UNAUDITED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION 未經審核補充財務資料

(A) CONSOLIDATION BASIS FOR REGULATORY DISCLOSURES

The capital ratio is computed on a consolidated basis which combines the position of the Bank and Fubon Credit (Hong Kong) Limited as required by the HKMA for regulatory purposes.

The basis of consolidation for accounting purposes is in accordance with the HKFRSs and is different from the basis and scope of consolidation for the calculation of capital ratios. Subsidiaries that are included in the consolidation for accounting purposes but not included in the consolidation for the calculation of capital ratios are set out below:

(A) 監管披露之綜合基準

資本比率乃按金管局就監管目的要求的綜合本行 與富邦財務(香港)有限公司的狀況按綜合基準計 算。

作會計目的之綜合基準乃依據香港財務報告準則 制定,但有別於計算資本比率之綜合基準及範 圍。就會計用途綜合計入而計算資本比率時未綜 合計入之附屬公司載於如下:

		As at 31 December 2019		As at 31 December 2018	
		於二零一九年十二月三十一日		於二零一八年十二月三十一日	
Name of subsidiaries	Principal activities	Total assets	Total equity	Total assets	Total equity
附屬公司名稱	主要業務	資產總額	權益總額	資產總額	權益總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
FB Securities (Hong Kong) Limited	Securities broking	194,286	116,653	172,289	103,956
富銀證券(香港)有限公司	證券經紀				
Fubon Insurance Brokers Limited	Insurance broker services	1,889	1,064	3,219	1,529
富邦保險顧問有限公司	保險經紀服務				
Fubon Nominees (Hong Kong) Limited	Nominee service	4,134	143	3,982	142
	代理人服務				
Admiralty Finance Company Limited	Dormant	63	63	63	63
海富財務有限公司	不活躍				
Aquarius (Nominees) Limited	Dormant	6	6	6	6
	不活躍				
FB Investment Management Limited*	Fund management	N/A	N/A	11,135	8,644
富銀投資管理有限公司*	基金管理	不適用	不適用		
		200,378	117,929	190,694	114,340

^{*} The Bank disposed its entire shareholding of FB Investment Management Limited in February 2019 and therefore FB Investment Management Limited is not included in the consolidation for accounting purpose as at 31 December 2019.

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本行於二零一九年二月出售了富銀投資管理有限公司的全部股權,因此於二零一九年十二月三十一日,富銀投資管理有限公司並未就會計用途而綜合計入。

(A) CONSOLIDATION BASIS FOR REGULATORY DISCLOSURES (continued)

No subsidiaries are excluded from both the accounting scope of consolidation and the regulatory scope of consolidation. There are also no subsidiaries which are included within the regulatory scope of consolidation but not included within the accounting scope of consolidation.

The Bank's shareholdings in the above subsidiaries are deducted from CET1 capital in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules ("Capital Rules"). There is no relevant capital shortfall in any of the Bank's subsidiaries which are not included as part of the consolidation group for the calculation of capital ratio.

The Group maintains a regulatory reserve, as disclosed in Note 30, to satisfy the provisions of the HKBO for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve are made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the HKMA.

In accordance with the Capital Rules, the Group has adopted the "standardised approach" for the calculation of risk-weighted assets for credit risk and market risk and the "basic indicator approach" for the calculation of operational risk.

The Group disclosed the full terms and conditions of its capital instruments as of the end of the reporting period in its website (https://www.fubonbank.com.hk) under the page "Regulatory Disclosures" in accordance with section 16FE of the BDR.

The leverage ratio, countercyclical capital ratio and liquidity maintenance ratio are computed on the same consolidation basis as the capital ratio.

(A) 監管披露之綜合基準(續)

概無附屬公司既未被納入會計的綜合基準,亦未 被納入監管目的的綜合基準。亦概無附屬公司被 納入監管目的的綜合基準但未被納入會計的綜合 基準。

本行於上述附屬公司之股權乃根據《銀行業(資本)規則》(「資本規則」)自普通股本一級資本中扣除。 於計算資本比率時不計作綜合集團一部分之本行 附屬公司中,並無有關資本短欠。

本集團已根據香港《銀行業條例》以嚴謹監管的規定維持法定儲備(如附註30所披露)。該儲備之變動乃在諮詢金管局之意見後直接透過保留溢利作出。

按照資本規則,本集團已採用「標準化方法」計算 信貸風險及市場風險之風險加權資產以及採用 「基本指標方法」計算營運風險。

本集團根據《銀行業(披露)規則》第16FE條於其網站(https://www.fubonbank.com.hk)「監管披露」頁面披露其截至報告期末的資本工具的全部條款及條件。

槓桿比率、逆週期資本比率及流動性維持比率均 按與資本比率相同的綜合基準計算。

(B) FURTHER ANALYSIS ON ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS ANALYSED BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

Advances to customers analysed by industry sector and the coverage of collateral is as follows. The economic sector analysis is based on the categories and definitions used by the HKMA.

