零零七年) 「金融工具之呈列」 1 January 2009 二零零九年一月一日 1 January 2009 二零零九年一月一日