(B) 按行業分類的客戶貸款的進一步 分析

按行業及有抵押貸款的客戶貸款分析如下。經濟 行業分析乃基於金管局所採用的類別及定義。

		31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日		31 December 2018 二零一八年十二月三十一日	
			% of	7,11	% of
		Gross	gross loans	Gross	gross loans
		advances to	covered by	advances to	covered by
		customers	collateral	customers	collateral
			有抵押之貸款		有抵押之貸款
		客戶貸款	佔貸款總額之	客戶貸款	佔貸款總額之
		總額	百分比	總額	百分比
		HK\$'000		HK\$'000	
		千港元		千港元	
Gross advances for use in Hong Kong	在香港使用的貸款總額				
Industrial, commercial and financial	工商金融				
- Property development	一物業發展	4,767,242	14.29	4,311,798	16.05
- Property investment	一物業投資	8,710,970	66.24	8,230,920	92.29
- Financial concerns	一金融企業	2,243,493	3.56	2,734,051	2.93
- Stockbrokers	- 股票經紀	1,714,513	48.36	1,051,310	43.08
- Wholesale and retail trade	一批發及零售業	778,689	32.37	501,723	27.20
- Manufacturing	-製造業	2,053,959	19.79	1,582,124	8.35
- Transport and transport equipment	-運輸及運輸設備	282,605	52.32	154,633	94.40
 Information technology 	- 資訊科技	374,438	-	615,749	-
 Electricity and gas 	一電力及煤氣	550,212	-	356,792	-
- Others	一其他	3,676,258	33.74	3,651,717	35.08
Individuals	個人				
- Loans for the purchase of flats under the	-購買「居者有其屋計劃」、				
Home Ownership Scheme, Private	「私人參建居屋計劃」				
Sector Participation Scheme and	及「租者置其屋計劃」				
Tenants Purchase Scheme or	或其各自的後繼計劃				
their respective successor schemes	的樓宇的貸款	4,061	100.00	4,635	100.00
 Loans for the purchase of other 	- 購買其他住宅物業的				
residential properties	貸款	9,018,440	100.00	9,376,721	100.00
 Credit card advances 	- 信用卡貸款	819,809	-	872,000	-
- Others	一其他	4,051,517	35.60	4,491,341	32.90
		39,046,206		37,935,514	
Trade finance	貿易融資	4,784,320	18.53	4,745,559	17.43
Gross advances for use outside Hong Kong	在香港以外使用的貸款總額	8,765,814	1.46	5,248,797	4.74
Gross advances to customers	客戶貸款總額	52,596,340	39.71	47,929,870	46.84

(B) FURTHER ANALYSIS ON ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS ANALYSED BY INDUSTRY SECTOR

(continued)

Analysis of the Group's impaired advances in respect of industry sectors which account for 10% or more of gross advances to customers:

(B) 按行業分類的客戶貸款的進一步 分析(續)

按行業分析佔客戶貸款總額10%或以上的本集團 減值貸款如下:

31 December 2019	二零一九年十二月三十一日	Overdue advances 逾期貸款 HK\$'000	Impaired advances 減值貸款 HK\$'000	Individual impairment allowances* 個別 減值機備* HK\$'000	Collective impairment allowance* 綜合 減值撥備* HK\$'000	本年度於損益 脹內(撥回)/ 扣除之撥備 HK\$'000	Loans written off during the year 年內撒賬 之貸款 HK\$'000
	V - W- 1= - N=	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Property investmentLoans for the purchase of other	一物業投資 一購買其他住宅物業的貸款	55,186	3,598	-	13,444	8,810	-
residential properties	- 脾貝共他住七初未可貝孙	79,403	_	_	3,616	2,990	
- Gross advances for use outside	-在香港以外使用的貸款總額	,			-,	_,	
Hong Kong		-	-	-	27,207	2,456	23,097
31 December 2018	二零一八年十二月三十一日	Overdue advances 逾期貸款 HK\$°000 千港元	Impaired advances 減值貸款 HK\$*000 千港元	Individual impairment allowances* 個別 減值發備* HK\$'000 千港元	Collective impairment allowance* 综合 減值撥備* HK\$'000 千港元	Provisions (released back)/ charged to the profit or loss during the year 本年度於損益 賬內(撥回)/ 扣除之撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Loans written off during the year 年內撒賬 之貸款 HK\$'000 千港元
- Property investment	-物業投資	64,245	24,336	-	4,634	2,496	
- Loans for the purchase of other	- 購買其他住宅物業的貸款						
residential properties – Gross advances for use outside	- 在香港以外使用的貸款總額	61,853	-	-	626	(1,801)	-
- Gross advances for use outside Hong Kong	一位省准以外使用的貝承總額	42,090	42,090	42,090	5,758	(11,991)	_

^{*} For the purpose of regulatory disclosures made in the Unaudited Supplementary Financial Information, the term "individual impairment allowances" represents impairment allowances recognized for financial assets categorized as Stage 3 under the Group's accounting policies, while "collective impairment allowance" represents impairment allowances recognized on financial assets categorized as Stage 1 and Stage 2 under the Group's accounting policies.

就於未經審核補充財務資料作出的監管披露而言, 「個別減值撥備」指本集團會計政策下分類為第三階 段的金融資產確認的減值撥備,而「綜合減值撥備」 本集團會計政策下分類為第一階段及第二階段的金 融資產確認的減值撥備。

(C) OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS

(i) Overdue advances to customers

(C) 逾期及經重組資產

(i) 逾期客戶貸款

		31 December 2019		31 December 2018	
		二零一九年十二	月三十一日	二零一八年十二	月三十一日
			% of gross		% of gross
		HK\$'000	advances	HK\$'000	advances
			佔貸款總額		佔貸款總額
		千港元	之百分比	千港元	之百分比
Gross advances to customers which have	客戶貸款總額之本金或				
been overdue with respect to either principal or interest for periods of:	利息有逾期:				
- 6 months or less but over 3 months	一六個月或以下惟				
	三個月以上	17,934	0.04	38,450	0.08
- 1 year or less but over 6 months	年或以下惟				
	六個月以上	10,668	0.02	62,049	0.13
- Over 1 year	-超過一年	147,847	0.28	132,733	0.28
		176,449	0.34	233,232	0.49
Covered portion of overdue advances	逾期客戶貸款的				
to customers	有抵押部分	18,725		28,776	
Uncovered portion of overdue advances	逾期客戶貸款的				
to customers	無抵押部分	157,724		204,456	
		176,449		233,232	
Individual impairment allowances in	就逾期超過三個月之				
respect of advances overdue for	貸款所作之個別				
more than three months	減值撥備	156,179		192,690	

Advances to customers with a specific repayment date are classified as overdue when the principal or interest is overdue and remains unpaid at the year-end. Loans repayable by regular instalments are treated as overdue when an instalment payment is overdue and remains unpaid at year end. Loans repayable on demand are classified as overdue either when a demand for repayment has been served on the borrower but repayment has not been made in accordance with the demand notice, and/or when the loans have remained continuously outside the approved limit advised to the borrower for more than the overdue period in question.

有指定還款期的客戶貸款在其本金或利息逾期並於年末仍未支付時被分類為已逾期。分期付款償還的貸款在部分分期貸款已逾期且於年末仍未支付時被視為已逾期。按要求償還的貸款在借款人收到償還要求但並無根據要求通知還款及/或在貸款已持續超出已知會借款人的獲批准的限額,而超出已知會借款人所核准限額的時間比貸款逾期的時間更長時分類為已逾期。

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(C) OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS (continued)

(ii) Rescheduled advances to customers

Rescheduled advances to customers are those advances to customers which have been restructured or renegotiated because of deterioration in the financial position of the borrower, or of the inability of the borrower to meet the original repayment schedule and for which the revised repayment terms are non-commercial to the Group. Rescheduled advances to customers are stated net of any advances to customers that have subsequently become overdue for over 3 months and can be analysed as follows:

(C) 逾期及經重組資產(續)

(ii) 重定還款期的客戶貸款

重定還款期的客戶貸款是指由於借款人財政 狀況轉壞或無法按原定還款期還款,而被重 定還款期的或重新議定的客戶貸款,而經修 訂的還款計劃對於本集團屬非商業條款。重 定還款期的客戶貸款乃扣除已隨後逾期超過 三個月的任何客戶貸款列賬,並可分析如下:

31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日		31 December 2018 二零一八年十二月三十一日		
% of gross HK\$'000 advances		HK\$'000	% of gross	
千港元	估貸款總額 之百分比	千港元	估貸款總額 之百分比	
3,264	0.01	4,684	0.01	

Rescheduled advances to customers

重定還款期的客戶貸款

(iii) Geographical analysis of overdue advances to customers

Analysis of the Group's overdue advances to customers in respect of geographical segment which account for not less than 10% of gross advances to customers:

(iii) 按地區分析的已逾期客戶貸款

按地區分部分析本集團已逾期客戶貸款(佔客戶貸款總額不足10%):

31 December 2019							
	二零一九年十二月三十一日						
		Impaired					
Gross	Overdue	loans	Individual				
advances to	advances to	(individually	impairment				
customers	customers	determined)	allowances				
	已逾期	減值貸款					
客戶貸款總額	客戶貸款	(個別釐定)	個別減值撥備				
HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000				
千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元				
43,301,898	103,547	98,050	87,893				
7,662,895	-	-	-				
1,631,547	72,902	72,902	72,902				
52,596,340	176,449	170,952	160,795				

Hong Kong香港China中國Other其他地區

(C) OVERDUE AND RESCHEDULED ASSETS (continued)

(C) 逾期及經重組資產(續)

(iii) Geographical analysis of overdue advances to customers (continued)

(iii) 按地區分析的已逾期客戶貸款(續)

			31 December 2018				
			二零一八年十二月三十一日				
			Impaired				
		Gross	Overdue	loans	Individual		
		advances to	advances to	(individually	impairment		
		customers	customers	determined)	allowances		
			已逾期	減值貸款			
		客戶貸款總額	客戶貸款	(個別釐定)	個別減值撥備		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元_		
Hong Kong	香港	40,441,972	117,473	117,472	92,158		
China	中國	6,752,584	42,090	42,090	42,090		
Other	其他地區	735,314	73,669	73,669	62,628		
		47,929,870	233,232	233,231	196,876		

The above geographical analysis is classified by the location of the borrowers after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when a loan is guaranteed by a party situated in an area different from the counterparty.

The collective impairment allowance is not allocated to any geographical segment as at 31 December 2019 and 2018.

以上地區分析按借款人所在地,經計及風險 轉移後而劃定。一般而言,若貸款的擔保人 所處地區與交易對手不同,則風險轉移至擔 保人的所在地區。

於二零一九年及二零一八年十二月三十一日,概無綜合減值撥備分派予任何地區分部。

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(D) INTERNATIONAL CLAIMS

The Group's country risk exposures in the tables below are prepared in according to the location and types of the counterparties as defined by the HKMA under the BDR. International claims are on-balance sheet exposures to counterparties based on the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk, and represent the sum of cross-border claims in all currencies and local claims in foreign currencies.

International claims attributable to individual countries or areas not less than 10% of the Group's total international claims, after recognized risk transfer, are shown as follows:

(D) 國際債權

下表為本集團對國家的風險分析,乃按照金管局根據《銀行業(披露)規則》所界定的對手方所在地及類別分類。國際債權為對手方在資產負債表內風險承擔,按對手方的所在地作出分類,並已計及風險轉移因素後,其總和包括所有貨幣之跨國債權及本地之外幣債權。

個別國家或地區分部並已計及已確認風險轉移後 佔本集團國際債權總額不少於10%之國際債權載 列如下:

		31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日				
Figures in HK\$ million	百萬港元	Banks 銀行	Official sector 官方機構	Non-bank financial institution 非銀行 金融機構	Non- financial private sector 非金融 私人機構	Total
Counterparty country/jurisdiction	對手方國家/司法權區		H70 MAII		1-17 4 104 117	,
Developed countries	發達國家	8,230	18	357	479	9,084
Offshore centres – of which: Hong Kong	離岸中心 一其中:香港	252 180	11 11	2,226 2,029	18,112 17,133	20,601 19,353
Developing Asia and Pacific – of which: China	發展中亞洲及太平洋地區 一其中:中國	10,196 6,013	329 329	2,570 2,570	14,594 13,858	27,689 22,770
Figures in HK\$ million	百萬港元	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institution	Non- financial private sector	Total
		銀行	官方機構	非銀行 金融機構	非金融 私人機構	總額
Counterparty country/jurisdiction	對手方國家/司法權區					
Developed countries	發達國家	10,548	17	75	160	10,800
Offshore centres – of which: Hong Kong	離岸中心 一其中:香港	1,026 158	-	2,939 2,624	13,399 12,688	17,364 15,470
Developing Asia and Pacific						

(E) NON-BANK MAINLAND CHINA EXPOSURES

The analysis of non-bank Mainland exposures includes the exposure of the Bank and Fubon Credit (Hong Kong) Limited on the basis agreed with the HKMA.

(E) 中國內地非銀行業之風險

31 December 2019 二零一九年十二月三十一日

中國內地非銀行業之風險(包括本行及富邦財務(香港)有限公司)按與金管局協議的基準作出分析。

		— =	70 1 1 — 71 — 1	H
		On-balance	Off-balance	
		sheet	sheet	
		exposure	exposures	Total
		資產負債表內	資產負債表外	
		之風險承擔	之風險承擔	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Central government, central	中央政府、中央政府			
government-owned entities and their	擁有之實體以及其			
subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JVs")	附屬公司及合營公司	14,334,945	186,896	14,521,841
Local governments, local	地方政府、地方政府			
government-owned entities and	擁有之實體以及其			
their subsidiaries and JVs	附屬公司及合營公司	2,949,321	-	2,949,321
Companies incorporated in and PRC	於中國內地註冊成立之			
nationals residing in Mainland China	公司及居住於中國			
	內地之中國公民	6,106,794	176,201	6,282,995
Companies incorporated outside and	於授出之信貸用於			
PRC nationals residing outside	中國內地之中國內地			
Mainland China where the credit is	以外地區註冊成立之			
granted for use in Mainland China	公司及居住於有關			
	地區之中國公民	3,375,043	135,030	3,510,073
Other counterparties where the	本行認為其風險為			
exposures are considered by the	中國內地非銀行業之			
Bank to be non-bank Mainland	風險之其他交易對手			
China exposures		_		_
Total	總額	26,766,103	498,127	27,264,230
Total assets after provision	資產總值(扣除撥備)	110,987,016		
On-balance sheet exposures as	資產負債表內之風險承擔			
percentage of total assets	佔資產總值之百分比	24.12%		

(E) NON-BANK MAINLAND CHINA EXPOSURES (continued) (E) 中國內地非銀行業之風險(續)

			B1 December 2018 一八年十二月三十一 Off-balance sheet exposures 資產負債表外 之風險承擔 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	中央政府、中央政府擁有 之實體以及其附屬公司 及合營公司	10,635,306	27,869	10,663,175
Local governments, local government-owned entities and	地方政府、地方政府擁有 之實體以及其附屬公司	10,033,306	27,009	10,003,173
their subsidiaries and JVs Companies incorporated in and PRC nationals residing in Mainland China	及合營公司 於中國內地註冊成立之 公司及居住於中國內地	2,599,533	_	2,599,533
Companies incorporated outside and PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	之中國公民 於授出之信貸用於 中國內地之中國內地 以外地區註冊成立之 公司及居住於有關	5,235,852	229,317	5,465,169
Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the Bank to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	地區之中國公民 本行認為其風險為 中國內地非銀行業之 風險之其他交易對手	1,723,578	156,002	1,879,580
Total	·····································	20,194,269	413,188	20,607,457
Total assets after provision	資產總值(扣除撥備)	102,547,037	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	資產負債表內之風險承擔 佔資產總值之百分比	19.69%		

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(F) CURRENCY CONCENTRATION

(F) 外幣持盤量

The Bank's net positions in foreign currencies are disclosed as follows when each currency constitutes 10% or more of the respective total net position in all foreign currencies:

本行個別外幣的淨持有額若佔所持有外匯淨盤總額總淨額10%或以上,則披露如下:

		3				
		二零一九年十二月三十一日				
			Other foreign	Total foreign		
Equivalent in HK\$ Million	百萬港元等值	US dollars	currencies	currencies		
		美元	其他外幣	外幣總額		
Spot assets	現貨資產	40,716	7,686	48,402		
Spot liabilities	現貨負債	(35,295)	(7,395)	(42,690)		
Forward purchase	遠期買入	9,572	4,098	13,670		
Forward sales	遠期賣出	(15,494)	(4,349)	(19,843)		
Net option position	期權倉盤淨額	-	-	_		
Net (short)/long position	(短)/長盤淨額	(501)	40	(461)		

二零一八年十二月三十一日 Other foreign Total foreign US dollars **Equivalent in HK\$ Million** 百萬港元等值 currencies currencies 美元 其他外幣 外幣總額 現貨資產 Spot assets 34,825 10,872 45,697 Spot liabilities 現貨負債 (29,362)(9,521)(38,883)Forward purchase 遠期買入 7,646 3,458 11,104 Forward sales 遠期賣出 (11,400)(4,771)(16, 171)期權倉盤淨額 Net option position 1 Net long position 長盤淨額 1,710 38 1,748

The net option position is calculated on the basis of the delta-weighted position of option contracts. The Bank has no structural foreign currency position as of 31 December 2019 and 2018.

期權倉盤淨額乃根據期權合約的「得爾塔加權持 倉」為基準計算。截至二零一九年及二零一八年 十二月三十一日,本集團並無結構性外幣倉盤。

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(G) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Bank is committed to high standards of corporate governance, and has fully complied throughout the year with the guidelines on "Corporate Governance of Locally Incorporated Authorised Institutions" and "Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System" issued by the HKMA.

(H) KEY COMMITTEES

The Board of Directors (the "Board") has established five Board committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities comprising the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Committee, Executive Credit Committee and Executive Committee. In addition, a number of management level committees have been set up by the Board to oversee the effectiveness of the Bank's daily operations including, the Management Steering/Business Committee, Asset and Liability Committee, Internal Control Committee, Credit Committee, Information Technology Steering Committee and Compliance & Anti-Money Laundering Committee. The composition and function of these committees are set out below:

(i) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises four members including one Non-Executive Director and three Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Audit Committee is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director who has appropriate accounting professional qualifications. The committee meets at least four times a year and additionally when deemed necessary.

The Audit Committee is required to ensure that there is adequate supervision of the Bank's financial reporting processes, systems of internal control, and that the internal audit function is effective and backed by adequate resources and has appropriate standing within the Bank. It is also required to ensure that there is coordination between the internal and external auditors, to monitor compliance with internal policies, statutory regulation, and to consider recommendations made by the internal and external auditors.

The Audit Committee reviews the Bank's financial reporting process, the systems of internal control, the internal audit function and the risk management process. In particular, the review undertaken by the Audit Committee on the internal audit function includes the Internal Audit Charter and its approval, the annual audit plan, internal audit reports and special investigation reports issued, and ensuring that appropriate management actions are taken following the major audit findings.

The Audit Committee also reviews the appointment of external auditors and discusses with them the nature and scope of their audits. The Audit Committee also reviews the interim and annual financial statements before recommending them to the Board for approval.

(G)企業管治

本行致力實行高水平企業管治,並於本年度一直 遵守金管局頒佈之「本地註冊認可機構的企業管治 指引」及「穩健的薪酬制度指引」。

(H) 主要委員會

董事會已成立五個董事委員會以協助董事會行使 其職責,該等委員會包括審核委員會、提名及薪 酬委員會、風險委員會、執行信貸委員會及執行 委員會。此外,董事會亦成立了若干管理級別委 員會以監督本行日常運作之有效性,該等委員會 包括管理督導/業務委員會、資產負債委員會、 內部監控委員會、信貸委員會、資訊科技督導委 員會以及合規及反洗黑錢委員會。該等委員會之 構成及職能載列如下:

(i) 審核委員會

審核委員會由四名成員組成,包括一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。審核委員會由擁有適當之會計專業資格之獨立非執行董事任主席。該委員會每年最少舉行四次會議,並在有需要時舉行額外會議。

審核委員會須確保對本行之財務申報程序及內部監控制度進行足夠之監管,使內部審核職能可在有效及充足資源下在本行內訂立適當地位,並確保內部及外聘核數師互相協調,以監控遵守內部政策及法規,並考慮內部及外聘核數師提出之建議。

審核委員會須檢討本行之財務報告程序、內部監控系統、內部審核職能及風險管理程序。尤其是在內部審核職能的檢討工作方面,該委員會的審核範圍包括內部審核規章及其批准、年度審核方案、已發佈之內部審核報告及特別調查報告,確保管理層對審核所發現之主要問題作出適當之補救行動。

審核委員會亦對外聘核數師之委任進行檢討,並與其就審計之性質及範圍進行討論。 審核委員會亦將於向董事會建議批准中期及 年度財務報告之前審閱有關報告。

(ii) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director and comprises the Non-Executive Chairman, Non-Executive Vice Chairman and all the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Bank. The committee meets periodically and as required and provides oversight of the management of the Bank's human resources including the appointment of Directors (for both executive and non-executive), Senior Management and Management Committee Members. The committee approves the Bank's overall human resources management framework to ensure that the Bank is in compliance with the applicable government regulations and follows the market best practice whenever feasible. The committee is also responsible to ensure that Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and Management Committee Members appointed possess the necessary and appropriate qualifications to perform and discharge their duties.

The committee regularly reviews whether each existing Director continues to remain qualified for his post. It also reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board and makes recommendations on any proposed change to the Board.

The committee reviews and approves the remuneration of Directors, members of Board Committees, Senior Management and Key Personnel (as defined in the Remuneration Policy of the Bank).

The committee is mandated to assist the Board in establishing cultural and behavioural standards that promote prudent risk-taking and fair treatment of customers and employees. It advises and assists the Board in discharging its responsibilities for the Bank's culture-related matters.

(iii) Risk Committee

The Risk Committee comprises five members including one Executive Director, one Non-Executive Director and three Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Risk Committee is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director who has extensive banking experience. The committee meets at least four times a year and additionally when deemed necessary. Its mandate is to establish the Bank's overall risk appetite and to ensure a proper risk management framework is in place. The committee also oversees Senior Management's implementation of the Bank's risk policies.

(H) 主要委員會(續)

(ii) 提名及薪酬委員會

提名及薪酬委員會由本行的獨立非執行董事 任主席並由本行的非執行主席、非執行副主 席及全體獨立非執行董事組成。該委員會財 需要定期舉行會議,以及監查本行人力資源 管理層及管理委員會成員。該委員會亦設 管理層及管理委員會成員。該委員會亦設立 等可的整體人力資源管理框架以確保本 守政府相關規定及在任何可能情況下遵循市 場最佳常規。該委員會亦負責確保獲委任董 事、行政總裁及管理委員會成員擁有必要及 適當的資格以履行彼等的職責。

該委員會定期審視每位現任董事的資格以確 定其繼續符合擔任其職務。其亦審視董事會 結構、規模及組成並向董事會作出適切建議。

該委員會審閱及批准董事、董事會轄下的委員會成員、高級管理層及主要員工的薪酬(定義見本行薪酬政策)。

委員會獲授權協助董事會制定本行的企業文 化和行為準則,以配合本行審慎的風險承擔 和公平對待客戶及員工的原則。委員會建議 並協助董事會履行對企業文化等相關事宜的 責任。

(iii) 風險委員會

風險委員會由五名成員組成,包括一名執行董事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。風險委員會由具豐富銀行經驗之獨立非執行董事擔任主席。委員會每年最少舉行四次會議,並在有需要時舉行額外會議。其職責為建立本行的整體風險承受能力及確保本行已建立一個合適的風險管理框架,以及監管高級管理層實施本行的風險政策。

(iii) Risk Committee (continued)

The Risk Committee will annually review and endorse the Bank's risk appetite statement and risk management strategies. It will oversee the establishment and maintenance by Senior Management of appropriate infrastructure, resources and systems for risk management, particularly in relation to compliance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and adherence to the approved risk appetite and related policies, and the adoption of best practices wherever feasible.

The Risk Committee is required to ensure that the staff responsible for implementing risk management systems and controls are sufficiently independent of the risk taking units in the Bank.

(iv) Executive Committee

The Executive Committee comprises the Non-Executive Chairman, Non-Executive Vice Chairman and the Executive Director of the Bank. It will exercise the powers and authorities delegated by the Board from time to time concerning the management and day-to-day running of the Bank. The Executive Committee will meet periodically and as required and will operate as a general management function under the auspices of the Board.

(v) Executive Credit Committee

The Executive Credit Committee ("ECC") comprises the Non-Executive Chairman, Non-Executive Vice Chairman and the Executive Director of the Bank. It has the delegated authority to approve credit proposals, credit policies and other credit related matters which require the approval of the Board. The ECC meets regularly and as required.

(vi) Management Steering/Business Committee

The Management Steering Committee and the Management Business Committee (together "the Committees") are both chaired by the Bank's CEO, and comprises senior management personnel appointed by the CEO. The Committees are the key decision making bodies for the Bank and are responsible mainly for the running of the Bank's day to day business under the authority delegated by the Board and within the strategy and business plan as approved by the Board. The Committees are also responsible for the formulation of the Bank's business strategies and major bank-wide initiatives for the Board's approval. The Committees meet weekly on an alternate basis to evaluate and approve new business initiatives, coordinate business and support units during the implementation process, monitor the progress. The Committees also monitor the implementation of the approved business strategies and, review the achievement of business targets, objectives and the financial performance of the Bank.

(H) 主要委員會(續)

(iii) 風險委員會(續)

風險委員會將每年審查及確認本行的風險承 受能力聲明及風險管理策略。其將監察由高 級管理層就風險管理所制定及維持的適當基 礎設施、資源及系統,尤其是遵守相關法律 及監管規定以及經批准的風險承受能力及有 關政策,並於可行情況下採取最佳常規。

風險委員會須確保負責實施風險管理系統及 監控的員工及充分獨立於本行的風險承擔部 門。

(iv) 執行委員會

執行委員會由本行非執行主席、非執行副主席及執行董事組成,並行使由董事會不時委託的有關本行管理及日常營運之權力及職權。執行委員會定期及於有需要時舉行會議,並於董事會的支持下監控董事會的一般管理職能。

(v) 執行信貸委員會

執行信貸委員會由本行非執行主席、非執行 副主席及執行董事組成。該委員會獲授權批 核須獲董事會批准的信貸建議、信貸政策及 其他信貸相關事項。執行信貸委員會定期及 於需要時召開會議。

(vi) 管理督導/業務委員會

(vii) Asset and Liability Committee

The Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO") comprises the Bank's CEO, Chief Financial Officer and senior management personnel as appointed by the CEO. The ALCO is responsible for providing oversight of the Bank's operations relating to interest rate risk, market risk and liquidity risk (collectively known as "financial risks") as well as capital management. The ALCO initiates, reviews and endorses for the approval of the Risk Committee of the Board the Bank's policies on financial risks and capital management. It approves guidelines relating to such policies, reviews and approves all major financial risk management reports. The ALCO also oversees the Bank's investment activities by establishing investment strategies within policies laid down by the Risk Committee of the Board and reviews actual performance.

(viii) Internal Control Committee

The Internal Control Committee ("ICC") comprises the Bank's CEO, Executive Vice Presidents, Head of Control & Risk Management and the heads of different control, business and support functions. The responsibilities of the committee include providing oversight of the Bank's exposure to operational and legal risks, ensuring the Bank has in place an effective internal control framework, providing guidance to the Bank in establishing a sound internal control and monitoring system to ensure overall compliance within the Bank.

To ensure an effective internal control framework is in place, the ICC reviews policies and approves guidelines relating to internal control and management of operational and legal risks, receives and discusses reports submitted by various risk management units and promotes internal control culture. To maintain an adequate system of internal control, the ICC reviews and discusses major operational risk events, and the progress of rectification of audit findings and control self-assessment.

(ix) Credit Committee

The Credit Committee ("CC") meets weekly and its mandate is to provide oversight of the Bank's credit risk management. The CC is chaired by the Bank's CEO, and consists of senior executives of the Bank.

The CC reviews and endorses credit policies and credit risk profile of the Bank for ECC's approval, and reviews and approves credit related guidelines. The CC also reviews and approves requests for credit facilities that are within the CC's authority as delegated by the Board, and reviews and endorses requests for credit facilities before their submission to the ECC for approval.

(H) 主要委員會(續)

(vii)資產負債委員會

資產負債委員會由本行的行政總裁、財務長及行政總裁所委任的高級管理人員組成。委員會負責監查本行有關利率風險、市場園險及流動資金性風險(統稱為[財務風險」)的及資本管理。該委員會啟動、,以與軍事會風險委員會批准。其批准有關該等險時指引,審閱及批准所有重大財務風險管理報告。資產負債委員會亦透過在董事會的與報告。資產負債委員會亦透過在董事會的以監督本行的投資活動以及檢討實際表現。

(viii)內部監控委員會

內部監控委員會由本行的行政總裁、執行副 總裁、監控及風險管理部主管以及各控管、 業務及後勤部門主管組成。該委員會負責監 督本行面臨之營運及法律風險、確保本行備 有行之有效內部監控架構、及提供指引為本 行建立良好的內部監控及監督系統,以確保 本行整體之合規性。

為確保推行有效的內部監控架構,內部監控委員會審閱及批核與內部監控以及管理營運及法律風險有關的政策及指引、省覽及討論各風險管理單位提交的報告以及推動內部監控文化。為了維持充足的內部監控制度,內部監控委員會審視及討論主要營運風險事件,以及源自審計報告及監控自我評估之改善推展。

(ix) 信貸委員會

信貸委員會每周舉行會議及獲授權監察本行 的信貸風險管理。該委員會由本行行政總裁 任主席,由本行高級行政人員組成。

信貸委員會審閱及批准本行信貸政策及信貸 風險狀況,以供執行信貸委員會批准,以及 審閱及批准信貸相關指引。該委員會亦在董 事會授權內審閱及批准信貸融資申請,或審 閱及提交執行信貸委員會以供批核。

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(ix) Credit Committee (continued)

The CC will also conduct on-going reviews on the market environment and make necessary policy recommendations to the ECC to ensure the credit risk profile of the Bank is within the established risk appetite. In this regard, the CC will provide periodic and timely credit related management and stress testing reports to the ECC for review.

(x) Information Technology Steering Committee

The Information Technology Steering Committee is chaired by the Bank's CEO, and comprises senior management personnel as appointed by the CEO. The committee is responsible for providing oversight of the Bank's key information technology governance objectives. The committee approves the Bank's information technology related guidelines; approves long and short term information technology strategies to ensure they are in line with the Bank's business strategy and priorities; approves funding and determines prioritization of information technology enabled investment projects; discusses status of key projects and risk issues escalated from its sub-committee; and manages major information technology risk issues and corresponding remediation. The committee meets on a monthly basis and upon ad hoc call by the committee chairman.

(xi) Compliance & Anti-Money Laundering Committee

The Compliance & Anti-Money Laundering Committee ("CAMLC") comprises the Bank's CEO, Executive Vice Presidents, Head of Compliance & Anti-Money Laundering and the heads of different control, business and support functions. The responsibilities of the CAMLC include providing oversight of the Bank's exposure to compliance risks and compliance activities to ensure the Bank is in compliance with applicable regulatory requirements and Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing ("AML/CFT") requirements. The CAMLC provides guidance to the Bank and senior management in establishing a professional compliance control and monitoring system to cultivate a strong compliance culture and ensures the Bank has an effective compliance framework in place to meet regulatory requirements. In addition, the CAMLC also reviews and approves guidelines relating to compliance and AML/CFT. The CAMLC will report to Risk Committee on key issues discussed and approved.

To maintain the Bank's overall regulatory compliance standards, the CAMLC reviews latest developments in regulatory compliance and AML/CFT requirements applicable to the Bank.

(H) 主要委員會(續)

(ix) 信貸委員會(續)

信貸委員會會就市場環境進行持續檢討,並 向執行信貸委員會提出所須的政策建議,以 確保本行的信貸風險維持於既定風險承受能 力之內。就此而言,信貸委員會會定期及適 時地向執行信貸委員會提供信貸相關管理及 壓力測試報告以供審閱。

(x) 資訊科技督導委員會

資訊科技督導委員會由本行的行政總裁任主席,由行政總裁所委任的高級管理人員組成。該委員會負責監督本行的主要資訊科技管治方針。該委員會會批準銀行的沒資訊報技相關指引;批准長期及短期資訊報及優先權;批准資金及釐定資訊科技投資項目的優先權;批准資金及釐定資訊科技投資項目的優優先權;批准資金及釐定資訊科技投資與自主要項制持,以及管理主要資會與關稅,以及管理主要資會每月人間會議並在委員會主席特別要求時舉行臨時會議並在委員會主席特別要求時舉行臨時會議。

(xi) 合規及反洗黑錢委員會

為保持本行的整體監管合規水平,合規及反 洗黑錢委員會審閱本行適用的監管規例的最 新進展。

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